The New-York Times.

VOL. XII—NO. 3627. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1863. PRICE THREE CENTS.

FROM HOOKER'S ARMY.

The Troops Back in Their Old Encampments.

A Dispatch from Secretary Stanton.

The Main Operations Not Successful, but the Army Still Efficient.

Offensive Operations to be Speedily Resumed.

⅔ More than One-Third the Force Engaged in the Late Battles.

Estimates of Our Losses and Those of the Rebels.

STONEMAN'S GREAT RAID.

An Official Confirmation of its Complete Success.

THE JAMES RIVER CANAL DESTROYED.

Arrival of a Portion of the Force at Yorktown.

DISPATCH FROM SECRETARY STANTON.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Friday, May 8.

The following dispatch from the Secretary of War has just been received by Gov. CURTIN:

WASHINGTON, May 8, 1863.

To the Governor of Pennsylvania:

The President and the General-in-Chief have just returned from the Army of the Potomac.

The principal operations of Gen. HOOKER failed, but there has been no serious disaster to the organization and efficiency of the army.

It is now occupying its former position on the Rappahannock, having recrossed the river without any loss in the movement.

Not more than one-third of Gen. HOOKER'S force was engaged.

Gen. STONEMAN'S operations have been a brilliant success. Part of his force advanced to within two miles of Richmond, and the enemy's communications have been cut in every direction.

The Army of the Potomac will speedily resume offensive operations. EDWIN M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

THE RAID OF STONEMAN'S CAVALRY.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Thursday, May, 7.

Gen. STONEMAN'S Aid-de-Camp, Capt. SUMNER, is just in. He left his chief this morning, having disarranged all the enemy's railroad communications between this and Richmond, and one party having extended their operations to James River, destroying the canal, &c. Three regiments of his command left to destroy the railroad bridge across the Chickahominy, with instructions to go into Yorktown.

YORKTOWN, Va., Thursday, May 7.

Col. KILPATRICK, with the Harris Light cavalry, Thirteenth Illinois cavalry, &c., have just arrived at Gloucester Point, having accomplished the object of their mission fully, and most gallantly they approached to within three miles of Richmond, and destroyed a large amount of property and bridges.

DISPATCH FROM GEN. KING.

WASHINGTON, Friday, May 8.

The following was received at the Headquarters of the Army this afternoon:

YORKTOWN, Va., May 7, 1863.

To Maj.-Gen. Halleck:

Col. KILPATRICK, with his regiment, the Harris Light cavalry, and the rest of the Twelfth Illinois, have just arrived at Gloucester Point, opposite this post.

They burned the bridges over the Chickahominy, destroyed three large trains of provisions in the rear of Lee's army, drove in the rebel pickets to within two miles of Richmond, and have lost only one Lieutenant and 20 men, having captured and paroled over 300 prisoners.

Among the prisoners was an aid of Gen. WINDER, who was captured with his escort far within the intrenchments outside of Richmond.

This cavalry have marched nearly 200 miles since the 30 of May. They were inside of the fortifications of Richmond on the 4th, burned all the stores at Aylett's Station, on the Mattapony, on the 5th; destroyed all the ferries over the Pamunky and Mattapony, and a large depot of commissary stores near and above Rappahannock, and came in here in good condition.

They deserve great credit for what they have done. It is one of the finest feats of the war.

RUFUS KING,
Brigadier-General Commanding this Post.

THE REBEL LOSSES.

WASHINGTON, Friday, May 8.

It is stated that Gen. DIX telegraphs from Fortress Monroe that in an extra of the Richmond *Dispatch* of the 6th, found on a prisoner, was a pencil note, indorsed by a rebel Surgeon in one of the hospitals, to his wife, stating that the rebel loss was 18,000 in the late battles.

Nearly 1,000 of our wounded arrived to-day from Aquia Creek. They have been distributed among the hospitals in Washington and vicinity.

GEN. HOOKER'S MOVEMENTS.

From the Washington Star, May 7.

The storm that commenced on Monday evening and continued throughout Tuesday was at its height yesterday, evidently warned Gen. HOOKER—whose movement was necessarily made with only eight days' supplies, carried by the men (which were then nearly consumed,) and without trains—of the imminent danger, that unless he promptly sought his camps the elements would put a stop to his operations; the railroad communication with Aquia Creek having been destroyed by the floods for twelve hours at Brook's Station before he determined to recross the river.

In the course of all the fighting throughout Saturday, Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, the enemy had not ventured a general engagement with his army, only a portion of which was in action at any one time, and on no occasion with as great loss as he inflicted upon the rebels. Nevertheless, as it became evident that this greatest storm of the season would surely cut off his supplies of all descriptions, if he remained on the south side of the river awaiting an opportunity to induce the enemy to risk a general engagement, he evidently had left him, but the only alternative of returning, for the time being, to where his supplies could readily reach him.

Yesterday Gen. MILROY captured a rebel officer, on whose person was found a fresh dispatch from Gen. LEE, stating that his (rebel) loss had been fearful.

The destruction of the railroad and turnpike bridges south of Fredericksburg by BURNSIDE'S force, has surely placed the rebel army in a worse position for supplies than our own is at this time, as HOOKER is now where his communications are already reestablished, while theirs (with Richmond) must continue unavailable for weeks to come, necessitating them to scatter or fall back in a body, it seems to us.

Gen. HOOKER brought off with him, we may add, an aggregate of 2,500 prisoners.

OUR SPECIAL ARMY CORRESPONDENCE.

LETTERS FROM FALMOUTH.

CAMP NEAR FALMOUTH, Thursday Evening, May 7, 1863.

The army of Gen. HOOKER is again back in the positions held by its different divisions previous to the late advance. The whole of the regiments, together with all the batteries of artillery, have effected their return by the date of this writing. Wagon trains, ammunition trains, etc., are also again in their old park ground. Our loss of arms during the various engagements was small, and none of our wagons or supplies have been captured or destroyed by the enemy. Gen. BURNY and Gen. GRAHAM lost their personal baggage and mess stores, together with their teams and wagons, on the advance line on Saturday, when ordered to fall back to the position they occupied previous to their advance to outflank the Eleventh Corps.

The army, notwithstanding the horrible roads they had to pass over in returning from Chancellorsville in their old camps, are in the very highest condition and spirits. Not a word of murmur has been heard from a single officer or man. As Gen. HOOKER and Staff passed by the various regiments, after they had crossed to this side of the river, they were hailed with the most enthusiastic shouts and acclamations, indicating anything but despondency or a decrease of confidence in their commander. They are ready to follow him again at any moment, to even more desperate fields than those on which they have just fought. One would have thought, to see the troops marching back during the last two days, that they had been on a gala parade instead of in a series of sanguinary battles, so cheerful were their spirits, so firm was their tread, and so eager were they for renewed action. The difference between the condition of the army on this day, and its condition on the day in December last of its retreat from Fredericksburgh, is very striking. Then every soldier knew they had had a disaster; now no one thought anything of the kind. It took months to retrieve their morale after Fredericksburgh; the morale now is perfect. Not a single soldier was lost in recrossing the river. We have had no stragglers. Not a man has tried to smooth away or desert, or get out of the ranks on any plea whatever. Aquia Creek, the grand depot of embarkation, is to-day freer from idle or straggling soldiers than it has ever been before.

Gen. SICKLES, also, was cheered by all the regiments as he passed along the lines with an enthusiasm equal to that which everywhere greeted Gen. HOOKER. His conduct on the field is the subject of universal admiration, by regulars and volunteers. He and his men faced the brunt of the battle, on Saturday and Sunday, at every point of the field and in every hour of the conflict, and never yielded an inch of ground to the enemy. Had the Eleventh corps held their position but an hour longer, Gen. SICKLES would have cut in twain the rebel army, dividing Stonewall JACKSON'S column completely from Lee's body. The losses of SICKLES' corps during the four days of battle, viz., Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday, average fully *thirty-three per cent.* of the force he brought into the field. The official returns of casualties in his corps foot up in the aggregate 4,874 killed, wounded and missing. The heaviest loss that occurred in any one of the brigades composing the corps was in the first brigade, First division, commanded by Brig.-Gen. CHARLES K. GRAHAM, of New-York. Out of 2,800 men, he lost close upon 800—not [more than one-eighth of] whom are classified as "missing." Gen. GRAHAM handled his men with great skill, and behaved personally with perfect gallantry, losing two horses under him. After Gen. WHIPPLE was wounded (since dead) Gen. GRAHAM was assigned to the command of WHIPPLE'S *old (Third) division.*

Col. STEVENS, commanding the Third regiment, Excelsior brigade, fell mortally wounded while leading his men to a charge upon the enemy's lines on Sunday morning. He was one of the most gallant soldiers and perfect gentlemen that ever lived, and, I believe, was from Dunkirk, in New-York State. When our army fell back to its defensive line near the Birk House on Sunday, his body was left on the field among the wounded and the dead whom we were compelled to abandon. Maj. H. E. TREMAINE, of Gen. SICKLES' Staff, was dispatched with a flag of truce to the enemy's lines for the purpose of recovering Col. STEVENS' body, as well as those of several other officers; but the rebel Commander refused him the privilege of entering their lines for that purpose.

The loss of the rebels is, at the least calculation, 25,000 men since the fight opened. They were so broken down by the struggle that they did not at all attempt to harass us when we recrossed the river. On Saturday afternoon, when JACKSON flanked us on the right, we opposed him with musketry, and at least 40 or 50 pieces of heavy artillery, which played incessantly upon his solid columns as they advanced. The enemy had little artillery with them, and what they had they could not get into position on this occasion, which circumstance will produce a vast disparity in the loss of the respective armies.

I am sure that I am safe in saying, from the official and other lists of casualties of the different corps engaged that have fallen under my eye, as well as from what I saw on the field during the progress of the engagments, that the rebel loss is at least one-third greater than ours. I estimate our losses—and I think this will be borne out by subsequent publications—at 16,000 men. The losses of SEDGWICK'S and SICKLES' corps is about 10,000. I write in great haste, and will to-morrow furnish you details of the latest movements and present position of affairs, together with some of the unrecorded incidents of the struggle.

FALMOUTH, VA., Thursday, May 7, 1863.

The losses of the Sixth Corps, in the fierce struggle which it has encountered during the present movement, amount to 6,070, or, as I first intimated, nearly one-third of the entire effective force of the whole corps. The coming in of stragglers may diminish this number to some extent, but all such on the other side will, of course, be captured.

Out of 2,300 of the Flying Division, only 900 are left to answer at the roll-call. SHALER'S brigade, of NEWTON'S division, lost 180 men.

In the fight of Sunday evening at Salem Heights, (4½ miles beyond Fredericksburgh,) Gen. BURNY'S division lost between eleven and twelve hundred men. This is the most sanguinary battle which has thus far been fought. The corps was proceeding rapidly forward to reinforce Gen. HOOKER on the right, when it encountered the enemy in the woods of Salem Heights. A prisoner, (it is said,) on being brought in on questioning as to the position of the rebel force said that there were none in this woods. BURNY'S division advanced boldly forward and were met with a terrific fire from the enemy, who were strongly intrenched in the forest. After a severe infantry fight the infantry withdrew, and we shelled the woods terrifically, causing the rebels to leave the woods, and we took possession of them. In the second fight at Salem Heights, (Monday evening,) when the enemy attacked us, an idea of the disparity between the forces may be obtained from the announcement of Gen. BURNSIDE, that "the emergency of the case is such, that a regiment must do the work of a brigade." The rebels charged, with terrific yells, but were successfully repulsed, when our men would fall back toward the river.

The Fifth Wisconsin and Sixty-first Pennsylvania supported one of our batteries, which did terrible execution on the charging enemy, and, falling back into a gully, were fired upon by our own guns.

The Forty-third New-York and Seventh Maine were left at the extreme right, near a cross-roads, to keep up a show, while the remainder of the corps retired across Banks' Ford. The force commenced crossing at 11 o'clock Monday night. The enemy succeeded in getting in the rear of the pickets of these two regiments, took them before they fired a gun, then moved down upon the Sixth Maine, which fired a volley, repulsing them, and then retreated to Banks' Ford, together with the Forty-third New-York, reaching it in safety, being obliged to make their way through brush and slashing. Hallowell Battery did fine execution, and lost but one man.

The rebels confidently expected to capture the whole corps. Its retreat was a masterly effort. The bridges over Banks' Ford, (built by the Fifteenth New-York Engineers,) over which they retreated, have been taken up. The whole army is safe on this side, the Fifth Army Corps covering the retreat.

We have captured not less than 17 guns.

The boys are in good spirits and there is no demoralization. Twelve or fifteen thousand will, I think, cover our total loss. The sky is very chilly this morning.

Lieut.-Col. CONNOR, Thirty-third New-York, was not wounded as first reported.

Lieut.-Col. HALE, Sixth Vermont, had his horse shot from under him. The Sixth captured four hundred prisoners. D. W. JUDD.

WOUNDED IN HOWE'S DIVISION.

THIRTY-THIRD NEW-YORK—COL. TAYLOR.

Samuel Larwood, Co. H—finger, slight.
John Prendford, Co. A—thigh.
1st Sergt. L. Metcalf, Co. E—face, flesh wound.
2d Lieut. Sylvester Porter, Co. H—right hitch, flesh.
E. P. Humphrey, Co. A—left thigh, slight.
John C. Robinson, Co. C—right thigh, slight.
John Riley, Co. L—left shoulder, severe.
Corp. Benj. Patterson, Co. I—right shoulder.
McGuire Roquett, Co. A—right forearm.
Wm. H. Piper, Co. F—chest.
Sergt. Michael O'Brien, Co. K—right arm.
Corp. John S. Taggart, Co. E—left arm.
Corp. Thos. H. Roach, Co. D—head.
Sergt. David Vandecurr, Co. D—abdomen.
Marion Smith, Co. C—forearm.
Corp. E. R. Watson, Co. F—right arm.
C. L. Truax, Co. E—left hip.
J. V. Hendricks, Co. E—left arm.
John E. Wanderlin, Co. C—left leg.
Corp. Benj. Mephan, Co. E—back.
Dyer W. Elsworth, Co. H—right hand, finger.
Marion Smith, Co. C—chest, slight.

FORTY-NINTH NEW-YORK, COL. RIPWELL, OF BUFFALO.

Chas. Roder, Co. D—left thigh.
George Krauser, Co. F—left finger.
John Kenna, Co. F—left thigh.
Wm. K. Kelly, Co. D—left thigh, severe.
Chas. Roder, Co. D—right hip, severe.
D. W. Park, 8th North Carolina—wounded and taken prisoner.
Lieut. Roseller, Co. D, 2d New-York—wounded and taken prisoner.
Corp. John Lapp, Co. G, 23d Penn.—head, slight.
Wm. Bates, Co. A, 110th Penn.—right foot, slight.
Robt. W. McKey, Co. G, 139th Penn.—left hand.
J. E. Doss, Co. H, 67th New-York—left leg.
Edward Felix, Co. C, 7th Massachusetts.
James Cahill, Co. A, 10th Massachusetts—leg.

TWENTIETH NEW-YORK, COL. VEGHRACK.

Frederick Walz, Co. G—right leg.
Corp. John Argis, Co. G—left shoulder, slight.
Corp. Shafer, Co. E—left shoulder, slight.
Wm. Stieul, Co. E—right leg, slight.
Corp. John Althoff, Co. E—right hand, slight.
Adam Jackers, Co. D—right arm, slight.
L. Kaiser, Co. C—right arm, slight.
Wm. E. Hamner, Co. D—abdomen, slight.
Anton Zubs, Co. C—head, slight.
Corp. John Loebbricker, Co. C—left hand, slight.
Peter Lentz, Co. H—right leg, slight.
Sergt. G. Stein, Co. I—right hand, slight.
Herman Fredrick, Co. G—right leg, slight.
D. Glockner, Co. B—right arm, slight.
Second Lieut. F. Schmid, Co. I—right thigh, slight.
Sergt. Otto Schmelock, Co. I—arm, slight.
E. Kubel, Co. A—right leg, slight.
Chas. Zellinski, Co. A—left fore-arm, slight.
Wm. Weskean, Co. K—left leg, slight.
Wm. Leind, Co. I—left thigh, slight.
Capt. H. R. Walter, Co. H—right leg, slight.
First Lieut. A. Hottewroth, Co. A—left hand, slight.

TWENTY-FIRST NEW-JERSEY.

Corp. Chas. E. Holden, Co. I—left hand, slight.
John F. McDowd—abdomen, severe.
John Cumming, Co. D—calf, slight.
Wm. Hanson, Co. E—right foot, slight.
John Meyrs, Co. B—left fore-arm, slight.
George Slover, Co. E—left fore-arm, slight.
Cornelius McMullin, Co. D—left hand, slight.
Jos. Rudock, Co. G—left leg, slight.
Richard Coddington, Co. C—right leg, slight.
Thos. H. Lee, Co. C—left arm, slight.
John Buck, Co. C—head.
G. Abbott, Co. C—hip.
Owen Carroll, Co. B—right shoulder, severe.
J. H. Messerole, Co. I—right finger, slight.
Chas. Allen, Co. B—left hand, slight.
George Harbost, Co. R—left forearm, slight.
Wm. Duncan, Co. D—head.
Ord. Sergt. Patrick Burk, Co. G—left thigh, slight.
Gideon Isley, Co. B—fore-arm, slight.
Capt. J. W. Van Kirner, Co. F—left foot, slight.

SEVENTH MAINE—(LIEUT.-COL. CONNORS, COMMANDING.)

Sergt. F. S. Haines, Co. G—left hand.
Corp. Chas. E. Withee, Co. B—left foot.
First Lieut. A. M. Benson, Co. E—left foot, slight.
J. E. Hasting, Co. B—thigh, slight.
H. L. Hanson, Co. E—left leg, slight.
Corp. C. R. Anderson, Co. B—right thigh, slight.
Jos. Malone, Co. E—right thigh, slight.
Ord. Sergt. A. J. Fogg, Co. K—right thigh, slight.
Thos. Milton, Co. K—arm, fracture.
Stephen Hancum, Co. K—left arm.

SECOND VERMONT.

George Zhublme, Co. G—arm, slightly.
Wm. Bundnell, Co. D—face, slightly.
Joseph Fuller, Co. F—face, severely.
L. H. Eustis, Co. H—head.
Jerome Cutler, Co. H—head.
Corp. Hiram P. Mathews, Co. K—head, severely.
First Lt. F. A. Gleason, Co. C—right arm, severely.
Corp. J. S. Spaulding, Co. G—left arm, slightly.
G. F. Walker, Co. G—head, slightly.
H. H. Tilly, Co. G—head.
W. W. Cook, Co. G—liver.

THIRD VERMONT.

M. Sanders, Co. I—face.
J. Landry, Co. K—left hand.
Second Lieut. R. Goodall, Co. G—left leg.
C. J. Inman, Co. G—right leg.
W. W. Grteley, Co. G—right arm.
First Lieut. R. Kennedy, Co. I—right side.
Ord. Sergt. A. Hall, Co. D—shoulder.
Ord. Sergt. Bell, Co. H—killed.
W. W. Hemman, Co. D—left arm.
N. Fuller, Co. D—face.
Frank Whitney, Co. E—killed.
D. Ellis, Co. E—right arm.
C. C. Meale, Co. C—right leg.

FOURTH VERMONT.

M. Lane, Co. C—chest.
G. W. Brown, Co. I—chest.
D. E. Dewey, Co. A—left arm.
Lodwick Underwood, Co. F—left hand.
Corp. L. H. Hunt, Co. F—left arm; slight.
E. C. Ball, Co. F—left leg.
E. Hams, Co. I—left arm.
H. Morgan, Co. G—right arm; slight.

FIFTH VERMONT—(LIEUT.-COL. BLUM, COMMANDING.)

Corp. Hiram D. Monroe, Co. E—left hand.
Corp. Jas. Teague, Co. A—right foot.
Corp. Lewis Hyall, Co. E—left thigh.
Corp. John Sullivan, Co. B.
Corp. C. B. Hemenway, Co. G—left shoulder.
G. T. Sweet, Co. B—hand.
H. H. Dowley, Co. G.
Charles Grimes, Co. F.

SIXTH VERMONT.

L. Shatrat, Co. K.
B. Shatrat, Co. K—right leg.
J. E. Shumery, Co. B.
C. W. Weare, Co. A.
H. Farrington, Co. B.
W. Yon, Co. G.
Corp. W. L. Livingston, Co. B.
F. J. Clark, Co. G.
William Tillerson, Co. B.
Luther Ainsworth, Co. H—since died.
Fred. Dolle, Co. E—shot dead.
Lieut. Crane, Co. E—side.
Corp. A. B. Hutchinson, Co. B—right arm.
F. Crane, Jr.—leg.
H. M. Washburn, Co. E—left thigh.
G. W. Kimball, Co. E—right arm.
L. Barns, Co. A—right thigh.
Ord. Sergt. J. C. Lazor, Co. F.
S. H. Jones, Co. C.
N. Archer, Co. C.

TWENTY-SIXTH NEW-JERSEY, COL. MORRISON—(SINCE UNDER ARREST.)

Charles Miller, Co. A.
R. M. Smith, Co. L.
A. Harvey, Co. F.
J. Place, Co. B.
E. Fraser, Co. D.
J. Rentford, Co. F.
H. C. Macumber, Co. B.
J. Taylor, Co. D.
G. String, Co. E.
Corp. W. Martin, Co. A.
Theodore Vroom, Co. A.
Corp. William Lewis, Co. B.
J. Gener, Co. K.
W. H. Parkhurst, Co. D.
J. J. Kinely, Co. B.
Corp. L. H. Bridger, Co. A.
Corp. J. D. Alexander.

CASUALTIES IN THE ELEVENTH CORPS.

KILLED, WOUNDED AND MISSING OF ELEVENTH CORPS, IN ACTION OF MAY 2, 1863.

First Division.

	Killed. Off'rs.	Killed. Men.	Wound'd. Off'rs.	Wound'd. Men.	Missing. Off'rs.	Missing. Men.	Total. Off'rs.	Total. Men.
Staff	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—
1st Brigade	4	19	11	91	9	443	24	544
2d Brigade	2	17	17	302	18	742	37	1061
Dicker'n Bat.	—	—	1	4	—	19	1	19
Totals	7	37	30	393	27	1170	64	1,624

SECOND DIVISION.

	Killed. Off'rs.	Killed. Men.	Wound'd. Off'rs.	Wound'd. Men.	Missing. Off'rs.	Missing. Men.	Total. Off'rs.	Total. Men.
Staff	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1st Brigade	4	35	19	196	3	224	26	455
2d Brigade	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in action	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Weidrich's Battery	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12
Total	4	35	19	196	3	224	26	455

THIRD DIVISION.

	Killed. Off'rs.	Killed. Men.	Wound'd. Off'rs.	Wound'd. Men.	Miss'g. Off'rs.	Miss'g. Men.	Total. Off'rs.	Total. Men.
1st Brigade	6	6	—	123	—	209	6	338
2d Brigade	6	36	14	174	9	241	29	451
Diker'n Bat'y	—	—	—	—	—	16	—	16
Total	12	42	14	297	9	467	35	806

RESERVE ARTILLERY.

	Kill'd. Off.	Kill'd. Men.	Wo'nd'd. Off.	Wo'nd'd. Men.	Miss'g. Off.	Miss'g. Men.	Total. Off.	Total. Men.
Hill's Battery	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
John's Battery	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	19
De Beck's Bat.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	18
Total	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	43

RECAPITULATION.

	Killed. Off'rs.	Killed. Men.	Wounded. Off'rs.	Wounded. Men.	Missing. Off'rs.	Missing. Men.	Total. Off'rs.	Total. Men.
1st Division	7	37	30	393	27	1170	64	1,624
2d Division	4	35	19	196	3	224	26	455
3d Division	12	42	14	254	9	467	35	1062
Reserve Art.	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	43
Total	23	102	63	843	39	1,861	125	3,184

WOUNDED OFFICERS IN WASHINGTON.

The following officers arrived in Washington on Thursday and reported to Dr. CURTIS: Lieut.-Col. Kilpatrick, 5th Ohio, right arm amputated and wounded in thigh; Col. Savage, 148th Pennsylvania; Major R. E. Cross, 5th New-Hampshire; Capt. G. F. Goodwin, 5th New-Hampshire; Capt. H. W. Marshal, 125th Pennsylvania, in leg; Lieut. A. Evans, 125th Pennsylvania, in leg; Lieut. A. Mills, 30th New-Jersey, sick; Capt. T. J. Halsey, 11th New-Jersey, in leg; Col. M. W. Lansburg, 74th New-York, in leg; Lieuts. C. Williams and E. Bennett, T. Morton, 51st Pennsylvania, Capt. G. H. Eastman, 123d Pennsylvania; Lieut. G. D. Fay, 5th New-Hampshire; Lieut. James C. Rourke, 28th Pennsylvania.

[Other lists will be found on the second page.]

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Friday, May 8.

CAPTURES BY STONEMAN.

Official confirmation has been received of the capture by STONEMAN'S cavalry of a battalion of Richmond troops sent out to investigate the cause of the non-arrival of the trains from Fredericksburgh.

THE TWENTIETH NEW-YORK COMING HOME.

The Twentieth New-York arrived here, to-day, from Falmouth, and will leave for New-York to-morrow. Although their term of service expired on *the 3d, the men patriotically refused to leave their* brigade until the battle was over.

REBEL PRISONERS TAKING THE OATH.

Sixty-five rebel prisoners to-day took the oath of allegiance, and expressed a desire to remain within our lines. Eight were from North Carolina, thirteen from Mississippi, thirty from Louisiana, nine from Alabama, and six from Virginia. More than one-fourth of the whole number captured will take the oath.

REPORTED DEATH OF LIEUT.-COL. MARTINDALE.

Lieut.-Col. MARTINDALE, brother of Gen. MARTINDALE, Military Governor of this city, is reported to be among the killed in the late engagements.

GOV. CURTIN VISITING THE ARMY.

Gov. CURTIN, accompanied by the Surgeon-General of Pennsylvania, leaves in a special boat to-morrow for the army, to look after wounded Pennsylvanians. He expresses himself greatly pleased with the perfect arrangements made by Surgeon-General HAMMOND for the care and treatment of the sick and wounded, and particularly with the plan now adopted, for which he has so long and earnestly contended, of sending all able to travel to hospitals in their own States.

THE INVALID CORPS.

Col. ROSS, of the Sixth Pennsylvania cavalry—lancers—has been detailed for special duty at the War Department, to organize the Invalid Corps.

RETURNED FROM RICHMOND.

Lieut.-Col. DUNN, brother of Hon. WM. MCKEE DUNN, of Indiana, is among the officers returned from Richmond.

ARRIVAL OF WOUNDED.

About 1,200 wounded arrived here, to-day, from Falmouth. They were distributed among the various hospitals.

COLORED TROOPS.

Five hundred colored men in this District have already enrolled their names for the regiment now forming here.

REVENUE DECISIONS.

The following decisions have been made by the Commissioners of Internal Revenue:

Manure purchased by farmers to maintain their lands in their present productive condition are to be considered as "expense," in estimating the income of farmers.

All silver or gold plate, except that belonging to religious societies, not kept for sale, should be assessed as provided in Schedule A, and billiard-tables kept for public use are equally subject to an annual tax of ten dollars, with those kept for private use, which is additional to the license tax.

Whenever income is derived partly from United States securities and partly from other sources, it will be proper that exemptions and deductions allowed by law shall, so far as practicable, be deducted from the income derived from the latter source, so as to give full effect to the provision of the law that income from United States Securities shall be taxed but one hundred and one-half per cent.

If a purchaser is bound by any covenant in his deed, either expressly or by legal implication, to pay the mortgage, the debt which the mortgage is given to secure becomes a part consideration of the grant, and the whole value of the estate conveyed is that to which a stamp should be appropriated. If, however, the grantee purchases only an equity redemption, and does not bind himself to pay off the mortgage or save the vendor harmless from responsibility for the mortgage debt, the mortgage debt forms no part consideration of the conveyance, and a stamp for that part of the value is not required.

Any person issuing an instrument not duly stamped, is liable to a penalty of $50. Persons holding such instruments are, under section 94, of act of July 1, 1862, authorized to affix and cancel the required revenue stamps, or the person who issued the instrument may affix and cancel the stamp after the issue of the instrument. In no case will an instrument not duly stamped be received in evidence in Court. On and after June 1, 1863, every instrument issued without being duly stamped, will be invalid and of no effect.

THE CONSCRIPTION LAW.

Important Proclamation by the President.

The Liability of Foreigners who Have Declared Their Intentions to Become Citizens.

No Plea of Alienage to be Received After Sixty-five Days.

WASHINGTON, May 6, 1863.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, The Congress of the United States, at its last session, enacted a law entitled "An act for enrolling and calling out the national forces, and for other purposes," which was approved on the 3d day of March last; and

Whereas, It is recited in the said act that there now exists in the United States an insurrection and rebellion against the authority thereof, and it is under the Constitution of the United States, the duty of the Government to suppress insubordination and rebellion, to guarantee to each State a republican form of government, and to preserve the public tranquility; and

Whereas, For these high purposes, a military force is indispensable, to raise and support which all persons ought willingly to contribute; and

Whereas, No service can be more praiseworthy and honorable than that which is rendered for the maintenance of the Constitution and the Union, and the consequent preservation of free government; and

Whereas, For the reasons thus recited it was enacted by the said statute that all able-bodied male citizens of the United States, and persons of foreign birth who shall have declared on oath their intentions to become citizens under and in pursuance of the laws thereof, between the ages of 20 and 45 years, with certain exceptions not necessary to be here mentioned, and declared to constitute the National forces, and shall be liable to perform military duty in the service of the United States, when called out by the President for that purpose; and

Whereas, It is claimed and in behalf of persons of foreign birth within the ages specified in said act, who have heretofore declared on oath their intentions to become citizens under and in pursuance of the laws of the United States, and who have not exercised the right of suffrage, or any other political franchise under the laws of the United States, or of any of the States thereof, are not absolutely precluded by their aforesaid declaration of intention, from renouncing their purpose to become citizens; and that, on the contrary, *such persons, under treaties or the law of* nations, retain a right to renounce that purpose, and to forego the privilege of citizenship and residence within the United States, under the obligations imposed by the aforesaid act of Congress.

Now, therefore, to avoid all misapprehensions concerning the liability of persons concerned to perform the service required by such enactment, and to give it full effect, I do hereby order and proclaim that no plea of alienage will be received or allowed to exempt from the obligations imposed by the aforesaid act of Congress, any person of foreign birth who shall have declared on oath his intention to become a citizen of the United States under the laws thereof, and who shall be found within the United States at any time during the continuance of the present insurrection and rebellion, at or after the expiration of the period of sixty-five days from the date of this proclamation; nor shall any such plea of alienage be allowed in favor of any such person who has so, as aforesaid, declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and shall have exercised at any time the right of suffrage, or any other political franchise within the United States, under the laws thereof, or under the laws of any of the several States.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my seal, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this 6th day of May, in the year of our Lord 1863, and of the Independence of the United States the Eighty-seventh.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President,
WM. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

Loss of the Ship Canada.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Friday, May 8.

On the 2d inst., in lat. 41°, long. 48° 20', the brig *Attila* boarded the iron ship *Canada*, found abandoned, with her forward compartment full of water. The ship was unmanageable. Two boats were gone. It is supposed the crew left in them.

IMPORTANT FROM THE MISSISSIPPI.

The Capture of Grand Gulf by Admiral Porter.

GREAT STRENGTH OF THE FORTIFICATIONS.

The Most Formidable Position on the River.

The Works Much Cut up by the Fire of Our Gunboats.

TROOPS LANDED BELOW.

Preparations for the March on Vicksburgh.

WASHINGTON, Friday, May 8.

The Secretary of the Navy has received the following dispatch:

FLAG-SHIP BENTON, BELOW GRAND GULF, MISS., April 30, 1863.

Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy:

I have the honor to inform you that by an arrangement with Gen. GRANT, I attacked the batteries at Grand Gulf this morning, which were very formidable. After a fight of five hours and thirty minutes, we silenced the lower batteries, but failed to silence the upper one, which was high, strongly built, had guns of very heavy calibre, and the vessels were unmanageable in the heavy current. It fired but feebly toward the last, and the vessels all laid by and enfiladed it, while I went up a short distance to communicate with Gen. GRANT, who concluded to land the troops and march over to a point two miles below Grand Gulf. I sent the *Lafayette* back to engage the upper batteries, which she did, and drove the persons out of it. As it did not respond after a few fires, at six P. M., we attacked the batteries again, and under cover of the fire, all the transports passed by in good condition. The *Benton, Tuscumbia* and *Pittsburgh*, were much cut up, having 24 killed and 56 wounded, but they are all ready for service. We land the army in the morning on the other side, and march on Vicksburgh.

DAVID D. PORTER,
Acting Rear-Admiral.

FLAG-SHIP BENTON, GRAND GULF, MISS., May 3, 1863.

Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy:

SIR: I have the honor to report that I got under way this morning with the *Lafayette, Carondelet, Mound City* and *Pittsburgh*, and proceeded up to the forts at Grand Gulf for the purpose of attacking them again, if they had not been abandoned. The enemy had left before we got up, blowing up their ammunition, spiking their large guns, and burying or taking away the lighter ones. The armament consisted of thirteen guns in all. The works are of the most extensive kind, and would seem to defy the efforts of a much heavier fleet than the one which silenced them. The forts were literally torn to pieces by the accuracy of our fire. Col. WADE, the commandant of the batteries, was killed; also his Chief of Staff. Eleven men were killed that we know of, and our informant says that many were wounded, and that no one was permitted to go inside the forts after the action, except those belonging there.

We had a hard fight for these forts, and it is with great pleasure that I report that the navy holds the door to Vicksburgh. Grand Gulf is the strongest place on the Mississippi. Had the enemy succeeded in finishing the fortifications, we first could have taken them.

I have been all over the works and found them as follows: One fort on a point of rock, 75 feet high, calculated for six or seven guns, mounting two 7-inch rifles and one 8-inch, and one Parrot gun on wheels, which was carried off. On the left of this work is a triangular work, calculated to mount one heavy gun. These works are connected with another fort by a covered way and double rifle-pits extending one-quarter of a mile, constructed with much labor, and showing great skill on the part of the constructors. The third fort commands the river in all directions. It mounted one splendid Blakely 100-pounder, one 8-inch and two 32-pounders. The latter were lying buried or broken on the ground.

The gunboats had so covered up everything with earth that it was impossible to see, at first, what was there, with the exception of the guns that were dismounted or broken.

Every gun that fell into our hands was in good condition, and we found a large quantity of ammunition.

These are by far the most extensively built works, with the exception of those at Vicksburgh, I have seen yet, and I am happy to say that we hold them.

I am dismounting the guns and getting on board the ammunition.

Since making the above examination, new forts have been passed, nearly finished. They had no guns, but were complete of the kind, as regards position, and had heavy field pieces in them.

DAVID D. PORTER, Acting Rear-Admiral,
Commanding Mississippi Squadron.

CAIRO, Friday, May 8.

It is stated by passengers from below that a part of Gen. GRANT'S forces have occupied Port Gibson, and that the main body were advancing upon Black River. The rebels who escaped from Grand Gulf were vigorously pursued and many captured. Report says that they spiked most of their guns at Grand Gulf on Sunday night.

A tug attempting to run by the batteries of Vicksburgh with two barges, was destroyed by a hot shot from the rebel batteries. The barges were loaded with commissary stores, protected by bales of hay, which caught fire. The reports are conflicting as to the fate of the crew.

NEWS FROM THE REBEL STATES

Details of the Great Raid of Our Cavalry in Central Mississippi.

INTERESTING MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

THE RAID INTO MISSISSIPPI.

"The Yankees," the *Richmond Dispatch* observes, "are improving on raids. Their last was from Pontotoc, Miss., nearly 150 miles into the State. They cleaned up this country generally as they passed, aiming to 'capture' Houston, the county seat of Chickasaw County, Miss., and the treasury of the same, with $10,000 in funds, including $4,000 in gold. The Mobile *Tribune* gives an account of the raid which the telegraph has in vain been attempting to explain:

"Reports were brought to Okolona on Sunday, the 19th inst., that the Yankees were approaching by way of Pontotoc, said to be 1,200 strong—all picked cavalry. Cols. BANNER and INGE had a skirmish with them on Saturday afternoon, not far from Chesterville and Birmingham, and checked them immediately, posting a courier

stating that he (Col. Barrow) would hold them in check until help came. His loss in the fight was said to be thirty-one killed, wounded and missing. It is said the militia behaved very badly. They broke and ran after the second fire, leaving Barrow and Inch to bear the brunt.

On Tuesday, another party of Federals—about 400—came suddenly on Okalona. They came in between Barrow's command and the Second Alabama Cavalry, who were out west of Okalona, hunting for them. The boys had passed through Okalona on Monday, but were poorly armed. Nearly all had sabres, and their pistols and shot-guns were so divided that nearly every man had something different. The number was not, yet not more than 450 could go out after the Yankees, for many were in [illegible] but which could not move in with the cavalry. On Monday the Yankees burned Palo Alto Church, Calhoun County, and captured the treasury, $10,000, among which was said to be a number of Confederate bonds, and a number of citizens who came under our conscript laws. This they have done all the way down. These destroyed all the records of the County, and their depredations were conducted in their usual lightly manner. The captured Okalona that delighted Mr. Davis, with its sectionmaster on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, Kimball, and a German named Charley, the engineer of the tank. They threatened to burn the depot house and tank, but Charley told them if they destroyed the road there that he and Sonny would have to go into the army to make a living, and he asking the Yankees and Sonny that the Yanks would have two men less to fight. After this kind of reasoning the Yanks thought best to let the roads and wires alone, the operator, Mr. Wilkins, having just made his escape with the instruments.

They also passed Saltillo, West Point, Aberdeen, came within two miles of Macon. They threatened several other points on the road (Macon, but did not come quite to them. The manner in which this raid has been conducted proves that the Yanks are greatly improving in the art of raiding, for they would send out small parties with big stories and threaten points on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad. The main body was striking a big line for the Southern Road, and is drawing our striking forces up the road and away from the real point of attack.

They struck the Southern road at Newton about 7 o'clock Friday morning. They arrested the agent there, but he managed to have the road down the road to warn the trains from Meridian of their danger in time to save them, though they caught a freight and construction train, burnt the depot, a large amount of wood and railroad, and other stores, and damaged the road for three miles by burning the little trestle work, the largest being about 70 feet in length. The damage to the road does not amount to near so much as was at first thought. They then moved toward Enterprise. Keeping their main body back, they sent 70 men into the town to demand its surrender, and gave the Mayor one hour, and during this hour they made their escape for Gen. Lee's was after them from Meridian, with two regiments of Gen. Buckner's pets, the Third and Seventh Kentucky, and the 14th Louisiana.

Gen. Loring started with his men on foot, having heard that the Yankees were in line of battle about seven miles from Enterprise, but after double-quick, he saw that distance the Feds were not set, and the boys came back quite pot out because they could not catch the scoundrels. This sleeping body of cavalry, while at Newton, were numbered, and they had 1,000 men, all told, and four light pieces of artillery. But they are well mounted and armed as only Yankees are, and help themselves to fresh horses wherever they can find them.

But now a question arises, how are they going to get out? The last heard of them, they were about twenty miles from Enterprise, going west. It does seem that they ought to be caught. There was no necessity for the great alarm which prevailed, for surely these Yankees have got themselves in a predicament, in which they are very liable to lose all the glory they have won in the bold raid, if the game is only played right at them."

The Mobile Register says:

"It looks as if the plan was to amuse our two great armies in Tennessee and on the Mississippi with expectations of early battle, while a movement was made from North Mississippi—Corinth and Memphis being the bases—southward through Mississippi. The Yankees have evidently been acting upon the false information that there were no Confederate troops on those lines. They have also discovered their mistake at Cold Water, Birmingham and Enterprise. The raid so far South as the Meridian and Jackson road was certainly a bold one, but like all bold military enterprises, a very hazardous one.

We hope yet to learn that they will find the return not so easy as the sudden incursion. From the best information we can gather, these parties are mounted infantry, a character of force unformidable. One of Wheeler's or Van Dorn's cavalry regiments could scatter five thousand of them. Before they get back, these gentry will be apt to hear Van Dorn's bugles in their rear. It would be no great feat for Van Dorn's bold riders to cut them off, if they tarry on this expedition. Meantime, the raid puts our authorities on the qui vive to guard a passage which has been left too much exposed."

STONEMAN'S RAID.

From the Richmond Enquirer, May 5.

The Yankee forces lately engaged in raids upon the railroads were composed of twenty-eight regiments, all under Gen. Stoneman, a force of at least 15,000 cavalry. The disembarkation of so large a body of troops upon such an expedition, while a battle like that just fought in Spotsylvania was in actual delivery, will remain one of the inexplicable manœuvres of Yankee strategy. Fifteen thousand cavalry is a most formidable force, and, judiciously used on the battle-field, might have caused us irreparable loss. But Hooker has seen fit to expend this formidable force not upon the battle-field, but upon the undefended railroads, and what damage has he done?

From all we can gather, three engines have been put down, and the rails torn up at several points on the lines, creating a delay of transportation of possibly two or three days. The exact amount of injury done to the railroads has not been ascertained, and the rumors and reports are so conflicting and contradictory that it is folly to repeat them. We learn from a gentleman who was captured by them at Ashland, and whose horse was taken, that no damage was done to the cars, except, perhaps, to the engine; that the force was expecting to be captured; that a Col. Davis, commanding the force, so expressed; that hungry, dispirited and tired, so many of the men expressed operate a desire to be captured. Their main object was avowed to be the destruction of the Central Railroad bridge over the Chickahominy, which they accomplished. Not being gratified by being captured, they are said to have crossed the Chickahominy at Meadow Bridges, and gone over the Pamunkey at Old Church, and to be making their way either to Gloucester Point or the Rappahannock.

Another party under Col. Wynegar passed through Louisa County and Columbia, on the canal, and being followed by Gen. W. H. F. Lee, were overtaken and dispersed with the loss of thirty prisoners and six killed. The destruction or injury of the canal was prevented by Gen. Lee, who was unable to follow them upon their retreat from the blown and jaded condition of his horses.

Another party, acting in concert with these, visited Hanover Court-house and burned the depots, doing no other injury worthy of note.

They proceeded down the north bank of the Chickahominy, directing their course toward Williamsburgh. There were many rumors afloat as to their movements after their operations at Alice's, which we deem unnecessary to mention, there being no truth in them.

PRELIMINARY MOVEMENTS AT FREDERICKSBURGH.

Correspondence of the Dispatch.

Alsop's Cassino, Friday, May 2, 1863.

At 7½ o'clock this morning the roar of artillery from above, apparently at or behind Banks' Ford, was echoed from batteries on the river near Hamilton's Crossing. Before going to the latter point and listening to its "long roar" with bodies sides of me, let me give you yesterday's news. I learned that the heavy cannonading yesterday afternoon occurred about seven miles above Fredericksburgh on the Plank road. There was little fighting beyond skirmishing, the enemy keeping close in the woods. The results I may gather this morning. The fighting Wednesday I hear was done mainly by the Fifth and Sixth Louisiana, and the Thirteenth Georgia. It was Lieut.-Col. Hunter, of the Sixth, who was taken prisoner, with 87 of his regiment killed, wounded and missing.

They attacked the enemy near Pratt's house. The Fifth Louisiana held the river road opposite Barnard's. An officer told me he thought there were 7,000 on this side, on the banks of the river, who are making earthworks, and had two cannon at least across. On Thursday some half dozen of the Ninth Louisiana were killed by the premature explosion of one of our own shells.

A wounded soldier who left the fight early yesterday afternoon tells me that Anderson's division engaged the enemy and drove them back. A prisoner told him only one corps had come over. I hear stated that five are on this side. The enemy were easily driven back at Ashland, but being reinforced by a division of regulars, they fought better, but were driven three miles. Rosser was reinforced by Anderson's. It was not a general fight. The woods are extensive and thickly filled skirted land. It occurred near a wooden church, where the river road enters the plank road, about seven miles above Fredericksburgh. The enemy seem disposed to come in behind Marye's hill this time.

10½ A. M.—Gen. Ewell opened on the Yankee batteries on this side and across the river. The artillery duel was severe for some time. One artilleryman on our side, a Virginian, had his leg shot off, and three others were wounded. The enemy first moved down the river. After the heavy fire above had continued some time, the enemy turned and moved large forces at double-quick up the river, and withdrew nearly all their pickets, leaving one only in forty yards. Before that they were thick and close almost as in line of battle. From above I hear Lee drove the enemy five miles. Wright's brigade left Banks' Ford, and were sent out as skirmishers, but could not catch up with the Yankees, who were demoralized, and retreated rapidly beyond Decker's, two miles below Chancellorsville. At midnight they returned to Banks' Ford, where the cause had disappeared to be preparing to cross on pontoon bridges. The Yankees crossed at United States Ford, by permission, I suppose. Two brigades, Fauntleroy's and another, retired on their approach. A German Major came over at the wrong place, and got caught. The citizens past whose houses the enemy retreated say they were much demoralized. Stuart and Fitzhugh Lee are about, taking prisoners, &c. If Hooker and Lowe can't come up in the rear, few Yankees will recross. Several valuable deserters swam the river last night at Fredericksburgh. Barnard's men received them. They number [illegible] They were three Dutchmen and a Norwegian.

11 A. M.—A courier just arrived, reports that Jackson has got between Yankees and the river. Lee and Jackson were both on the field all night. About 100 prisoners were at headquarters last night. Jackson's old division, Trimble's brigade and Anderson's on the left. Yankee double-quicking on the other side of the river can't save them on this.

12½ P. M.—Col. Hamm, of the Twelfth Mississippi, was slightly wounded late last evening in the thigh, near the plank road. He goes down on the cars to-day. He and a Lieutenant were the only wounded in his regiment. The casualties are reported some few, [illegible] squad. A report from Fredericksburgh, still unoccupied and not fired on, says the enemy crossed last night at Sanford's Ford, one mile above Burk's Ford, and got into the fight near Deeber's yesterday evening, and were driven back to the river. This morning three infantry and four batteries, yesterday evening, passed up opposite Fredericksburgh. The force opposite Fredericksburgh is apparently much reduced. [illegible]

12½ P. M.—Rumors last about 100 killed; one Captain and one Lieutenant of the Sixty-first regiment wounded; Adjutant of the Forty-first and a Lieutenant wounded; one Captain of the Forty-first killed and another wounded; Capt. Garnie, of the Sixty-first, lost a leg, and Adjutant Burr was wounded below the knee.

ALABAMA

THE BATTLE AT TUSCUMBIA.

The Huntsville *Confederate* gives the following fuller account of the battle near Tuscumbia:

On Friday last, the Confederate cavalry, under Col. Roan, whose headquarters are at Tuscumbia, encountered at Big Bear Creek, a body of the enemy, said to be four brigades, of all arms, variously estimated at 4,000 to 6,500 strong, and fought them, as we are informed, by some of Roan's command nearly the whole day. He says three of his regiment were killed and some of the command were wounded and some taken prisoners, but none of these were recaptured by our troops, leaving very few in the hands of the Yankees. The enemy's loss in killed and wounded is believed to be much greater, and to include one Colonel killed. We have heard the number of Yankee prisoners stated as high as 170, but only 79 have, as yet, been brought to this city—13 of them on Saturday night last and 66 on Tuesday afternoon. Of them, about 45 were from one or another of the Ohio regiments, two or three from Schlichtland, emigrants from Ireland and England, two or three natives of Kentucky, several from Missouri, and one from Washington County, Tex. The rest were, we believe, of Yankee origin. After the fight, Roan fell back to a strong position 3½ miles west of Tuscumbia, and the enemy, after advancing several miles, fell back across Big Bear Creek.

It is said that the Yankees burnt the gin-house of Mr. Wm. Dickinson, containing about 25,000 or 30,000 pounds of seed cotton, the dwelling-house of Mr. George Mamon, the railroad depot at Dickson, and other houses, &c. This news, however, needs confirmation."

TORIES.

The Huntsville *Confederate* of the 28d, says that a number of tories have banded themselves together in Land Mountain, North Alabama, and are resisting the Conscription law and the arrest of deserters; that recently they surprised a company of mounted men; that the facts have been reported to headquarters at Tullahoma, and that [illegible] has been detached to suppress the rascals.

JEFF. DAVIS' VETOES.

From the Richmond Whig, May 4.

On the last day of the late session of Congress, the President returned two acts with his veto—one, originating in the Senate, to authorize the transmission of newspapers to soldiers free of postage. The disapproval is based upon the contravention of that section of the Constitution which requires the Post-office Department to be self-sustaining. One provision of the act required the payment of the postage upon said newspapers out of the public treasury, and was, therefore, in effect, an appropriation to the Post-office Department.

The other act vetoed was in relation to the Tennessee Congressional elections. A bill was subsequently framed so as to obviate the objections of the President, and being passed by both Houses, received his approval and signature a few minutes before the adjournment.

Four acts were assigned by the President, and therefore failed to become laws. One provided for the conscription of citizens of the United States sojourning in the Confederate States; another organizing a General Staff; another establishing the Ordnance Department, and the fourth relating to the public printing.

NORTH CAROLINA.

A RAID NEAR KINSTON.

The Kinston correspondence of the Raleigh *State Journal* says that the raid of the Yankees in that direction on the 28th of April, was not as formidable an expedition as it was at first supposed to be. The number of the enemy did not exceed five regiments. But as small an expedition as it was they were permitted to come within eight miles of Kinston before they met with any formidable resistance, and then only by about two hundred men of the Fifty-sixth regiment, who fought them desperately for three and a half hours, they being all that we had on picket duty on the Dover Road. The Confederate loss in killed, wounded and missing is only twenty men.

Lieut. Lowenstein has died of his wounds, and his remains have been sent to Fayetteville, his former home, for interment. Also among the killed are the following privates: Vigard, Nelson, Parrish, McNeill and Morgan.

THE CROPS.

From the Raleigh Journal.

Letters from all portions of the State continue to assure us that the prospects of an abundant harvest in all kinds of crops is very encouraging. The wheat looks remarkably healthy, and the "stand" is unusually heavy, and besides this, the breadth sown is much greater than people generally suppose. The corn crop will be undoubtedly large, and the fruit crop has not been materially injured by the late cold spells. This state of things, we are happy to observe, is common all over the Confederacy. In Virginia, South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama the crops are represented as promising. Let us trust to the mercy of a beneficent Providence, and in the sturdy arms and stout hearts of our troops and do our duty, and all will be well.

TRADING WITH THE ENEMY.

In the rebel House of Representatives, on May 4, Mr. Miles, from the Military Committee, reported back a bill to prevent the sale, exchange, or other disposition of the enemy's notes, bonds, &c., issued under the authority of the United States, being a substitute for the bill on the subject introduced by Mr. Foote and referred to the same Committee.

Mr. McQueen, of South Carolina, opposed the bill upon constitutional grounds. It was unconstitutional to pass such a law. Those notes would and their way in, notwithstanding all that could be done to prevent it, and the Constitution allows to the citizens of the Confederate States to trade and barter in any and all articles which may come within the limits of the Confederate States.

Mr. Maclaurin, of Kentucky, introduced a substitute for the whole bill, making it unlawful, after the 1st of July next, to bring into the Confederate States, for sale or barter, any goods, wares or merchandise of the United States, under penalty of fine, imprisonment and confiscation of the goods; also, making unlawful to use in any way the paper currency of the United States under similar penalties.

On suggestion of Mr. Holt, of Georgia, the substitute of Mr. Maclaurin was allowed to come as a 4th section to the substitute of the Committee.

On motion of Mr. Miles, the pending amendments were laid upon the table, and the substitute of the Committee adopted—ayes 40, noes 14.

The bill makes it unlawful to trade or traffic in the Treasury notes or any other paper currency issued in the United States, under penalty of not less than $1,000 and five or six months imprisonment, as the Judge or jury trying the case, according to the practice of the Courts of the State wherein the offence has been committed, may determine.

SHINPLASTERS IN RICHMOND.

From the Richmond Whig, May 4.

Shinplasters again deluge the city. The refusal of the State and the Confederate authorities to authorize the issue of small notes has emboldened the boarders of State and city "change" to push out and invite the introduction of the uncouth and ridiculous looking paper currency of Southern savings banks, which once before variegated the currency in the city. This should be stopped by popular movement. Let no man accept a "shinplaster" whose place of redemption is outside of the State of Virginia.

THE REBEL FLAG.

From the Richmond Dispatch, May 5.

We saw on Saturday the first flag of the Confederate States in accordance with the design of Congress adopted at its recent session. The white ground was recommended by a number of military and naval officers, as possessing the requisite of distinguishment at a long distance. The battle flag was retained as the union, because of its association with so many brilliant feats of our brave men under it.

SPIRIT OF THE REBEL PRESS.

GOV. BROWN, OF GEORGIA.

From the Richmond Enquirer.

Gov. Brown has differed, on some points, from the Confederate authorities—especially on the constitutionality of the conscription—and many have *thought him too ready to make issues with it, and to set up the sovereign rights of his State in opposition to it*, at a time when combined action and universal confidence and support are especially needful for united action against the common enemy. Nobody doubts that Gov. Brown is a good Confederate, and has at heart the independent separate existence of Georgia and her allied States. *No man has charged him with any cowardly looking back for a back-door of escape into the accursed old Union.* His errors, if such they be, are errors of expediency, not of principle; and we are well assured, by distinguished Georgians, that no man in all the South has more warmly at heart the total separation of our slaveholding States from all the Yankee States without exception. He is certainly an able and anxious Governor, understands thoroughly the material interests of his State, and has done much to lay the foundation of her magnificent resources. There might be worse Governors.

One much we discloim [illegible] of question of secession question which [illegible] perhaps in the people of Georgia. Always [illegible] all that Confederacy can ask of the people of that State is to give it a Governor who will truly represent the thoroughgoing Confederate principle, as that is understood by the hosts of brave men that Georgia has sent forth to stand in the front rank, and count the most perilous place "on the rough edge of battle," in every engagement of war; and that principle is in three words: State Sovereignty of Georgia; fraternity with the people of our sister States; eternal separation from our enemies.

GEORGIA AND THE CONFEDERATE BONDS.

From the Reveil (Ga.) Southerner.

The refusal of the Legislature to indorse Georgia's share of the bonds will travel with the speed of electricity to the North, and from thence it will be carried on the wings of the wind throughout the civilized world. Will not our enemies consider this action of the Legislature the greatest victory for Lincoln of the war? Can any more loans be negotiated in England and France, where these two great Powers are informed that Georgia is distrustful of the Confederate credit?

We hear and have heard for months that Illinois is opposed to the war, and why is it? Because she repudiates Lincoln's war debt. Will not Georgia be put down as opposed to the war for the reason that she opposes the war debt of President Davis? The truth is, Georgia has been in the background ever since the commencement of the war. Instead of being leader, she has been led. Her people are patriotic. At the first tap of the drum, her ralliers were rushed to the front. Her sons fought well. But the perverseness of her rulers has kept her in the shade when she should have been in the front.

GREAT BRITAIN.

From the Atlanta Intelligencer.

Presuming now that the North is the stronger in the war being waged upon the South, Lord Russell talks of England's "friendship" for it. Let "a change come o'er the spirit of his dream," and he would talk of friendship" for the South just as glibly. Away with all such "friendship." False-hearted, hollow-hearted England, the time will come when your friendship will not be needed at the South. True, to the South your friendship is dear, but such a debt England never paid. While for a long series of years the North has been its meanest rival and its bitterest reviler, the South poured wealth into her lap, and would have continued her industry. We know her now, and thank God that we do! Let her friendship be bestowed upon the Puritan North; we want none of it!

REBEL NOTES.

From the Chattanooga Rebel.

What do we hope for? Do you ask? Not for peace more than revenge upon a ruthless, heartless, cruel enemy. We hope to survive to live long enough, if no longer, to see our cavalry swooping through every city, village and hamlet of the Yankees. To see their women begging protection as ours have pleaded with tearful eyes at fiends in Yankee uniforms, to be protected from their brutal soldiery. To see the plows torn from the hands of their farmers and broken to pieces—their barns laid waste and their homes in flames, &c., &c., &c., &c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Charleston correspondent of the Columbus (Ga.) *Times* says that "An inspection of Fort Sumter shows that while one ball went through the embrasures and struck the opposite side of the fort, that the shot only penetrated one or two feet, and that so no injury is done. Gen. G. W. Smith expressed the opinion to-day, after a thorough examination of the walls, that the iron-clad navy could not reduce the fort. His opinion is worth knowing."

—The Mobile *Tribune* has a rumor that the *Alabama* has captured the steamer *Mosse Taylor*, with more than a million dollars on board; which is rather improbable, as that vessel is on the Pacific coast.

—The amount of Confederate notes deposited in Lynchburgh, Va., up to April 29, was..... $1,700,000
In Montgomery it amounted to..... 8,000,000
In Augusta, Ga..... 2,500,000
In Atlanta, Ga..... 1,200,000
In Columbia, S. C..... 5,000,000
In Petersburgh, Va..... 9,000,000

—Strawberries were selling in Augusta, Geo., a few days since, at $3 25 per quart.

—The Committee of Safety in Mobile have resolved to publish the names of all persons who refuse to accept Confederate money in payment of debts or obligations.

—The report that an engagement had taken place at Pascagoula, Fla., is untrue.

—The venerable Episcopal Church on James Island, S. C., has been burned to the ground. The woods were on fire, and communicated the flames to the building.

—The friends of Gen. W. H. T. Walker have purchased for him, in Charleston, a magnificent war steed, for $2,000.

—Maj. Channing Price, says the Richmond *Dispatch*, aid to Gen. Stuart, was mortally wounded in the engagement which took place with the enemy east of Chancellorsville, on Friday last, and died the same night. It is said that at the time he received his wound, Gen. Stuart also made a narrow escape from like danger.

THE GREAT BATTLES IN VIRGINIA.

THE CASUALTIES.

List of Killed and Wounded at the Washington Hospitals.

MOUNT PLEASANT.

W. H. Lewis, Co. G, 1st N. J.
G. Stewart, Co. F, 60th N. Y.
J. Thompson, Co. G, 3d N. J.
J. Leaney, Co. E, 6th N. Y.
E. Kelly, Co. A, 5th N. H.
O. Hostenbarrett, Co. A, 111th Pennsylvania.
A. Lindeman, Battery A, 1st New-Jersey.
Sergt. McDonald, Co. K, 2d Massachusetts.
C. L. Whilden, Co. G, 2d Massachusetts.
F. F. Stinson, Co. B, 2d Mass.
Orrin Plimouth, Co. G, 2d Massachusetts.
Sergt. Geo. Langwalt, Co. G, 2d Massachusetts.
Thomas Delay, Co. G, 2d Massachusetts.
Joseph Paul, Co. H, 2d Mass.
Wm. Ong, Co. G, 62d Penn.
Wm. Kelly, Co. B, 17th Me.
J. Blockhisell, Co. 106th New-York.
Sergt. Wm. Powell, Co. F, Corne. Co. A, 10th La. (reb.).
Elias Shirk, Co. H, 107th Ohio.
Sergt. Sluss, Co. H, 107th Ohio.
Silas Trump, Co. H, 107th O.
Jas. Kelly, Co. H, 107th O.
J. McMillen, Co. K, 11th N. J.
Sam. Allen, Co. H, 5th N. H.
Sergt. W. H. Wells, Co. B, 26th New-Jersey.
Thos. Madden, Co. G, 1st N. J.
Martin Bookmer, Co. M, 1st New-York Battery.
George Lawson, Co. G, 20th Massachusetts Volunteers.
M. Hurrett, Co. E, 95th Penn.
Sergt. Jas. Thomson, Co. B, 1st Pennsylvania Battery.
R. Phillips, Co. K, 5th Wis.
John Luther, Co. F, 135th Pa.
E. Stevens, Co. I, 17th Pa.
D. Pier, Co. F, 135th Penn.
F. Polu, Co. D, 57th Penn.
D. Morrison, Co. F, 88th N. Y.
Sergt. G. Coleman, Co. A, 102d New-York.
O. Sergt. T. E. Dake, Co. F, 135th Pennsylvania.
O. Sergt. Geo. F. Cole, Co. A, 12th Massachusetts.
W. H. Wilson, Co. E, 123d New-York.
T. Kelley, Co. K, 69th N. Y.
W. E. Hanson, Co. F, 53d Pennsylvania.
A. Barion, Co. F, 29th N. J.
B. Dutcher, Co. H, 124th N. Y.
S. G. Bell, Co. E, 27th Ct.
J. Brancock, Co. F, 27th Ct.
Alex. Kelley, Co. C, 81st Pa.
Fred. Kretchman, Co. G, 3d New-Jersey.
Corp. W. S. Kaslish, Co. C, 6th Vermont.
Corp. Gustus Faust, Co. I, 61st Pennsylvania.
Sergt. Jno. R. Haynes, Co. C, 7th New-York.
Geo. W. Cannon, Co. B, 7th New-York.
Corp. Jas. Cahill, Co. B, 7th New-York.
Corp. Alex. Malloch, Co. B, 61st Pennsylvania.
Alex. Beard, Co. E, 61st Pa.
2d-Lt. Jno. P. Crater, Co. D, 16th New-Jersey.
Corp. Benj. Lacrist, Co. I, 10th Virginia (rebel.).
C. Troubs, Co. E, 14th Ind.
Jno. Wright, Co. E, 28th Pa.
R. R. Scott, Co. E, 85th Ohio.
H. J. Hupfnagle, Co. A, 45th Ohio.
M. Geutner, Co. A, 1st Min.
Wm. Larson, Co. I, 26th Wis.
Thos. Ryan, Co. I, 42d N. Y.
M. McMannis, Co. I, 42d N. Y.
R. G. Adams, Co. H, 42d N. Y.
Wm. Goode, Co. H, 153d Pa.
Alex. Shaw, Co. K, 1st Min.
Sergt. B. H. Boles, Co. G, 20th Ohio.
Ernest Ube, Co. F, 115th Pa.
J. S. Brewer, Co. A, 11th N. J.
Corp. J. M. Erickson, Co. I, 11th New-York.
J. Aston, 42d New-York.
Corp. S. H. Johnson, 3d Wis.
J. W. Cert, 157th N. Y.
Sergt. C. Lansing, 157th N. Y.
W. S. Mulligan, 28th N. J.
Sergt. R. V. Robinson, 57th Pa.
O. Kennelly, 9th Mass.
Corp. O. L. Auny, 87th Pa.
J. L. Shaw, Co. F, 125th Pennsylvania.
Corp. O. A. Tripp, Co. A, 2d Massachusetts.
Corp. Matthew Morris, Co. B, 65th Ohio.
Charles Coons, Co. C, 85th Pennsylvania.
Corp. S. C. Crocker, Co. I, 2d Massachusetts.
Lyman McDaid, Co. C, 60th New-York.
George Wilmer, Co. C, 60th New-York.
R. Hunt, 5th N. Y. Bat.
Wm. Heaney, Co. F, 20th Massachusetts.
James Hager, Co. G, 20th Massachusetts.
Corp. C. Sachs, Co. C, 60th New-York.
Horace Demmons, Co. B, 60th New-York.
Corp. Laird Lynch, Co. B, 24th New-Jersey.
S. Schroeter, Co. E, 27th Connecticut.
A. W. Cook, Co. K, 123d N. Y.
J. Fletcher, Co. I, 123d N. Y.
S. Wright, Co. K, 123d N. Y.
Sergt. Wm. Kelly, Co. K, 123d N. Y.
Sergt. C. P. Shadle, Co. E, 32d Ohio.
Henry Book, Co. E, 32d Ohio.
David Click, Co. H, 32d Ohio.
Jas. Dyer, Co. E, 32d N. Y.
Jeff. Rutledge, Co. E, 32d O.
Sergt. J. D. Bailey, Co. I, 5th Ohio.
Walter Dixon, Co. A, 110th O.
Joel Rogers, Co. F, 146th N. Y.
Sergt. Jas. Murray, Co. B, 124th New-York.
Sergt. John Rowland, Co. H, 124th New-York.
C. McGregor, Co. H, 124th New-York.
John Scott, Co. G, 12th Pa.
W. H. Brown, Co. H, 124th New-York.
G. Sayres, Co. F, 60th N. Y.
Sergt. Louis Carmathan, Co. F, 60th New-York.
Geo. Brown, Co. D, 23d Mass.
P. Maher, Co. A, 6th Mich.
W. Orthout, Co. K, 34th N. Y.
Sergt. J. W. Peck, Co. C, 16th New-York.
J. C. Golden, Co. E, 27th Connecticut.
— Merchant, Co. O, 8th Comp.
Corp. Henry Stewart, Co. I, 60th New-York.
Geo. Dryden, Co. B, 84th N. Y.
Hugh O'Herron, Co. D, 20th Massachusetts.
Thos. Larkin, Co. D, 16th Massachusetts.
H. Sylvester, Co. C, 89th N. Y.
Geo. Riggs, Co. E, 12th N. J.
Geo. Campbell, Co. A, 17th Connecticut.
Jas. McKee, Co. A, 26 Md.
A. C. Kinney, Co. G, 37th Massachusetts.
E. Crowell, Co. I, 20th Mass.
Jno. Connelly, Co. I, 69th New-York.
Sergt. Jas. Shaw, Co. A, 134th New-York.
J. S. Wilson, Co. F, 110th Pa.
W. D. Lamb, Co. G, 122d Pa.
G. F. Black, Co. C, 123d Pa.
Jas. Schermerhorn, Co. F, 123d New-York.
J. A. Smith, Co. C, 7th N. Y.
Jas. Swift, Co. I, 6th N. J.
H. Latts, Co. K, 126th Pa.
Thos. Burns, Co. F, 28th Michigan.
W. Siler, Co. F, 71st Pa.
Sergt. J. M. Wood, Co. I, 2d U. S.
S. P. Gover, Co. I, 4th Vt.
Corp. S. Mingley, Co. I, 1st Excelsior Brigade.
Sergt. J. B. Wilson, Co. I, 21st New-Jersey.
Benj. Jenkins, Co. D, 7th O.
Jas. Parks, Co. G, 4th N. Y.
J. Dawson, Co. G, 19th Mass.
Sergt. A. B. Robinson, 57th Pennsylvania.
L. W. Stone, 57th Penn.
Otis Israel, 57th Penn.
1st Lieut. H. W. Hines.
W. H. Wood, 23d Mass.
Corp. M. McNally, 42d N. Y.

FINLEY HOSPITAL.

[illegible]

CAMPBELL HOSPITAL.

[illegible]

JUDICIARY-SQUARE HOSPITAL.

[illegible]

ARMORY-SQUARE HOSPITAL.

[illegible]

Casualties at Chancellorsville.

FIFTY-EIGHTH NEW-YORK VOLUNTEERS.

Killed.

Corp F Brann, Co G

Wounded.

Lieut L Dutrich, Co B
Surgeon Root
Sergt R Schack, Co B
J Eitel, Co B
A Manen, Co B
J Hartemir, Co G

EIGHTY-SECOND OHIO

Major Jas S Crall—wounded

Killed—Company B.

Corp J Wallace, Co A—w'ded
Samuel Hondenshield
Nicholas Lea

Wounded.

Lieut. M R Carroll—missing
Henry Major—missing

Wounded—Company C.

Corp Warren P Murdock
Horace Johnson
Morris Baker
Josiah Kane
Joseph C Snider

Wounded—Company H.

Sergt Jeff P Davis
Sergt W G Byers
Corp A H Kepler
Michael Dwire
Nimrod Trammel
Jacob Hinsfeliger
D D Rolenbaugh

Wounded—Company D.

Sergt C F Shadel
Michael Hill
Jacob Fisher
George W Hess

Killed—Company E.

Second Lieut Thos S Abrell
Sylvester Kennedy
Frederick Liebold

Wounded—Company A.

Sergt J S Newland
Corp John F Garwood
Sergt Hook
Wm J Sockeyes
George Listy
Isaiah Mahin
Jacob Pope
Thomas J Rutledge
Wm Surgeson
Silas Lawrence

Wounded—Company F.

Sergt George W Rodd
Jacob Beamer
Andrew C Hauck

Killed—Company I.

Capt George H Purdy

Wounded.

Isaac Bowersmith
Zachariah Barlow
Henry Kelley
Oscar H Cunningham

Killed—Company K.

First Lieut James J Boer

VON GILSA'S BRIGADE.

Col Von Gilsa, commanding First Brigade, slightly wounded during the action near Chancellor's Farm, May 2, 1863.

Capt R Bixby, Assistant Inspector-General, severely wounded

FORTY-FIRST NEW-YORK VOLUNTEERS.

Killed

Sergt Ferd Clemens, Co I
Private Fred Sachs, Co H

Wounded.

Chaplain F W Rogers
Lieut John Stephany
1st Sergt John Frick, Co D
Sgt Henry Beaumann, Co B
Sergt George Ahr, Co C
Corp John Pape, Co C
Corp C Schumaker, Co I
Adolph Weimer, Co A
Jacob Schwamberger, Co A
Michael Flegner, Co B
George Fruer, Co B
Henry Schmidt, Co B
Michael Schmidt, Co B
John Hauser, Co B
Carsten Redfeld, Co C
Arnold Wilke, Co C
John Louis, Co D
William Hankel, Co E
John Werkmeister, Co E
Louis Lourvy, Co H
Joseph Geiger, Co H
Seligman Hirsch, Co I
— Walker, Co C

FIFTY-FOURTH NEW-YORK.

Killed.

D Weber, Co H

Wounded.

Lieut-Col Chas Ashby
Lieut Osterchal, Co K
Corp Dubernell, Co E
Sergt Alpers, Co H
Berbow, Co G
H Faulem, Co G
U Spesinger, Co G
Dinder, Co B
Albrecht, Co A
Rohrberg, Co A
Gannasen, Co H
Jansen, Co I
Eckhard Keibman, Co F
Wm Miller, Co G
John Weld, Co A
John Vetter, Co B
Louis Keck, Co B
Lieut A R Bazzen, Co C
Corp O Masnick, Co C
Henry Wein, Co C
Jacob Meyer, Co C
F Dunoker, Co C
Sergt A Stephan, Co D
Corp Fred Gublich, Co D
Stephan Bengel, Co D
Louis Gerber, Co E
Lieut Wernheimer, Co E
Corp Lammermann, Co E
Sergt Knittel, Co H
Sergt Alpers, Co H
Rudrauff, Co H
A Keck, Co G
A Schmidt, Co G
Arnold, Co H
Stuckrad, Co E
Koehl, Co E
Hodler, Co H
Kahn, Co I
Jellen, Co K
Wm Gabriel Diehl, Co H
Chas Leonhard, Co F
Jacob Weidmann, Co E
Joseph Springer, Co E
Corp Otto Horn, Co F
Charles Kahn, Co G
Bernhard Singer, Co G
Joseph Spanenberg, Co H
Sergt C Hoffmann, Co H
Gustav Labes, Co H
Capt A Michaelis, Co I
Corp Kelmserich, Co I
Corp Hornl, Co I
Ed Weber, Co K
Patrick McNally, Co G
Patrick Purcell, Co H
Corp Geo W Nicols, Co F

Missing Men.

Sergt Lewis Ocrsen, Co A
Corp Dan Steinback, Co A
Corp August Wagner, Co A
Corp Hy Kalkhorst, Co A
Peter Alstensetter, Co A
Sergt Wm Heinen, Co E
Corp Wm Flaherty, Co E
John Drew, Co B
John Spellman, Co B
James Sherridan Co B
John Campbell, Co B
Patrick Hare, Co B
Patrick Gray, Co B
Charles Doser, Co C
John Deller, Co C
Hahman Ahlenshuel, Co E
Jacob Reiger, Co E
Jacob Stenz, Co E
Sergt John Brady, Co F
John Murray, Co F
Wm Dalton, Co F
Wm James, Co F
John Yokey, Co F
Patrick Roach, Co F
Joseph McGruty, Co G
James Murtha, Co G
August Herman, Co G
Dennisick Stroble, Co G
John Doherty, Co G
Adolph Schurtz, Co G
Sergt John Hench, Co G
Corp Patrick McNeil, Co H
Lieut Wernheimer, Co E
Corp Lammermann, Co E
Sergt Knittel, Co H
Sergt Alpers, Co H
Rudrauff, Co H
A Keck, Co G
A Schmidt, Co G
Arnold, Co H
Stuckrad, Co E
Koehl, Co E
Hodler, Co H
Kahn, Co I
Jellen, Co K
Wm Gabriel Diehl, Co H
Chas Leonhard, Co F
Jacob Weidmann, Co E
Joseph Springer, Co E
Corp Otto Horn, Co F
Charles Kahn, Co G
Bernhard Singer, Co G
Joseph Spanenberg, Co H
Sergt C Hoffmann, Co H
Gustav Labes, Co H
Capt A Michaelis, Co I
Corp Kelmserich, Co I
Corp Hornl, Co I
Ed Weber, Co K
Patrick McNally, Co G
Patrick Purcell, Co H
Corp Geo W Nicols, Co F

Missing Men.

[illegible]

GEN. ZOOK'S BRIGADE, FIRST DIVISION.

SIXTY-SIXTH NEW-YORK VOLUNTEERS.

Killed.

John Cornell, Co H

Wounded.

[illegible]

OFFICERS.

First Lieut Edward King—wounded and prisoner
Adjt W F Dodge—slightly wounded
Capt Abraham Feder and Capt M P Strickland—both missing and probably prisoners

ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTH PENNSYLVANIA VOLUNTEERS.

Second Lieut Joseph W McEwen—killed
Second Lieut James E Vandyke—wounded

FIFTY-SEVENTH NEW-YORK.

Capt James W Britt—slightly
First Lieut John S Fisher, Acting Adj't—[illegible] wounded severely

FIFTY-SECOND NEW-YORK.

Col Paul Frank—wounded slightly
Sergt Henry Oldwath, Co I
Second Lieut Jacob Huber—slightly

Killed.

Sergt Henry Oldwath, Co I
Peter Lugan, Co I
John Farr, Co I

Wounded.

1st Sergt W Feldusen, Co A, severely and prisoner
Sergt G Roetzel, Co A, slight
Sergt Charles Miller, serious
Corp John Haas, slightly
Ernst Biel, slightly
Alois Ironberg, slightly
John Phillipp, seriously
Gustav Bergmann, slight and missing
Matthew Rothhut, slightly dead
Henry Hoppe, slightly
John Doettner, slightly
John Ko

parted therefrom, and thrown to the ground, by some one of defendants' employ, that the cars passed over his leg, inflicting a wound of the severest nature. The plaintiff sue him damages to the amount of $10,000, on the ground that the child's services to him are now useless; that he will never be able to earn his own living, or be of any service to the plaintiff.

The defendants set up a general denial. The facts effected were pretty much as stated in the complaint. The defendants, however, brought the case to a summary close by drawing a juror.

Dillaye & Richardson, for plaintiff; T. M. North, for defendants.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Allen.

Stewart vs. Leonard et al.—Judgment for defendants, with costs. See opinion.

Before Justice Sutherlin.

Freeman vs. Means, &c.—The costs are the costs on appeal from an order; that is, $10 only.

Before Justice Leonard.

Jones et al. vs. Brown.—Motion granted on payment of the costs of inquest and costs, $10, of opposing motion. Order to be settled on four days' notice to defendant's attorney.

SUPERIOR COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Sandford.

Buttell vs. Gordon.—The preliminary objection to the making an application to set aside an order or a writ upon the ground that it was irregularly issued or is void, that the party is adjudged guilty of contempt of an order of this Court is not well taken, and must be overruled. When a party is in contempt, and asks the Court for a favor, the rule obtains that he must first purge himself; not so, however, when he claims a matter of right.

Papers on both sides with Clerk at Chambers.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Leonard.

Cassein vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.—Settled.

Before Justice Ingraham.

In Matter of Assessment for Grading Eightieth-street, &c.—Order settled.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Sandford.

Ammidown vs. Pierce.—Motion granted, with $10 costs. Papers in the Clerk's office.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange.....May 8, 1863.

$3,000 Treas. 7 3-10 ▼ c.		$66 Harlem Railroad	104
Notes, Oct & Apr.	100	600 do	103⅝
14,000 U. S. 6s, 1 yr. c.	101⅞	2100 do	102
20,000 do	101⅞	100 do	101
2,000 do New	101⅞	200 do	102
1,000 Ohio Stock, '76	90	200 do	101⅞
2,870 U. S. 1. Notes	154	400 do	101
2,000 Ill. War Loan	103	100 do	101
3,000 Tenn. St. 6s, '90	44	100 do	100
2,000 N. Y. State 6s	113⅞	10 Harlem R. Pref	112
1,000 Mo. St. 6s	69⅞	50 do	112
11,000 do	61⅞	100 do	113⅞
10,000 do	66⅞	200 do	114
2,000 Mo. 6s, 1s. to H. &	100	100 do	114
4th S. B.	68	7,000 Reading R.	86⅞
1,000 Cal. State 7s	131	200 do	86⅞
5,000 N. Y. C. 6s	110	200 do	86⅞
1,000 N. Y. C. 7s, '76 C.	108	300 Nor. & Wor. R.	46
5,000 Erie 4th M. B	103⅞	100 Mich. Cen. R.	110⅞
2,000 Erie 5th M. B.	103	120 do	110⅞
1,000 Hud. R. Bs. '87	105⅞	2600 Mich. So. & N. I. R.	72
5,000 Mich. S. 2d M.	104⅞	600 do	72⅞
20,000 do	104	300 do	s10 72
10,000 do	103⅞	1700 do	72⅞
10,000 Mich. So. R. Pf.	110	300 do	72⅞
3,000 Alb. & T. H. Int. B.	85	100 do	72
2,000 do	86⅞	1200 do	72⅞
2,000 Chic. & N. W. I. B.	86	50 do	s70 72
17,000 C. & N. W. 1 M	87	1000 do	72⅞
20,000 Chi. & N. W. 2d M.	68	200 do	72⅞
1,000 Del., L. & W. 1st M.	115	100 do	72⅞
5,000 Tol. & W. 2d M.	69	100 M. S. & N. I. G. S.	115
10,000 do	69⅞	200 do	111
10,000 P., F. W. & C. 2d	104⅞	100 do	110⅞
10,000 P., F. W. & C. 2d	81⅞	100 do	110⅞
1,000 Clev. & Pitts. M.	100	100 Clev. & P. R.	93
20,000 Clev. & P. 4th	100	1400 do	93⅞
20,000 do	87	200 do	s30 93⅞
10,000 do	86⅞	2700 do	93
12,000 Mil. & Mo. L. G.	60	200 do	93⅞
15 Bank of Commerce	102⅞	1200 do	93⅞
10 Ocean Bank	98	100 do	93⅞
80 Am. Exc. Bank	105	300 do	b10 93
35 Continental Bank	96	200 do	b4 93
5 Shoe & Leather B'k	104	2000 do	93
96,000 American Gold	154⅞	27 Clev., Col. & Cin. R.	103
25,000 do	154⅞	200 Galena & Chi. R.	104
1,000 do	154⅞	200 do	104⅞
100 Canton Co.	s10 30	100 do	s10 103⅞
170 Del. & Hud. C. Co.	145	200 do	103⅞
50 Cumb. Coal Pref.	24	400 do	103
100 Quicksilv. M. Co.	50	200 do	103
100 do	50	100 do	101⅞
100 do	s30 47⅞	100 do	101⅞
50 Min. Mining Co.	111	1200 Clev. & Tol. R.	110
1500 Bucks Co. Lead	2	700 Chi. & Rock Is.	96⅞
200 Pacific M. S. Co.	108	200 do	96⅞
100 do	s30 107	50 do	96⅞
25 do	108⅞	2000 do	99
100 do	s30 108⅞	200 do	s10 99
400 N. Y. Cen. R.	120	500 do	b60 99⅞
300 do	119⅞	20 Chi., B. & Quin. R.	110
100 do	b10 119⅞	100 do	109⅞
200 Erie Railway	67⅞	100 Mil. & Pr. Du C.	45
50 do	s30 67	200 do	45⅞
1700 do	67⅞	400 do	45⅞
2000 do	67	100 Tol. & Wab. R. F.	79
400 do	b30 67⅞	100 do	79⅞
850 do	b30 67⅞	100 New-Jersey R.	100
100 do	b30 67	200 P., F. W. & C. R.	70
200 do	s30 67	100 do	70
100 do	s10 66⅞	300 Chic. & N. W. R.	82⅞
200 do	66⅞	100 do	s10 82⅞
100 do	s10 66⅞	200 do	82⅞
100 Hudson R. R.	130⅞	100 do	82⅞
50 do	b3 130⅞	100 do	s10 82⅞
200 Harlem R.	102⅞	400 Chi. & Alt. R.	77
100 do	102⅞	200 do	77
100 do	102⅞	550 Gal. & Chic. R.	104⅞
400 do	89 102	100 do	s3 104⅞
200 do	102⅞	100 do	104⅞
200 do	101⅞	100 do	s10 104⅞
100 do	c 102	100 do	b10 104⅞
800 do	b10 102	100 Clev. & Tol. R.	110
400 do	s10 101⅞	400 Chic. & R. I. R.	93
1400 do	101⅞	200 do	93⅞

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

$28,000 Amer. Gold	153⅞	100 Erie Railway Pr.	104⅞
200 Bucks Co. Lead Co.	2⅞	200 M. S. & N. I. R.	s10 72⅞
100 do	s10 2	1200 do	72⅞
900 Canada Copper Co.	1⅞	300 do	b3 72⅞
140 Quicksilver Mining Co.	48	100 do	s10 72⅞
80 Pacific Mail	b3 108	150 do	72⅞
100 N. Y. Central R.	b3 119⅞	200 do	72⅞
200 Erie Railway	66⅞	500 Clev. & Pitts.	s20 99
100 do	b10 66⅞	200 do	99⅞
100 do	s10 67	100 do	s10 99⅞
100 do	66⅞	200 P., Ft. W. & C. R.	70
200 do	66⅞	100 do	b10 70
100 do	s10 66⅞	300 Chic. & N. W. R.	82⅞
200 do	66⅞	100 do	s10 82⅞
100 Hudson R. R.	130⅞	100 do	82⅞
100 do	b3 130⅞	100 do	s10 82⅞
200 Harlem R.	102⅞	400 Chi. & Alt. R.	77
100 do	102⅞	200 do	s3 76⅞
400 do	102⅞	550 Gal. & Chic. R.	104⅞
400 do	b3 102	100 do	s3 104⅞
200 do	102⅞	100 do	104⅞
400 do	101⅞	100 do	s10 104⅞
200 do	c 102	100 do	b10 104⅞
800 do	b10 102	100 Clev. & Tol. R.	110
400 do	s10 101⅞	400 Chic. & R. I. R.	93
1400 do	101⅞	200 do	93⅞

FURLOW BOARD—4 P. M.

$10,000 Amer. Gold	152⅞	1000 M. S. & N. I. R.	72⅞
60,000 do	152⅞	100 do	72⅞
20,000 do	152⅞	100 do	72⅞
46,000 do	s30 152	200 do	b3 74
20,000 do	152⅞	1200 do	74
100 Cumb. Coal	23	200 do	b3 74⅞
140 Canton Co.	30	200 do	74⅞
100 Brunsw'k C. L. Co.	6⅞	100 do	b10 74⅞
100 Quicksilv. Min. Co.	47	1000 do	74⅞
450 Bucks Co. L. Co.	2	500 do	b5 74⅞
200 do	1⅞	100 do	b3 74⅞
400 Canada C. Co.	1⅞	2000 do	74⅞
200 Pacific M. S. Co.	108⅞	600 Mil. & Mo. R.	24
200 do	b3 108⅞	200 do	24⅞
100 do	108	100 do	24⅞
100 N. Y. Cen. R.	b3 119⅞	600 Clev. & P. R.	s30 93⅞
50 Erie R.	66⅞	1000 do	94
600 do	66⅞	100 do	94⅞
200 do	s3 66⅞	500 do	b30 94
300 do	b3 66⅞	200 P., F. W. & C.	70⅞
200 do	66⅞	100 T., H. & Alt. P.	s10 79
100 do	s30 66⅞	100 Chic. & N. W. R.	83
300 Erie R. Pref.	104	200 Mil. & P. Du C.	46⅞
50 do	s3 104	200 do	46⅞
1200 Harlem R.	s30 102	100 do	s3 46⅞
1000 do	102	350 Gal. & Chi. R.	b3 104⅞
800 do	b10 101	350 do	104
400 do	101	500 do	104
1600 do	100⅞	1400 Clev. & Tol. R.	b3 110
400 do	100⅞	200 do	s30 109⅞

SECOND BOARD.

$1,000 U. S. 6s, 1 y. c.	101⅞	1200 Reading Railroad	86⅞
10,000 do New	86⅞	200 do	86⅞
16,000 Mo. State 6s	64	500 do	86
8,000 Tenn. 6s, '90	69	100 Mich. Cen. R.	s10 109⅞
4,000 N. Y. C. 7s, '76	122	1000 M. S. & N. I. R.	72
5,000 Alt. & T. H. In. B.	85	100 do	s30 71⅞
8,000 Chi. & N. W. 4th m.	87	100 do	s10 72
8,000 M. So. 2d M.	103⅞	200 do	72⅞
8,000 C. & N. W. 2 M.	86⅞	1500 do	72
10,000 Amer. Gold	152⅞	100 M. S. & N. I. G. S.	116⅞
10,000 do	152⅞	600 Ill. Cen. R.	94⅞
25,000 do	152	200 do	94⅞
100 Canton Co.	30	1200 Clev. & Pitts. R.	93
100 do	29⅞	100 do	93⅞
100 Cum. Coal Pref.	24	300 do	93⅞
100 Pac. M. S. Co.	108⅞	300 do	93⅞
200 Del., L. & Hud. C. Co.	146	100 do	93
44 Min. Mining Co.	111	1000 do	93
400 N. Y. Cen. R.	119⅞	100 Gal. & Chic. R.	104⅞
23 do	119⅞	400 do	103⅞
100 do	119⅞	200 do	b3 104
200 Chic. & N. W. R.	82⅞	100 do	b30 104⅞
100 do	b30 82⅞	100 Clev. & Tol. R.	109⅞
500 Erie Railway	66⅞	200 do	109⅞
400 do	66⅞	200 do	109⅞
200 do	66⅞	200 Chic. & R. I. R.	93
750 Erie R. Pref.	104	400 do	93⅞
200 Hudson Riv. R.	130	650 do	93⅞
100 do	s60 127	150 do	s10 93⅞
100 do	129⅞	100 Tol. & Wab. Pref.	79
1200 Harlem R.	101	400 P., Ft. W. & Chi.	69⅞
200 do	100⅞	300 do	69⅞
600 do	100	200 do	69⅞
200 do	100	100 T., H. & Alt. P.	s10 79
100 do	s30 100	100 Chic. & N. W. R.	83
300 Erie R. Pref.	104	200 Mil. & P. Du C.	46⅞
50 do	s3 104	200 do	46⅞
1200 Harlem R.	s30 102	100 do	s3 46⅞
1000 do	102	350 Gal. & Chi. R.	b3 104⅞
800 do	b10 101	350 do	104
400 do	101	500 do	104
1600 do	100⅞	1400 Clev. & Tol. R.	b3 110
400 do	100	200 do	s30 109⅞

FURLOW BOARD—4 P. M.

$10,000 Amer. Gold	152⅞	1000 M. S. & N. I. R.	72⅞
60,000 do	152⅞	100 do	72⅞
20,000 do	152⅞	100 do	72⅞
46,000 do	s30 152	200 do	b3 74
20,000 do	152⅞	1200 do	74
100 Cumb. Coal	23	200 do	b3 74⅞
140 Canton Co.	30	200 do	74⅞
100 Brunsw'k C. L. Co.	6⅞	100 do	b10 74⅞
100 Quicksilv. Min. Co.	47	1000 do	74⅞
450 Bucks Co. L. Co.	2	500 do	b5 74⅞
200 do	1⅞	100 do	b3 74⅞
400 Canada C. Co.	1⅞	2000 do	74⅞
200 Pacific M. S. Co.	108⅞	600 Mil. & Mo. R.	24
200 do	b3 108⅞	200 do	24⅞
100 do	108	100 do	24⅞
100 N. Y. Cen. R.	b3 119⅞	600 Clev. & P. R.	s30 93⅞
50 Erie R.	66⅞	1000 do	94
600 do	66⅞	100 do	94⅞
200 do	s3 66⅞	500 do	b30 94
300 do	b3 66⅞	200 P., F. W. & C.	70⅞
200 do	66⅞	100 T., H. & Alt. P.	s10 79
100 do	s30 66⅞	100 Chic. & N. W. R.	83
300 Erie R. Pref.	104	200 Mil. & P. Du C.	46⅞
50 do	s3 104	200 do	46⅞
1200 Harlem R.	s30 102	100 do	s3 46⅞
1000 do	102	350 Gal. & Chi. R.	b3 104⅞
800 do	b10 101	350 do	104
400 do	101	500 do	104
1600 do	100⅞	1400 Clev. & Tol. R.	b3 110
400 do	100	200 do	s30 109⅞

FRIDAY, May 8—P. M.

There is an improved feeling to-day in reference to the situation and prospects of the Army of the Potomac, and the price of Gold Coin lost the whole advance made yesterday on the news of the retreat of Gen. HOOKER across the Rappahannock. The early sales of the day were at 154⅞, from which the price fell off to 153⅞@⅞ in the afternoon. The Exchanges on Europe are 2 @2⅛ ▼ cent. lower than the asking rates of yesterday, and first-class Bills on London, for Saturday's mail, are quoted at the close of business, 166@167 ▼ cent. The demand for Gold for immediate export, to cover Exchange, is moderate, though it is said that some few of the Foreign Bankers and Importers were buyers yesterday morning, under the first impression of the news, as a movement of precaution against the possible rise in Bills.

The active speculation on the Stock Exchange has advanced the price for Money among the Brokers to 6 ▼ cent., and to-day the demand at this rate was quite sharp. The values at the Stock list run up so rapidly, of late, that a much larger amount of Money is required to do the daily business which this speculation creates. The Banks last week placed a large amount of their surplus Currency with the Treasury on 5 ▼ cent. interest, since when the disbursements of the Treasury have scarcely been equal to its other receipts from the daily subscriptions to the Loan of 1862.

The increased speculative excitement on the Stock Exchange to-day carried up prices on the Share list beyond any previous market of the present active season. Before the early Board the street prices were rapidly advanced on the last bidding of Thursday, but at the Board the extreme figures were not in all cases maintained. Thus Harlem sold at 106⅞ ▼ cent. on the Street, and opened at 104 ▼ cent. at the Board, as against 99 last night. On the other hand, the demand for Michigan Southern, which closed at 70 last night, carried up the price to 73⅛ ▼ cent., the sales reaching about 12,000 shares. Next to these two Stocks, the excitement ran highest on Cleveland and Pittsburgh. The last price of Thursday was 99 ▼ cent.; the first sales this morning 99 ▼ cent., from which the advance was to 94 per cent. in the afternoon. On the other Western Roads, and also on Erie and Hudson, a large business was done at advancing figures, as compared with Thursday's sales, though the extreme rise was not maintained at the Afternoon Board. There was not much done in United States Stocks of the old Loans; the subscriptions to the new Loan of 1882 amount for the day to $1,152,750. Treasury paper was steady at previous figures, and Missouri 6 ▼ cents advanced 2@2½ ▼ cent.

At 4 o'clock, after the adjournment of the Second Board, the following prices were made, as compared with Thursday night, the market leaving off firm. The advance in Harlem was not maintained. Michigan Southern and Cleveland and Pittsburgh advanced 2 ▼ cent. on the Second Board sales.

	Thurs.	Frid.		Thurs.	Frid.
Gold Coin	155⅞	153⅞	Harlem Pref.	104⅞	112
U. S. 6s, 1881	107⅞	107⅞	Mich. Central	110⅞	110
N. Y. Central	119⅞	119⅞	Mich. Southern	70	74⅞
Erie	66⅞	66⅞	Mich. Guaranteed	120	118
Erie Preferred	104	104	Illinois Central	93⅞	94⅞
Hudson	129	130	Pittsburgh	99	99⅞
Toledo	120⅞	120⅞	Fort Wayne	69⅞	70
Pacific Mail	108	108	Rock Island	89	89⅞
Quicksilver Co.	49	48	Northwest	37	37⅞
Harlem	99	101	Galena	105⅞	104

The following bids were made, to-day, for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	112	Bank of N. America	132
Merchants'	130	Hanover	94
Mechanics'	111	Irving	80
America	120	Metropolitan	110
Phœnix	100	People's	100
North River	100	Grocers	100
Tradesmen's	100	Market	100
Butchers' & Drovers'	130	Shoe and Leather	103
National	107⅞	Corn Exchange	104
Merchants' Exchange	92	Continental	96
Leather Manufacturers	120	St. Nicholas	96
Seventh Ward	100	Marine	100
State of New-York	101	Commonwealth	94
Commerce	103	Atlantic	70
Broadway	150	N. Y. County	110
Ocean	90	Importers' & Traders'	198
American Exchange	105	Park	135
Bank of the Republic	100		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s	110	Al. & T. H. 1st m.	105
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '84	106	Al. & T. H. 2d pref'd	75⅞
N. Y. Cen. 7s conv. '76	128	Al. & T. H. 2ds, inc.	85⅞
Erie R. 6ds, '96	113	L. C. & Mil. L. G. 8s	95
Erie R. seconds, '79	120	Chi. & N. W. s. f.	102
Erie R. thirds, '83	114	Chi. & N. W. int. B.	98
Erie R. fourths, '90	106⅞	Chi. & N. W. 1st, 2d ser	87
Erie R. fifths, '89	105	Chi. & N. W. 2ds	68
Hud. R. firsts, '84	116⅞	L. S. & M. S. B.	111
Hud. R. seconds, '7	98 117⅞	Del., Lack. & W. 1st	114⅞
Hud. R. thirds '75	115	Del., Lack. & W. 2ds	111
Hud. R. conv. '63	120	Tol. & Wab. firsts	105⅞
Harlem firsts, '72	110	Tol. & Wab. 2ds	93⅞
Har. seconds, '84	105	Tol. & Wab. Int. Bds	70
Har. thirds, '65	106⅞	M. & P. du C. firsts	107
Mich. Cen. 8 p c, '69, '72	115	Clev. & Tol. s. f.	110
Mich. C. new, 1st, '82	124	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1st	110⅞
Chi. B. & Q. 1st	113	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2ds	81⅞
Mich. S. 1 p c. 2ds	105⅞	Clev. & Pitts. 2ds	93⅞
N. Ind. R. Cod. L., '65, 104		Clev. & Pitts. 3ds	102
M. S. & N. Ind. s. f.	110	Clev. & Pitts. 4ths	87⅞
Illinois Central, '75	120	Miss. & Mo. Ld. Grant.	60⅞

We have been requested to call attention to the advertisement of the Importers' and Traders' Insurance Company. The premium receipts of the Company for the past four months have been about twice as large as during the same period of 1862, and the Company has a surplus equal to 15 ▼ cent on its capital. The stock of the company sold at auction last week at 100.

The Imports of Foreign Dry Goods, at the port of New-York, week ending May 7, were $1,084,594 against $679,826 same week last year, and $890,040 the corresponding week of 1861. The following is the summary for the week:

	CONSUMPTION ENTERED.		WAREHOUSED.		WITHDRAWN.	
	Pkgs.	Values.	Pkgs.	Values.	Pkgs.	Values.
Mf. of Wool	710	$222,470	651	$122,002	257	$79,712
Mf. of Cotton	124	32,070	239	57,298	72	23,210
Mf. of Silk	379	215,524	41	30,415	70	51,000
Mf. of Flax	272	147,290	259	140,651	146	79,203
Miscellaneous	1,174	33,476	6,530	30,703	2,902	39,053
Total	2,659	$651,130	4,803	$420,069	2,628	$227,982
		423,436				441,158
Total entered		$1,084,594	Total marketed			$669,120

By reference to advertisement in another column our readers will observe that Messrs. FISK & HATCH offer to deliver five-twenty bonds in July, after the right to convert has expired. This will enable parties having deposits in Savings Banks to take advantage of the conversion.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer United States, was as follows: Receipts, $5,198,074 19, (including $100,000 for Customs;) payments, $5,263,469 53; balance, $23,024,018 38.

Sales of Real Estate—MAY 7, 1863.

BY ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. E. WILKINS & CO.

Continuation of Woolsey Estate.

1 lot northwest corner 86th-st. and 9th av.	$1,300
1 lot adjoining on 9th-av.	625
1 lot adjoining on 9th-av.	800
1 lot adjoining on 9th-av.	725
1 lot in rear on 86th-st.	650
1 lot in rear on 86th-st.	650
2 lots in rear on 86th-st., each	650
1 lot southwest corner 86th-st. and 9th-av.	1,600
2 lots adjoining on 9th-av., each	1,150
2 lots adjoining, in rear on 86th-st., each	725
2 lots adjoining above, each	750
2 lots adjoining above, each	775
2 lots adjoining above, each	775
2 lots adjoining above, each	800
2 lots adjoining above, each	850
2 lots adjoining above, each	900
4 lots adjoining, 1 on 82d-st., and 3 on 83d-st., each	1,000
4 lots adjoining, 2 on 82d-st., and 2

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1863.

Amusements this Morning.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—[As heretofore]—Ancora.
WINTER GARDEN—Ro's Last Chevalier—Fair Fay.
WALLACK'S—The Gladiator.
BUTLO'S GARDEN—Lear the Forester.
BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Minnie Weaver, Curiosities Hunt, &c., at all hours—Exposition and Dramatic Performances Afternoon and Evening.
GOUPILS—(No. 772 Broadway)—The Alps at Sunrise.
LAURA KEENE'S—Merchant of Venice.
NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN—(No. 628 Broadway)—Exhibition of Paintings.
IRVING HALL—Vocal and Orchestral Concert.
THEATRE FRANCAIS—Non Invitee.
BROOKLYN ATHENEUM—Parlor's Dissolution.
HOPE CHAPEL—Duflocq's Tour of the Holy Land.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

An important proclamation has been issued by the President, defining the duties of persons of foreign birth, under the Conscription act. In order that all misapprehensions concerning the liability of persons who have declared their intention to become citizens may be avoided, he orders that no plea of alienage shall be received from such person who shall be found within the United States at any time during the continuance of the rebellion, after the expiration of the period of sixty-five days from the date of the Proclamation, and further, that no such plea of alienage shall be allowed in favor of any such person, who has exercised at any time the right of suffrage or other political franchise.

Gen. HOOKER'S army has again occupied its old position north of the Rappahannock, and the present "situation" is stated in a dispatch from the Secretary of War to Gov. CURTIN, of Pennsylvania, dated yesterday, and published this morning. He says that the principal operations of Gen. HOOKER failed, but that there has been no serious disaster to the organization or efficiency of the army, which succeeded in recrossing the Rappahannock without any loss in the movement. Not more than one-third of Gen. HOOKER'S forces were engaged in the late battles. The Secretary further says that the army will speedily resume offensive operations—probably as soon as the wounded are properly cared for, which will soon be done. Nearly a thousand arrived in Washington yesterday from Aquia Creek. Our losses are not yet definitely ascertained, but the estimate of 15,000 is given by our correspondents. The loss of the rebels is put down by the same correspondent as at least 25,000.

Capt. SUMNER, Gen. BURNSIDE'S Aid, arrived at headquarters of the Army of the Potomac on Thursday, having left his chief in the morning of that day. He confirms the destruction of all the enemy's railroad communications with Richmond, and reports that one party extended their operations to the James River, destroying the Lynchburgh Canal. Three regiments were also detached to destroy the railroad communications across the Chickahominy River, with orders to proceed subsequently to Yorktown. A dispatch from Yorktown, dated the 7th, announces the arrival of this force at Gloucester Point, on the York River, after having fully accomplished this object of their mission, and having been within three miles of Richmond.

It is stated that before Gen. HOOKER commenced his recent movement he telegraphed to the War Department that he had "no further requisitions to make, and that he expected no further orders."

Brig.-Gen. AVERILL was not put under arrest when ordered to report to Washington. He was simply relieved of his command.

We have this morning Admiral PORTER'S official dispatch to the Government announcing the capture of Grand Gulf, on the Mississippi. Accounts, both rebel and our own, of the first attack upon the place have already been published. On the 3d inst. Admiral PORTER'S gunboats—the *Lafayette, Carondelet, Mound City* and *Pittsburgh*—proceeded to make a second attack, when the works were found to be evacuated, the enemy having blown up their ammunition and spiked their large guns. The works were found to be very extensive and strong, but were literally torn to pieces by the fire of the gunboats. Col. WADE, the commander of the batteries, was killed; also his Chief of Staff and a number of others. Admiral PORTER considers Grand Gulf a stronger position than either Vicksburgh or Port Hudson, and thinks it could not have been captured had the fortifications been completed.

Dispatches in the rebel journals, dated Natchez, Miss., April 1, deny the reports which they previously circulated, that Gen. BANKS had captured Alexandria. They say that he has not been within fifty miles of there.

Gen. BROUGHTON, who has just been released from captivity among the rebels, brings the report, current in the rebel capital, that during the recent attack by our iron-clads upon Fort Sumter, one shell from the *Montauk* passed completely through the fort—through both walls—and fell in the water on the opposite side. Several very bad breaches were made. The rebels say that if the firing had been continued twenty-five minutes longer the fort would have surrendered. The fire from our gunboats and iron-clads was terrific. In the city every preparation had been made for evacuation. Negroes had been sent out, moveables packed up, women and children sent off, and everything made ready for departure.

According to the Wheeling *Intelligencer*, the raiding force into West Virginia is divided as follows: JONES has with him the Sixth, Seventh, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth Virginia cavalry—not full regiments. He has also with him the Maryland line of infantry and two sections of a battery. In all 5,000 men. IMBODEN has with him the Nineteenth, Twenty-fifth, Thirty-first and Sixty-second Virginia regiments of infantry, the First regiment of Virginia cavalry and six guns. In all 3,000 men. On Wednesday night it was not known certainly where this force was. Good authority said it was between Phillippi and Beverly, and good authority said it was around Weston.

Our Havana correspondent states that considerable excitement existed there at the date of his letter—the 3d inst.—in consequence of reports regarding the proceedings of United States cruisers in the Cuban waters. It was alleged that vessels had been chased within the marine jurisdiction of the Spanish authorities. There does not appear to be any good foundation for the allegation, however. The blockade runners continue quite active—the British steamer *Neptune* having arrived at Havana from Mobile on the 1st, loaded with cotton; and the *Calypso* and *Statesman* at Nassau, on the 25th ult., from Charleston, also with cargoes of cotton.

GENERAL NEWS.

We have advices from the headquarters of the French Expeditionary forces in Mexico to the 12th ult. By way of Havana, April 23d, inst., according to the French accounts, Gen. FOREY had succeeded in gaining possession of all the City of Puebla, excepting the space between the two barricades and the forts of Guadalupe and Loreto. Gen. FOREY is said to be quite satisfied with his progress.

The reception of the Fifth Regiment, New-York Volunteers, (DURYEE'S Zouaves,) by the Municipal authorities and the citizens of the Metropolis yesterday, was extremely cordial. The Seventy-first and Thirty-seventh regiments of militia, and the Tenth Volunteers, Col. REMBIX, turned out in the procession, and in the evening a Municipal banquet was given at the City Assembly Rooms, at which Alderman FARLEY presided, and strong Union speeches were made by Col. WARREN, Col. BURNIT, Gen. WALBRIDGE, Gen. DURYEE, Col. BUCKINGHAM and others.

About 2 o'clock yesterday morning an affray occurred at a porter-house kept by JOSEPH H. NIXON, at No. 68 Oliver-street, during which a boarding-house runner, named PATRICK MCGOVERN, was fatally shot in the left eye with a pistol, in the hands of JAMES O'HARA. McGOVERN was taken to the New-York Hospital, where he died in a short time. Coroner HARNEY held an inquest upon his body yesterday. O'HARA had not been arrested at a late hour last night.

The ship *Punjaub*, which was captured by the *Alabama* and bonded, was owned by Messrs. T. B. WALES & Co., of Boston, and she is the third ship belonging to the same owners which has been captured by the rebel pirates. One of them, the *T. B. Wales*, was burnt, and the others, the *Morning Star* and *Punjaub*, released on bonds given by their captains.

In the Court of Oyer and Terminer, before Judge INGRAHAM, GARRET LAUNDERSE was convicted of manslaughter in the third degree, for causing the death, by stabbing, of JOHN CAIN, at No. 25 Washington-street, on the 19th of March last. The prisoner was sentenced to the State Prison for three years. ASA CNOSSE, convicted on the 6th inst., of manslaughter in the second degree, was sentenced to five years in the State Prison.

In the Court of Sessions, before Judge MCCUNN, WILLIAM BROWN was convicted of grand larceny, and remanded for sentence. ERNEST HUMBOLDT pleaded guilty to grand larceny, and GEO. LANGDON to assault and battery, and both were remanded.

The price of Gold Coin fell off 3 ⅌ cent. yesterday, on the improved feeling in regard to the Army of the Potomac. Exchange, 166@167 ⅌ cent. Money active at 6 ⅌ cent. Stocks excited, and the speculation on the Share list very active, at generally firm prices. The subscriptions to the United States Loan were $1,153,750.

Breadstuffs, Provisions, Oils and Cotton were less sought after, yesterday, though prices favored buyers. Sugars, Teas, Molasses, Fruit, Ingot Copper, Pig Lead and Fire Crackers attracted more attention. Hay, Rice, Fish and Tallow were in fair request. The Freight market was less active.

The Cry for the Recall of McClellan.

We can tell the traps of faction who are shrieking for the restoration of MCCLELLAN that their wind is wasted. The thing cannot and will not be done. The Government has not lost its memory, nor the people their senses. There is an intelligent purpose yet to save this nation. There is a firmer resolve than ever to trust to agents equal to that end, and to those only. There is no more possibility that GEORGE B. MCCLELLAN, after the experience had of him, should be called back to the head of the army, than that JAMES BUCHANAN should be called back to the Executive Chair. The people have bidden a grim good-night to all imbeciles.

The impudence of this outcry against Gen. HOOKER for MCCLELLAN is monstrous. They, the supporters of the man who, more than any other, is responsible for the movement across the Potomac which occasioned the Ball's Bluff disaster—the man who, against the urgent warning of high officers, so divided his army at Fair Oaks, with the swollen Chickahominy between, whereby one portion was decimated and well nigh overwhelmed before the other could come to their support—the man who, at Gaines' Mills, stationed, or rather failed to withdraw, a corps across the river, though he had full warning that it was to be attacked by a force of three times the number, the consequence of which was a battle lost and nine thousand of as fine fellows as ever breathed wounded and dead in their tracks—they, the supporters of this man, have the effrontery to vituperate Gen. HOOKER for recrossing the Rappahannock when its swollen and extraordinary rise was endangering his position, and to demand the restoration of their favorite. They do this, too, at the very first breath, without stopping to hear a word about the actual reasons for the movement. While other men are seeing in it, or, at least, are hoping to find in it gratifying evidence that Gen. HOOKER, who is known to have every other high military quality, possesses also the quality of high prudence, which many feared did not belong to his temperament, and while too they are admiring the masterly ability with which the movement, supposing it to be necessary, was executed, these followers of MCCLELLAN take no thought but how they can turn the matter to his advantage, and forthwith make the day hideous with their clamor. Even if it should finally be made to appear, which we do not at all believe, that Gen. HOOKER, in some particular misjudged, yet any decent man would say that that was no reason for his sacrifice, inasmuch as the Commander never yet lived who did not sometimes make mistakes. But that the believers in MCCLELLAN, whose whole career, from beginning to end, was thick with mistakes of commission and omission, and whom yet the people continued to trust, with a generous indulgence that will hereafter stand as the greatest marvel in the history of this war—that these men, we say, should raise this cry for the dismissal of Gen. HOOKER at his very *first* mistake, allowing that he has made one, is the very extreme of shamelessness. It is ridiculous; it is more than that—it is disgusting.

The people, these creatures may rely upon it, will stick by HOOKER, until he is thoroughly tried and found wanting. They know that his heart is completely in the war—that he abhors and detests rebels and the sympathizers with rebels—that he will hold no bosom counsel with the Fitz John Porters of the service, or intrust them with any responsibility—that he would sooner touch the plague than the leprous hands daily grasped by MCCLELLAN. They know, too, that Gen. HOOKER is a man of action. They are sure that this Summer, whatever its vicissitudes, will at least show a very different spectacle in Virginia from the last—that there will be no month lost in sitting with a hundred thousand men before earthworks at Yorktown, manned by ten thousand, that could be carried in a day—no consumption of a fortnight in marching by an unobstructed road forty or fifty miles from Williamsburgh to the Chickahominy—no lingering for six weeks in the swamps of the Chickahominy with hardly a blow struck on the offensive, while tens of thousands were sinking into an inglorious grave from the deadly malaria—no failure to take prompt advantage of such opportunities to seize the rebel Capital as were offered at Williamsburgh, at Fair Oaks and at Malvern Hill—and no neglect to follow up such a victory as that at Antietam with pursuit and a permanently crippling blow. All that sort of dawdling is now done with. Moreover, the people believe that HOOKER will make such dispositions of his army as will avoid such an unconcerted and disorderly engagement as that at Williamsburgh, such a surprise without the means of retreat, as that at Fair Oaks; such a disposition of forces as occasioned 27,000 men at Gaines' Mills to be pounced upon by 70,000, and well nigh overwhelmed; such a precipitate and tumultuous retreat as that from Malvern Hill to Harrison Bar, and such a delay in occupying defensible ground as at Harrison's Bar, where nothing but a heavy rain, impeding the movement of the enemy's artillery, prevented the absolute destruction of the army. They also are confident that the battles which HOOKER will fight will be overlooked, in the manner of Napoleon and Wellington, by himself on the field of battle, and that thus he will be ready on the instant to seize the critical moment, whether to avert disasters or secure triumph; and that he will not, after the manner of MCCLELLAN, either keep out of the sight of the combat altogether, as was done in every battle on the Peninsula, or view it, as was done at Antietam, on a camp stool a mile or two away, the other side of the river.

The idea that earnest "Fighting Joe HOOKER" is, at this stage of the business, to be sent out of the field, and the frigid pedant, MCCLELLAN, to be brought up to the rescue, is superlatively absurd. Nothing but a half-insane, half-traitorous craving to turn him to party account, could have ever started such a vagary. The devotees of MCCLELLAN are doing him no service in thrusting him forward in this unseemly style. The Government has bidden him go in peace; and as for the people, they are perfectly content he should eat his call with the Copperheads in perfect quiet. This war has done with him; and it is the War alone they care for. But if his friends are not content that he should remain where he belongs, and shall insist upon subjecting him to public scrutiny and comment, he will be dealt with in such fashion as sternest truth requires.

Necessity of Reserves.

The policy of the Government in regard to raising and using armies, is open to a criticism that does little credit to its military sagacity or its resources. It is not too much to say that an immediate reform is imperatively demanded, not only for the honor, but for the success of our arms. We allude to the utter want of any reserved force, upon which the country can fall back in case of disaster.

It is strange that the public Press should find it necessary to protest against this anomaly in war making, when the management of our military affairs is supposed to be in the hands of experienced and competent military men. But the lack of provision in this matter is glaring, notorious, and long-continued.

We have had three signal instances, in front of Washington, of the fighting of great battles without the presence of a reserve to prosecute a victory, or, in case of defeat, to prevent a disaster. When Gen. POPE fought at Manassas he was obliged to put every regiment in his lines of battle that the Government could give him. If he had been able to withstand the enemy, he could not have advanced, or if he had defeated him, he could not have pursued. As it was, he was beaten, and his shattered columns sought safety in the fortunately near defences of Washington, carrying, however, panic to the Capital, and filling the heart of the nation with deep concern and alarm.

The same thing happened at Fredericksburgh. BURNSIDE had to use all the army the Government could give him. He threw it across the river and against the battery-crowned heights of Fredericksburgh, but in vain. He retreated, and saved his army almost by a miracle. Every patriot who knows anything of the history of war still trembles to think how that army was imperiled, remembering that there was no reserve at hand to save the country if that army had been lost.

This sad blunder has been just repeated on the Rappahannock. Gen. HOOKER moved his whole army against the enemy. He became involved in unexpected topographical difficulties—he lost his original line of battle from this and other causes—and then the fight was lost. The enemy pushed his advantage, and HOOKER had no reserves nearer than HEINTZELMAN'S Corps in the Washington defences to reform upon and retrieve his misfortune. A retreat was sounded and a river crossed again in the face of the enemy, as in BURNSIDE'S case. These are shocking perils, and it is utter madness to run them, when the nation can furnish a million soldiers to fight battles and form reserves, so that battles may be fought successfully and safely.

SPIRIT OF THE ARMY.—From gentlemen who arrived here yesterday from HOOKER'S army, and from our correspondents, we have the most cheering news regarding the condition and spirit of the Army of the Potomac since the soldiers have returned to their former cantonments. The army has lost heavily within the last eight days—probably not less than one-eighth of its effective force; but it is still inspired in the highest degree with the soldierly spirit and instinct with every soldierly feeling. There was no straggling on the return from Chancellorsville to Falmouth, but the men marched with the light of battle in the eye, and with a tread as orderly, firm and proud as that with which they set out for the combat, a week previously. So far as they are concerned, they are ready at once to renew the fight, and strike another blow for victory and the Union. Our citizens yesterday had an opportunity to see the stuff, discipline and spirit of the men, as DURYEE'S splendid regiment of returned Zouaves marched up Broadway. These were men fresh from the bloody battle-field. They were men whom no fortune could demoralize.

A Movement of Some Importance.

We published yesterday morning the proceedings of a Democratic meeting held at Mozart Hall on Thursday evening. It was emphatically a *peace* meeting—and it took action which committed all concerned in it to a speedy and unconditional termination of the war,—leaving the question of preserving the Union to the chances of future diplomatic arrangements. The last two in the series of resolutions adopted at this meeting were as follows:

Resolved, That the paper lately issued at Albany, purporting to be the address of the Democratic members of the Legislature, has no binding effect upon the Democracy of this City or vicinity, because our members, whose names were without authority attached to it, did not sign and do not concur in it, and *because said paper advocates a continuance of the war under the policy of the Administration, with all its objects, outrages and unconstitutional purposes.* We call upon the members of this City to publicly disavow it, or we shall disavow them.

Resolved, That in view of this attempt at Albany to place the Democratic party of the State in a false position as favoring a continuance of the war, we are glad to learn that *the masses composing the Democratic party will meet in a State Convention at an early day*, to the end that they may express their own opinions upon this great question, independent of the selfish clique which has so long ruled and ruined the party organization of the Empire State.

This language shows that the movement is nothing less than a secession of the *Peace* Democrats, of whom FERNANDO WOOD is leader, from the Democratic party in the State at large. We spoke of the legislative address at the time it was issued, as committing the party to the vigorous prosecution of the war. We believe that in this it expressed the sentiments of the great body of the Democratic party in this State. But it very clearly repudiated utterly the Copperheadism which has obtained a lodgment in the party, and which has more than once assumed to speak on its behalf. Previous to the State election of last Fall, *everything looked as if the Peace men had obtained control of the Democracy.* FERNANDO WOOD, who has more energy and more courage than all the rest of his party put together, had dictated the terms of a union with Tammany Hall. He had exercised a potent control over the action of the State Convention. He aided essentially in securing the triumph of the State ticket, and the most conspicuous organs of Tammany Hall united in insisting that he should be the candidate of the party for the United States Senatorship. But after the election was over things, took a different turn. The language of the rebel Press, and the general current of events, proved conclusively that the abject offers of Northern Democrats for terms of peace, were spurned with contempt by the leaders of the Southern rebellion. It was seen, moreover, that in spite of their discontent with the conduct of the war, the great mass of the people of the Northern States would never consent to the destruction of the National Government until their physical power had proved inadequate to preserve it. Then the control of the Democratic party passed into the hands of men who believed in a vigorous prosecution of the war, until the rebellion should be crushed and the Union restored. This is the sentiment of the Democratic Legislative address.

Naturally enough, WOOD, BROOKS, and their associates are not content with this state of affairs. They are for *peace*—without conditions and without delay. They believe that thousands and tens of thousands of the Democratic party throughout this State concur with them in this opinion, and they propose, therefore, to take an appeal from the language of the legislative address, and from the general tenor of Democratic opinions, and to organize a party of their own on the basis of immediate and unconditional *peace*. It seems from the above resolutions that a State Convention is soon to be called, and that steps will be taken to organize a party on this basis throughout the State.

We cannot say that we are sorry to see this movement commenced. It will give definite form to the peace sentiment of the State. It will enable those who really sympathize with the secession movement to put their sympathy into tangible shape. And it will, furthermore, enable those Democrats who are *not* for an unconditional peace, to escape the embarrassment of a compromising association with those who are.

MR. ADAMS AND BRITISH TRADE WITH MEXICO.—The *Courrier des Etats Unis* joins the Paris Press in denouncing the action of our Minister in England, in giving a certificate of character to a British vessel bound to Mexico, as hostile to France in her war with that country. It says that "the phrase in which Mr. ADAMS declares that a vessel *loaded with arms for the Mexicans* has an honorable destination, is, to say the least, strange language to come from the pen of the representative of a nation at peace with France."

We beg to remind the *Courrier* that no such phrase is to be found in the letter of Mr. ADAMS. There is not a word or a syllable in that document which indicates, or makes it probable, that he knew that the cargo of the vessel in question consisted of arms or of anything else contraband of war. Whether the vessel had, or had not, any such articles on board, we do not know. We have seen no evidence of that fact—nothing indeed beyond the statements of the London *Times* and of one or two members of the House of Commons, who evidently know nothing of the matter but what they had read in that journal. The general assumption, we are aware, on both sides the water has been that the vessel was thus loaded. We ourselves took it for granted at the outset that this was so. But we have seen no proof whatever upon the subject.

Whatever the fact may have been, it is quite clear, from the tenor of the note of Mr. ADAMS, that he did not know that the vessel was carrying arms, and that he had not the slightest thought of authorizing any commerce in contraband of war. His note was addressed to Admiral DUPOUY, Commander of our blockading squadron on the Southern coast. He speaks of the fact that *supplies* had frequently been taken to the rebels under pretext of a destination to some Mexican port. It was this point that he sought to guard against. It was the actual, *bona fide* destination of the vessel and her cargo to which his attention was directed; and he merely certifies that he is satisfied the vessel is actually bound for Matamoras, and her cargo really *intended for the Mexicans*, instead of the rebels. There is not a syllable which implies any knowledge or suspicion on his part, that the cargo embraced any arms or munitions of war, or that it was intended in any way to carry such supplies to the Mexican army. He was simply guarding American interests, and trying to provide against a violation or evasion of our blockade.

But even if the vessel did carry arms to aid the Mexicans against France, and if it was thus a violation of neutrality, the responsibility rests with the British and not with U. S. Mr. ADAMS had nothing whatever to do with that aspect of the question. The ship was a British ship, sailing from a British port, with British papers and under the British flag;—and if she was violating any neutrality it was *British* neutrality, and not ours. It was a British vessel that was thus seeking to arm the Mexicans against the French Emperor;—and the hue and cry which the British Press is raising on the subject is merely intended to conceal the real responsibility of British traders and the British Government for this flagrant breach of faith toward a friend and ally.

Sound Doctrine.

The *Journal of Commerce*, commenting on the recent failure on the Rappahannock, and on the effect which that event should have on the progress of the war, says that some persons seem driven to despair by this misfortune and already begin to whisper about "settling the matter and dividing the Union." Upon this point the *Journal* says:

"We protest against all such suggestion. *We call on conservative men in all parts of the land to raise their voices now against every proposal for peace and division.* It is the time when lofty patriotism demands the greatest sacrifices; when the American heart must be roused to the noblest actions. We know that the future is dark with the leadership which we have, and must have; but we know that *the true, the only, principle of action now is firm, unswerving support of the Constitution and the constitutional authorities*; and if the people speak out in their might to-day, their voice will be heard, and the war will yet be made to result in the overthrow of rebellion, while the peaceful contents of the ballot-box will result in the everlasting demolition of the radicalism which has plunged us into this new abyss of sorrow. Every energy must now be strengthened and exerted. *What will you do if you think of disunion?* Do you know what will become of Missouri, of brave, noble, faithful old Kentucky, of Maryland, of Washington itself? If you could do nothing more than stand on the defensive and hold your lines from the Atlantic to the Pacific against the hosts of our enemies for two years, until we can place a stronger Administration in power, you must do that. But you can do more than that. *It is not a party war, it is not a radical war, it is not an abolition war*, strong as the efforts have been, of the radical party, to make it such. *It is your country's war, and the peace to be won must be a Union peace. That and that alone must be the aim, the desire, the vow of every true man.*"

This is just and manly language. It is the ground which every man who is loyal to the country and the Constitution must occupy; and we hail it from the *Journal of Commerce* as another proof of the substantial union of the American people, without regard to party, on the main issue of prosecuting the war until the rebellion is quelled. The *Journal* opposes, vehemently and vigorously, many of the measures of the Administration. It declares its lack of faith in the men who compose it, and declares its purpose to do everything in its power to secure the election of others in their place. All this it has a perfect right to do. But while they are in power, it accepts the duty of sustaining them in their efforts for the preservation of the Union and the overthrow of the rebel power which threatens it with destruction.

We are confident that this is the sentiment and the purpose of the great body of the people of the Northern States, Democrats and Republicans; and nothing is needed but the clear, distinct declaration of this hearty and unanimous determination of the people, and prompt and vigorous measures to give it effect, to achieve the overthrow of the rebellion and restore the supremacy of the national flag. We can not only afford to waive for the time all differences of opinion on minor points, but we cannot afford to do otherwise.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—VERDI'S ever popular opera of "Ernani" was given here last evening, to a house that was by far the best of the week. It is a favorite work with our public, and there are enthusiasts who claim that it is the only meritorious production of the composer. When rendered as it was last night, it is certainly one of the most spirited operas on the Italian stage. Signor MARIANI, and Signor BACHI and Signor BELLINI, equally excellent in their *roles*, were in themselves an *ensemble* sufficient to insure the success of the performance. But when the chorus and orchestra were good as they were last night, the combination is little less than electrical. The *finale* to the first act had to be repeated, and during the evening the audience expressed its satisfaction by repeated bursts of applause. Mme. GUERRABELLA was the *Elvira* of the occasion.

To-day, at the grand Matinee VERDI'S new opera of "Aroldo" will be played for the last time. It is a feast for the eye as well as the ear. The dresses are superb, and even some of the new scenery is worth looking at. The musical portion of the entertainment is, of course, admirable. It is only now, indeed, that the opera is in thorough working order. Signora ORSATANI BRUNOLI, Signor MARIANI, Signor BACHI, and other artists of the troupe, are in the distribution.

WALLACK'S THEATER.—Mr. LESTER WALLACK, the most useful, agreeable, reliable, gentlemanly and accomplished light comedian in America, and an artist who—let the little critics sneer as they will—is the life and soul of the establishment over which he presides, takes his benefit to-night. The occasion is sure to be seized with delight by the very large class that indorses our estimate of the benefiture, and a single word of urging would simply be thrown away. We shall content ourselves, therefore, with announcing that the play selected for the occasion is the "Stranger"—a work which requires nearly all the artists of the Company in its performance. The distribution, to-night, is faultless.

IRVING HALL.—Mr. THEODORE THOMAS' annual concert, to which *we* have already referred, takes place to-night. The orchestral works, which will be interpreted by an orchestra of eighty players, are the overture to the "Magic Flute," by Mozart; "Harold in Italy," symphony in four parts, by Hector Berlioz, (first time in America,) and the Symphony No. 5, in C minor, opus 67, by BEETHOVEN. Madame D'ANGRI is the vocalist of the occasion, and will sing a cavatina from "Tancredi," and an aria from "Romeo and Juliet." Mr. S. B. MILLS, the celebrated pianist, will play CHOPIN'S polonaise in E flat, op. 22. A programme like this is indeed a luxury. It excels in all respects the most favored issues of the Philharmonic Society. We hope Mr. THOMAS will meet with the success to which he is justly entitled.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.—MATILDA HERON will take a benefit at this house to-night, appearing in her own version of the classic play of "Phædra," and also, with Mr. BARNABEE, (the German actor,) as *Paris*, in the "Merchant of Venice." In addition to this strong attraction, Señora CURAS will give one of her brilliant Spanish dances.

Rogers & Raymond
Present their compliments to Noxzema as:
HEADS OF FAMILIES,
and request a call for the purpose of inspecting the most complete, elegant and varied stock of
BOYS' CLOTHING
they have ever yet submitted to the public at this season of the year. They claim, also, that their reputation as the
CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE TRADE
was never so truly deserved as now, since they adhere to their old rates, notwithstanding the rise in goods.
Fulton-st., Nos. 121, 123 and 125,
Broadway, No. 214.

Abbatt & Rathbun Have, as Usual, a large assortment of Spring and Summer clothing for Boys, Youth and Men. The goods were all selected with great care, and no pains were spared in the manufacture of the garments to give them the superiority, in style and finish, which is so universally acknowledged their goods possess. Additions to their stock are constantly being made from their manufacturing department.
Men's Spring Overcoats, Business Coats, Vests and Pants. Also, a fine selection of piece goods in the Men's Custom Department. ABBATT & RATHBUN,
No. 507 Broadway, (under St. Nicholas Hotel.)

ΙΩΔΗΣ.....IODINE WATER
Pure IODINE in pure WATER. A cure for Scrofula, Consumption, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Syphilis, Mercurial Disease, and all those distressing and afflicting maladies, which arise from an enfeebled, vitiated state of the blood, defective nutrition, an impure atmosphere, &c. Its genuineness as a pure solution, and its excellence as a medicine are attested by such distinguished names as Dr. J. R. Chilton, Prof. R. H. Parker, Prof. J. C. Hoch, Dr. J. B. C. Smith and others.
$1 per bottle, $9 per half dozen.
Dr. H. ANDERS & Co.,
Physicians and Chemists, No. 420 Broadway.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.—Extract of "The Night-blooming Cereus"—a most exquisite, delicate and fragrant perfume, distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name. Ladies are requested to call and examine the quality; a sample bottle open for inspection. Price 75 cents per bottle. PHALON & SON,
No. 517 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

Remsine's Crimean Bitters.
An Aromatic Tonic and Alterative, unequaled for the prevention and cure of dyspepsia, and all diseases arising from derangement of the digestive organs, fever and ague, neuralgia, &c., &c. Fifty cases for sale by
E. C. WELLS & CO., General Agents,
No. 116 Franklin-st., New-York.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Straw Hats.
A large and varied stock of STRAW HATS, for both old and young, together with FRENCH SOFT HATS and TRAVELING CAPS. MILITARY HATS and CAPS in every variety, at WHITE'S, No. 333 Broadway.

Duchardt's Castile Powder.
The merciful man is kind to his beast.
For fattening and improving all kinds of stock.
Agents, D. S. BARNES & CO., No. 323 Broadway.
For sale by all dealers.

Second-Hand Safes for Sale,
FIVE LARGE-SIZE—HERRING'S MAKE,
CHEAP FOR CASH,
AT NO. 105 MAIDEN-LANE.

Nos. 290 and 292 Bowery.
The cheapest cash Clothing Warehouse in the City. GEO. A. HUNTER & CO.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing-machines,
With valuable improvements.
Office, No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST, AT A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York.

Spring Clothing.
AT EVANS'
EXTENSIVE CLOTHING WAREHOUSE,
68
and Fulton-st.
68
Twenty-five per cent below the market price.

Remsine's Crimean Bitters.
This exhilarant tonic should be in every family. For dyspepsia, nausea, loss of appetite, lowness of spirits, flatulence, nervous headache, fever and ague, sea-sickness and nervous debility, nothing can equal it. It has been severely tested in United States hospitals and private families in New-York and Brooklyn. It is in quart bottles. Price $1. For sale by Freeman & Co., Nos. 205 and 211, 184 Broadway; J. & I. Coddington, No. 712 Broadway; John Meakim, No. 679 Broadway; Thomas Bailey, Bible House, and many others.

Costiveness.—No person can feel well while a costive habit of body prevails, and no one can expect to enjoy health permanently who permits it, or it is contrary to the economy of the system, and gives rise to a goodly proportion of the ills which afflict the human race. To obviate it, therefore, is to secure the health of nature in the fullest duration; yet, in attempting its removal, discrimination with regard to the remedies to be used is requisite. Violent purgatives temporarily remove obstructions, weaken the bowels, and reduce the strength of the patient, and are followed usually by greater constipation, rendering another and more dose necessary, until even the strongest purgatives lose their effect, and the patient's condition becomes deplorable. What is required is a gentle purgative—one having some action on the liver, and one that can be taken daily without impairing the strength of the patient, or injury to the system, until the tendency to constipation is removed. But few remedies have been found to combine these requirements, and of those few probably none have been so successful, as demonstrated by many years' use, as Dr. D. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS. They are usually taken every night at bedtime, causing, in proper doses, no inconvenience during the night, and producing no sickness or unpleasant effect during the day, so that persons may follow their usual avocations, whether of business or pleasure, in the same manner as if they had not taken the Pills. Their good effect will begin to be obvious after a week or two's use, particularly in greater clearness of mind, and an increased energy and disposition to work and to enjoy life, and their continued use in the restoration of the health to the patient. Sold by KITCHEN, TYLER & CO., and at retail by Druggists generally.

Paris, London and New-York Medical ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE. 25th edition, 200 pages, nearly 100 engravings, cloth, upon Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Blood, Genito-Urinary organs, &c., by M. LAMONT, Physician and Surgeon. Consultation, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M., (by letter or in person,) at No. 347 Broadway, (up stairs,) New-York City. Mailed in sealed envelopes for $1, by R. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House, and S. TOUSEY, No. 121 Nassau-st.

Boots and Shoes for Children and Youths.—At the same establishment parents and guardians can procure any description of boots and shoes for boys and youths, misses and children, at fair prices—CAMPRELL'S stock of these fashions being of the largest and most varied character.

Bogle's Hyperion Fluid Restores and Dresses hair elegantly. BOGLE'S Hyperion Fluid dye, any shade, natural and life-like. Surpasses everything. Try. Be convinced. W. BOGLE, Boston. Sold everywhere.

Every Business Man should have a copy of the METROPOLITAN BANK NOTE REPORTER. See advertisement in another column.

MARRIAGES.

Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Foote's Patent
UMBRELLA LOCK STAND,
Is a most ingenious and useful. Its introduction into counting-rooms, hotels, offices and halls, and other places of public and private resort, must become general.—New-York Times.
Office No. 335 Broadway, New-York.

Rheumatic Tablets, for Indigestion, Heartburn, &c.—Manufactured only by S. G. WELLING, Sc. 197 Canal-st., near the Grand and Howard sts. Price 50 cents per box.

Try it.—Rheumatism, Gelts, Cramp, Sore Throat, Pains in the Limbs, Back and Chest, are immediately cured by using DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT. Without has ever been discovered that can equal this in Warranted. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by all druggists.

Trusses.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensories, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder braces, &c. A lady attendant.

The Patent Arm and Leg.—B. FRANK PALMER, inventor and patentee, Astor-place, (ground floor) N. Y. Also Philadelphia and Boston. Only house of Patent Arm. Avoid imposition by calling on the inventor.

Corns, Bunions, Inverted Nails, Enlarged Joints, and all deformities of the feet cured without pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. RACHARIE, Surgeon Chiropodist, No. 589 Broadway.

Artificial Limbs: by S. D. Hudson, M. D., New-York, Astor-place, Clinton Hall, up stairs. U. S. soldiers and marines furnished without charge by order of Surg.-Gen. Hammond, U.S.A., and Surg. Wood, U.S.N.

MARRIED.

NICHOL—WEBBER.—In Philadelphia, on Thursday, May 7, by Rev. Richard Newton, EDWARD BACON and LIZZIE W. WEBBER, all of that City.

LIEBERGES—SCHUTZ.—On Thursday, May 7, by Rev. Dr. Adler, at the residence of the bride's uncle, LEARSUS LIEBERGES, Esq., and Miss FRANCES SCHUTZ, all of this City.

REVERE—FOULKE.—In Philadelphia, on Thursday, 7th inst., at St Clement's Church, by Rev. Mr. Waldon, Mr. JOHN F. REVERE, Jr., and Miss JENNIE FOULKE, all of that City.

TUTE—HOGEBOOM.—In Danbury, Conn., on Tuesday, May 5, by Rev. S. G. Coe, Mr. HARRY S. WEBB, of Brooklyn, and Mrs. MARY A. HOGEBOOM, of Danbury.

DIED.

ABBE.—In Brooklyn, on Friday evening, May 8, DANIEL W. ABBE, in the 59th year of his age.
Funeral services will be held on Sunday afternoon, 10th inst., at 4 o'clock, at the residence of his sister, Phebe Townsend, No. 352 Pacific-st., where the relatives and friends are invited to attend, without further notice. The remains will be taken to Pleasant Valley, Dutchess Co., Monday, on the 7 o'clock train, on Monday morning, May 11.

ABBOTT.—On Friday morning, May 8, of disease of the heart, EMILY F., eldest daughter of George and Ann Abbott, aged 22 years, 1 month and 24 days.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday morning, May 10, at 9 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 171 West 26th-st. The remains to be taken to Yonkers for interment.

ABEL.—On Friday, May 8, Mrs. ANNA MARIA ABEL, the wife of Rudolph Abel, in the 37th year of her age.
The funeral services will take place at her late residence, No. 63 Perry-st., on Sunday, May 10, at 3 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. The remains will be interred at Tarrytown, on Monday morning, May 11.

ARMSTRONG.—On Thursday, May 7, ISABELLA, widow of the late Matthew Armstrong, aged 81 years.
The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, Henry Camp, No. 18 Grand-st., on Saturday, the 9th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., without further invitation.

BARNUM.—On Friday, May 1, ANNIE MARYES, daughter of Benson and Mary S. Barnum, aged 1 year and 10 months.

CLARK.—In Brooklyn, on Friday morning, May 8, after a short and severe illness, which she bore with Christian fortitude, MARY L., wife of Capt. Alexander H. Clark.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 114 4th-st., on Monday, May 11, at 2 o'clock P. M.

COOT.—In Harlem, on Thursday, May 7, after a long and painful illness, JOHN COOT, aged 62 years.
Funeral services will be held at St. Andrew's Church, 127th-st., Harlem, on Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock. The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. Harlem cars leave 26th-st. at 11:15.

DARE.—At Middle Village, Long Island, on Wednesday, May 6, Mr. JAMES DARE, in the 81st year of his age.
Funeral will take place at his residence, on Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock P. M. Carriages will leave Grand-st. Ferry, Williamsburgh, at 2 o'clock.

DE FOREST.—On Thursday, May 7, ABBOT SCHUYLER DE FOREST, in the 19th year of his age.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday, May 10, at 3½ o'clock, from the Church of the Transfiguration, 28th-st., between Madison and 5th ave.

FIRTH.—On Thursday, May 7, after a lingering illness, JOHN N. FIRTH, aged 43 years and 3 months.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 235 4th-st., on Monday, May 11, at 11 o'clock A. M.

GRAHAM.—On Friday morning, May 8, JANE A. GRAHAM, daughter of the late Duncan Graham, aged 21 years.
The relatives and friends are requested to attend the funeral without further invitation, from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Lozier, No. 131 Henry-st., Brooklyn, on Monday, May 11, at 11 o'clock A. M.

HOGAN.—On Friday, May 8, JOHN HOGAN, aged 20 years, 11 months and 10 days.
His relatives and friends, and those of his brothers, Edward and Dennis, also of his uncle, Patrick Hogan, are respectfully requested to attend his funeral, from his residence, No. 4 Bowling-Green, on Sunday afternoon, May 10, at 1 o'clock. His remains will be taken to St. Peter's Church, where the funeral services will be performed, and thence conveyed to Calvary Cemetery for interment.

HOPKINS.—In this City, on Friday, May 8, at the residence of his brother-in-law, James T. Potter, JOHN J. HOPKINS, in the 31st year of his age.
The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Monday, May 11, at 1 o'clock P. M., from No. 451 6th-av., without further invitation.

KNAPP.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, May 8, CAROLINE M., wife of Samuel T. Knapp, aged 35 years.
Notice of funeral in this evening's papers.

KNAPP.—On Thursday, May 7, JULIUS W., only child of Charles E. and Louisa G. Knapp, aged 2 years and 6 months.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his grandfather, Julius Wooding, No. 208 Spring-st., on Saturday afternoon, May 9, at 1 o'clock.

LEE.—On Thursday, May 7, after a lingering illness, GILBERT LEE, aged 44 years.
The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at 3 o'clock A. M., at his late residence, No. 208 East 30th-st., and at Greenwich, Conn., M. E. Church, on Sunday, May 10, at 10 o'clock.

LEWIS.—On Thursday, May 7, of consumption, ANN ALMEDA, youngest daughter of Noah T. and Rachel Ann Lewis, in the 20th year of her age.
The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, to-day, (Saturday,) May 9, at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 114 4th-av.

MEAD.—In Greenwich, Conn., on Friday morning, May 8, after a protracted illness, MARCUS MEAD, aged 64 years.
Funeral from his late residence, in Greenwich, on Sunday afternoon, May 10. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. New-Haven cars leave Fulton-ferry, foot of Fulton-st., at 2 o'clock P. M., on the arrival of the Harlem cars from 27th-st. for Portchester at 3 o'clock P. M., on Saturday, May 9. Carriages will be in waiting at Portchester.

MERRIAM.—In this City, on Friday, May 8, E. MERRIAM, late of San Francisco, Cal.
The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the Church of the Transfiguration, 28th-st., between 5th and Madison ave., on Monday, May 11, at 2 o'clock, without further invitation.

MOORE.—On Thursday, May 7, CATHARINE, widow of Richard Moore, aged 84 years.
The funeral services will take place on Sabbath afternoon, May 10, at 4½ o'clock, at her late residence, No. 15 Park-av. Her friends, and those of her sons, Hooper and John A. Moore, are invited to attend, without further invitation. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment, on Monday morning, May 11.

MULLER.—At Fireplace, Suffolk County, Long Island, on Tuesday morning, May 7, Dr. MATHIEU MULLER, aged 70 years.
Funeral from his late residence, at 2 P. M. on Saturday. Long Island Railroad cars leave James-slip at 9 o'clock A. M. Conveyances will be in waiting on arrival at Yaphank.

NOYES.—At Cairo, Ill., on Tuesday, April 28, of pneumonia, CHARLES RUSSELL, son of William C. and Jane E. Noyes, of this City, aged 15 years and 11 months.
The body will be interred in Greenwood.

PARKER.—On Friday morning, May 8, JESSIE EMILY, infant daughter of George W. and Emily M. Parker, aged 20 months.
Funeral service on Saturday, May 9, at 4 o'clock P. M., at No. 6 East Warren-st., Brooklyn.

POOLE.—In English Neighborhood, N. J., on Thursday, May 7, MARY POOLE, widow of the late Joseph Poole, aged 84 years.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Reformed Dutch Church, at that place, on Saturday, May 9, at 3 o'clock P. M.

TALLMAN.—On Friday morning, May 8, CLARENCE, infant son of William M. and Mary A. B. Tallman.
Funeral on Saturday afternoon, May 9, at 3 o'clock, from 8th-st., between 3d and 4th ave., Brooklyn, E. D.

WATKINS.—On Tuesday afternoon, May 5, EMELINE A., daughter of Wm. S. Watkins.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Sunday, May 10, at 2 o'clock P. M., from her father's residence, No. 156 West 23d-st.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.
KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 203.—May 2, 1863.
21, 78, 9, 73, 63, 45, 49, 47, 11, 16, 36, 40, 26.
KENTUCKY, CLASS 204.—May 8, 1863.
11, 36, 46, 42, 8, 20.
Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Great Britain and the Continent, via Boston and Halifax, per steamer NEW-YORK, and for Ireland and France, per steamer CITY OF MANCHESTER, will close at this Office, on SATURDAY, the 9th day of May, at 10½ o'clock A. M., and at the above places on Sunday: Steamer Asia, at 7 A. M. Cunard, at 8 A. M. Inman, at 9 A. M. Saxonia, at 7½ A. M. Anglo Saxon, at 8 A. M.
ARAM WALKMAN, Postmaster.

A GOOD THING.

THE BEST HELP FOR THE HOUSE.
THE BEST HELP FOR THE HOUSE.
THE BEST HELP FOR THE HOUSE.
THE BEST HELP FOR THE HOUSE.
THE BEST HELP FOR THE HOUSE.
FOR THE GARDEN, FOR THE FARM.
FOR THE GARDEN, FOR THE FARM.
FOR THE GARDEN, FOR THE FARM.
FOR THE GARDEN, FOR THE FARM.
FOR THE GARDEN, FOR THE FARM.
FOR EVERYBODY, IS THE
FOR EVERYBODY, IS THE
FOR EVERYBODY, IS THE
FOR EVERYBODY, IS THE
FOR EVERYBODY, IS THE
AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.
AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.
AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.
AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.
AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.
FULL OF GOOD THINGS. EXAMINE IT.
FULL OF GOOD THINGS. EXAMINE IT.
FULL OF GOOD THINGS. EXAMINE IT.
FULL OF GOOD THINGS. EXAMINE IT.
FULL OF GOOD THINGS. EXAMINE IT.
SEE HOW MUCH REALLY USEFUL.
SEE HOW MUCH REALLY USEFUL.
SEE HOW MUCH REALLY USEFUL.
SEE HOW MUCH REALLY USEFUL.
SEE HOW MUCH REALLY USEFUL.
REALLY VALUABLE INFORMATION.
REALLY VALUABLE INFORMATION.
REALLY VALUABLE INFORMATION.
REALLY VALUABLE INFORMATION.
REALLY VALUABLE INFORMATION.
IT CONTAINS. FOR YOURSELF.
IT CONTAINS. FOR YOURSELF.
IT CONTAINS. FOR YOURSELF.
IT CONTAINS. FOR YOURSELF.
IT CONTAINS. FOR YOURSELF.
FOR YOUR WIFE. FOR YOUR CHILDREN.
FOR YOUR WIFE. FOR YOUR CHILDREN.
FOR YOUR WIFE. FOR YOUR CHILDREN.
FOR YOUR WIFE. FOR YOUR CHILDREN.
FOR YOUR WIFE. FOR YOUR CHILDREN.
TRY IT. IT IS CHEAP.
TRY IT. IT IS CHEAP.
TRY IT. IT IS CHEAP.
TRY IT. IT IS CHEAP.
TRY IT. IT IS CHEAP.
ONLY A DOLLAR FOR A WHOLE YEAR.
ONLY A DOLLAR FOR A WHOLE YEAR.
ONLY A DOLLAR FOR A WHOLE YEAR.
ONLY A DOLLAR FOR A WHOLE YEAR.
ONLY A DOLLAR FOR A WHOLE YEAR.
AND BESIDES, THE BEST GRAPE VINE.
AND BESIDES, THE BEST GRAPE VINE.
AND BESIDES, THE BEST GRAPE VINE.
AND BESIDES, THE BEST GRAPE VINE.
AND BESIDES, THE BEST GRAPE VINE.
GIVEN FREE.
GIVEN FREE.
GIVEN FREE.
GIVEN FREE.
GIVEN FREE. SEE CONDITIONS.

VIZ.:

Every person subscribing now for Volume 219 of that first-rate Journal for the HOUSEHOLD, for the GARDEN, and for the FARM, will be presented with a *first-rate one-year-old GRAPE VINE*, either a Delaware or Concord, as may be desired. These are the best two varieties for Garden or out-door culture. The vines are very finely rooted, and are brought in fresh every morning from the Editor's country grounds—This is the planting time. Call To-day, or early next week, and get a Vine for your yard or garden. The vine will grow rapidly, and soon afford you shade and DELICIOUS FRUIT. The Paper will furnish you a world of useful, reliable information. Examine it. TERMS—$1 a year; 10 cents a number.
ORANGE JUDD, Publisher,
No. 41 Park-row, (Times Building.)

STERLING'S AMBROSIA FOR THE HAIR.
DRAWN & ENGRAVED FROM LIFE.
STERLING'S AMBROSIA FOR THE HAIR.
STERLING'S AMBROSIA FOR THE HAIR.
STERLING'S AMBROSIA FOR THE HAIR.
STERLING'S AMBROSIA FOR THE HAIR.
AMBROSIA AN OILY EXTRACT.
AMBROSIA AN OILY EXTRACT.
AMBROSIA AN OILY EXTRACT.
AMBROSIA AN OILY EXTRACT.
MADE FROM ROOTS, FOR
MADE FROM ROOTS, FOR
MADE FROM ROOTS, FOR
MADE FROM ROOTS, FOR
BARKS AND HERBS.
BARKS AND HERBS.
BARKS AND HERBS.
BARKS AND HERBS.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. THE
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. THE
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. THE
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. THE
NONE GENUINE
NONE GENUINE
NONE GENUINE
NONE GENUINE
BUT DR. STERLING'S HAIR
BUT DR. STERLING'S HAIR
BUT DR. STERLING'S HAIR
BUT DR. STERLING'S HAIR
THE ONLY TRUE MEDICINE
THE ONLY TRUE MEDICINE
THE ONLY TRUE MEDICINE
THE ONLY TRUE MEDICINE
FOR THE DISEASES OF THE SCALP.
FOR THE DISEASES OF THE SCALP.
FOR THE DISEASES OF THE SCALP.
FOR THE DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Every lady should try it. Put up in a box containing two bottles. Price $1.

DR. STERLING'S AMBROSIA
will cause the hair to grow in the most luxuriant manner. It is a sure preventive against baldness; prevents the hair from falling out or from turning premature gray. Will restore gray hair to its original color, by curing the disease of the scalp.

CERTIFICATES.

This is to certify that, about eighteen months ago, I commenced using STERLING'S AMBROSIA. My hair was short, thin, and rapidly falling out. I had tried many Hair Tonics, Invigorators, &c., without receiving any benefit. Soon after using the Ambrosia, my hair ceased falling out, and commenced growing so rapidly as to astonish me. Now, my hair is thick, soft and glossy, and is five feet four inches in length, when let down, reaching to the floor. This wonderful result I attribute solely to the use of STERLING'S AMBROSIA, as since I commenced using it I have applied nothing else to my hair.
Mrs. LUCY A. BROWN, No. 146 Bleecker-st.
Prepared by DR. STERLING, Proprietor.
Thousands of similar certificates may be seen at the Depot, No. 464 Broadway, New-York.
For sale by Druggists everywhere.

AUCTION SALES.

UNITED STATES NAVAL AGENCY, BROOKLYN, N. Y.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS OFFICE, UNTIL 12 M., MONDAY, MAY 11, 1863, FOR THE SALE OF THE FOLLOWING VESSELS, VIZ.:
Ship Ohio, Ship Cumberland, Ship Vandalia, Ship Plymouth, Ship Saratoga, Ship Jamestown, Ship Dale, Ship Macedonian, Ship Constellation, Ship Cyane, Ship Falmouth, Ship Sabine, Ship Fredonia, Ship Ontario, Ship Lancaster, Ship Ohio, Ship Pocahontas, Ship Sylph, Ship Relief, Ship Fulton, Ship Dolphin, Ship Sarah Bruen, Ship Southampton, Ship Ericsson, Ship Erie, Ship Niagara, Ship Susquehanna, Ship Hartford, Ship Brooklyn, Ship Richmond, Ship Pennsylvania, Ship Columbus, Ship Franklin, Ship Independence, Ship Potomac, Ship Guerriere, Ship Macedonian, Ship Constellation, Ship Cyane, Ship Falmouth, Ship Sabine, Ship Fredonia, Ship Ontario, Ship Lancaster, Ship Ohio, Ship Pocahontas, Ship Sylph, Ship Relief, Ship Fulton, Ship Dolphin, Ship Sarah Bruen, Ship Southampton, Ship Ericsson, Ship Erie, Ship Niagara, Ship Susquehanna, Ship Hartford, Ship Brooklyn, Ship Richmond, Ship Pennsylvania, Ship Columbus, Ship Franklin, Ship Independence, Ship Potomac, Ship Guerriere.
Also, Ship Ohio, Ship Cumberland, Ship Vandalia, Ship Plymouth, Ship Saratoga, Ship Jamestown, Ship Dale

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

WOOLSEY ESTATE.

CENTRAL PARK AND MANHATTAN SQUARE

LOTS,

POINTED TO

Will be sold by order of the Executors of

THE W. W. WOOLSEY, deceased,

Will be continued

THIS DAY, (Saturday,) May 9, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 389 Liberty-st., commencing with page 9 on catalogue. The parcels which will be offered embrace those lots fronting on Manhattan Square, being the most desirable lots on the catalogue, and equal in value to those fronting Central Park.

Maps at our office.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO.,

Auctioneers, 5½ Pine-st.

REAL ESTATE AT PEEKSKILL, In every variety, for sale and exchange. J. B. MILLS, Peekskill.

GREAT SALE OF LOTS AND CONTRACTS ON THE CITY OF CHICAGO, AT AUCTION—June 11, 1863.—The policies of Association of the CHICAGO LAND COMPANY require that the trust shall be closed, in the month of June, 1863, and that all the property included in the trust at the time, belonging to the Association, shall be sold at public auction, for cash to the highest bidder, in the City of Chicago, on the third WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1863.

The undersigned, Trustee of the Chicago Land Company, will, therefore, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1863, offer for sale on the premises, in the City of Chicago,

240 lots in Sheffield's addition to Chicago,
200 lots in Elston addition, west side of North Branch.
282 lots in Elston addition, east side of North Branch.
61 lots in Wright's addition, west side of North Branch.
2 lots in original town of Chicago.

Also numerous small contracts, amounting to about eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

Fifty-four contracts, covering 56 lots, on which there are owing an aggregate of about $106,000.

Of this, lots 1,318 feet front on a square canal of 160 feet wide, now being excavated through the property.

And also four lots in the North Branch of the Chicago River.

The sale will be continued from day to day until all the property and choses of Company are sold.

MARLON H. OGDEN, Trustee.

CHICAGO, March 18, 1863.

FOR SALE—NEAR UNION-SQUARE, THE very desirable property on the northwest corner of Irving-place and 17th-st., with 25 feet frontage. Well located for a first-class small hotel, being in the immediate vicinity of the Academy of Music, theatres, railroad and omnibus lines. For terms, &c., apply to RIDLEY WATTS, No. 766 Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE. Apply to RIDLEY WATTS, or W. E. ROSS, No. 766 Broadway.

VALUABLE SEVENTH-AVENUE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A part of ground on the easterly side of 7th-av., 48th and 49th-sts., being one lot square. Also the property on the southeast corner of 46th-st. and 7th-av., containing eight lots. The above property offers great inducements to capitalists. For further particulars and terms, inquire of S. RIKER, No. 195 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, A NICE TWO-story and basement modern-built brick house, lot 25 x 100, with all modern conveniences, in first-class neighborhood, and near three lines of cars, to South-Wall-st. and Fulton ferries. Price $4,100; $1,000 cash, balance on easy mortgage. Apply to DROWNE & MOORE, No. 205 Broadway.

FOR SALE—FOUR LARGE LOTS ON A FINE street near to Brooklyn in a good neighborhood, 12 minutes' walk from ferry and lines of cars, well located for improvement or investment; one lot on Gates-av. All or little cash, as desired, can be paid. S. R., Box No. 2,794 New-York Post-office.

WILLIAMSBURGH.—FOR SALE OR LEASE, upon easy terms, 500 lots and 25 houses, situated between the East River and 6th-st., and north 7th-st. and Bushwick Creek. Apply to S. J. HUNT, No. 125 4th-av., or to CHAS. W. FOWLER, Agent, corner 3d and North 9th sts., Williamsburgh.

COTTAGE AND THREE LOTS IN BROOKLYN FOR SALE.—House contains 16 rooms, gas, water, bath-room, range, heater, &c.; lots well laid out with an abundance of trees and shrubbery; price $4,000. Apply to JAMES A. VAN BLUERT, 14th-st., near 6th-av., Brooklyn.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—HOUSE 20 feet by 36 feet; brick basement and 2-story frame; lot 25 x 100; price, $2,300, $1,300 to remain. Apply to Col. LE BARNT, 7 Gay, 60th-st., and view the premises, 60th-st., north side, between 1st-av. and Avenue A.

FOR SALE—IN NINETEENTH-STREET, NEAR 4th-av., a first-class, full-sized brown stone house, with all the improvements recently introduced in an city practice. For sale, with or without the furniture. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FARMS.

FARM FOR SALE—OF 100 ACRES, ON THE banks of the Hudson, four miles south of Poughkeepsie and a half mile from Milton Ferry Station; fine views of the river, both up and down; from all parts of the farm; could be divided into four or five very beautiful building sites. The land is rich and sloping to the south; is peculiarly adapted to the raising of grapes. The buildings are in good repair and adapted to immediate occupancy. Farm has a dock privilege. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE WHOLE OR PART OF A farm, containing 106 acres, situated about 21 miles from the City, on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad. The dwelling, farm-house and other buildings in good order. Apply at No. 245 Bowery, corner 3d-st.

TO LET.

LOFTS TO LET

At No. 97 North-Moore-st.,

Suitable for manufacturing purposes.

TO LET, FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—In Harlem, on 125th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., a good and convenient brick two-story cottage-style house, 35 feet square, with gas, bath, range, laundry tubs, &c. Also, a fine carriage-house and 4 lots; handsomely arranged, with fruits, flowers, &c. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

TO LET—IN SOUTH BROOKLYN, No. 77 West Baltic-st. Rent, $600. No. 12 West Baltic-st. Rent, $650. These houses have gas and all modern improvements, and are in an unexceptionable neighborhood, only seven minutes' walk from either South or Hamilton ferries. A. G. JEROME & CO., No. 22 Exchange-place.

TO LET—A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE WITH twelve or fourteen rooms, at the foot of 90th-st., East River, with carriage-house, stable, &c.; shade and fruit trees in abundance, and vegetable garden well stocked; fine residence for any gentleman doing business down town. For further particulars, inquire of J. S. UNDERHILL, No. 436 East 10th-st., Dry Dock, New-York.

TO LET—A GENTEELY FURNISHED HOUSE, in Brooklyn, with all the modern improvements, to a small family of adults. Inquire at HONDLOW'S, Montague-st., near Court.

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 330 4TH-ST., NEAR Broadway; an excellent location for a tailor, upholsterer, or any similar business, for which it will be fitted up to suit the wants of a good tenant. Apply to ALMON W. GRISWOLD, No. 62 Wall-st.

TO LET—STORE NO. 113 NASSAU-STREET, 100 feet by 25; also, second, fourth and fifth floors; offices in No. 86 John-st.; workshops in rear building No. 209 William-st. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 78 Nassau-st.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT UNDER THE TIMES Office, fronting Park-row, 32x18 feet. Inquire in office of the *Agriculturist*, No. 41 Park-row.

TO LET—THE BASEMENT OF No. 18 FOURTH-AV., also, one or two lofts for storage. Apply as above.

STEAM POWER TO LET.

TO LET—WITH OR WITHOUT STEADY POWER, well lighted lofts at No. 42 Ann-st., four doors from Nassau.

HOTELS.

COZZENS'

WEST POINT HOTEL,

will open for the season on

SATURDAY, MAY 23.

The undersigned is now prepared to engage rooms for the Summer, and has several cottages to let.

WM. R. COZZENS.

THE SPRING HOUSE, AT RICHFIELD SPRINGS, will open for the reception of boarders on the first day of June. JOSHUA WHITNEY.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE IN the City to purchase Chimney Marbles is at ALEXANDER'S, 840 East 14th-st., near 2d-av., New-York. (Cut this out.)

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

[illegible] Hudson River, 1 hour from City, on the Hudson River Railroad, a very desirable country residence, containing 12 rooms, with all the modern improvements, and in perfect order. The grounds are tastefully laid out, and the whole is in perfect order. Apply to T. H. LEAVITT, No. 49 Congress-st., Boston, Mass.

FOR SALE, TO LET OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY, a fine country residence, with large and mature grounds on front, finely situated, situated on Tricost Bay, N. J. For bathing and fishing unsurpassed. Grounds tastefully arranged; fruits in abundance. An excellent garden, carriage, barn, summer, bathing, ice and other outbuildings in complete order; about 18 acres, 12 acres of which are in cultivation; 6 acres in wood land. Within one hour by Staten Island Railroad from City; three-quarters of a mile of Richmond Valley depot.

Also, the country house, large feet, two acres of land, containing 22 rooms, with carriage house, barn and stables, in excellent order, one-quarter of a mile from Rectorset P. O. Church and Huguenot depot of Staten Island railroad.

Also, 20 acres of land in high state of cultivation, dwelling-house and outbuildings, one-quarter of a mile from Rossville, S. I., where steamboats ply daily; one mile from Huguenot depot. Apply to ISAAC E. JESUP, near Annandale depot; HENRY E. BAILEY, No. 252 Broome-st., New-York; HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—THE PROPERTY OF the late A. E. Livingston, Esq., at North Cove, Bayside, Port Ocean, consisting of 8 large and commodious dwelling-houses, barn and outhouses, with about three acres of land in high cultivation, which can be had if applied for immediately, for $6,000. The house is situated on the shore, and that is about distant from the steamboat landing and railroad station, with fine boating, fishing, shooting and bathing. The property offers great advantages for a Summer residence, or for a boarding-house, as it is so near the city, and harbor. Inquire of Bristol, East Greenwich, and numerous other places, and in the Summer at the premises. The house stands on the top of a hill, and is about 300 feet of land with an elegant modern built dwelling-house of wood, 3½ stories with an L, ample in every respect, fitted with all modern convenience and stable to match. Grounds tastefully laid out and the whole in in perfect order. Apply to T. H. LEAVITT, No. 49 Congress-st., Boston, Mass.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT NORTH ENGLEWOOD, N. J., OPPOSITE TENAFLY, FOR SALE.—The whole or any part of a tract of land of about 200 acres at North Englewood, N. J., known as the James Gay estate, 15 miles from New-York, running West from the Palisades into the valley, containing many acres of good wood land. The Northern Railroad of New-Jersey passes through the property, affording a number of beautiful building sites; title indisputable and no incumbrance; a large per cent. of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or to HENRY A. SWIFT, No. 29 Barclay-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—A COUNTRY seat containing 24 acres of choice land, three-fourths of a mile south of the City of Poughkeepsie, and adjoining the beautiful grounds of M. Vassar, Esq. The house is large and convenient, the grounds well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees and shrubbery, the gardens very productive and the stables, &c., are well arranged for a gentleman's order. If not sold, will be rented completely furnished. For further particulars inquire of DEWITT CLINTON JONES, No. 1 Hanover-st., New-York.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—AT Bloomfield, N. J., 12 miles from this City by railroad. House 30 by 52, wing 27 by 18; eight bedrooms, parlors, dining-room, kitchen, basement and cellar. Three acres land, barn, carriage-house, stable, &c. Excellent supply of water close to the house, hedge, fruit and shade trees and shrubbery. Fine stream of water in front of the house. Price $7,000. Key of the house at Mr. Pierson's store, Bloomfield. For further particulars, inquire of J. S. SEABURY, No. 41 Water-st.

FOR SALE—AT DOBBS' FERRY, WESTCHESTER County, about 15 acres of valuable land, formerly the residence of Anthony Sterne, deceased, bounded westerly by the Highland turnpike, and southerly in part by the road leading to White Plains; contains a dwelling in the most complete order, with a large amount of fruit; the above will also be sold about 15 acres of woodland. Apply to CHARLES G. STORNS, at Dobbs' Ferry, or to B. BOWLEY, No. 102 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—STATEN ISLAND—THE COUNTRY place of J. J. Kimball, containing twenty acres, one mile from Factoryville Landing, on the Clove road, 1½ miles from the Ferry, and 1 mile from Port Richmond; one of the most desirable country places on the Island. Apply to WOTHERSPOON, KINGSFORD & CO., Fire-Insurance Building, Hanover-st.

FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT AT CORNWALL, N. Y., on the Hudson, to rent for the Summer; one of the finest situations on the river; house large, and replete with every convenience; the location is celebrated for its great salubrity and beauty of scenery; it will be rented with the horses, carriages, cows and large garden. Address COUNTRY, Box No. 158 Post-office, New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT GOSHEN, ORANGE Co., N. Y., a desirable country residence, situated on the main street, half a mile from the depot; house large and partially furnished; 14 acres of ground; abundance and variety of fruit; good water, garden and stabling. House completely shaded by pines and other forest trees. Apply to J. H. BUYDAM, No. 51 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT FISHKILL.—Containing 24 acres of land, adjoining Col. Howland's, beautifully situated, in full view of the Hudson River; house 60 feet square, with an L, 2 stories high; plenty of fine water from springs; plenty of fruit. The furniture will be sold with the place if desired. Inquire of JOHN J. MONELL, Esq., Newburgh, N. Y.

TO RENT—AT MASSASSETT, FOR THE SUMMER, a large furnished dwelling, having a well-shaded lawn of several acres, ample stables, a fine garden, with an abundance of fruit, &c., ice-house, spring water in the house; bath-room and all the usual accompaniments of a first-class residence. Inquire of THOMAS MESSENGER, No. 161 Maiden-lane, or on the premises of DANIEL T. KISSAM.

ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE—THE FIRST-class brick house, with modern improvements, situated at the corner of Harrison-st. and the Morris and Essex Railroad, near the Brick Church Station, on a square lot of 2½ acres. Part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage, if desired. Apply to the subscriber, at No. 2 Wall-st., N. Y., or at his residence, Harrison-st., Orange.

GEORGE BARRELL.

ORANGE, N. J.—FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED houses, beautifully situated, near Brick Church, New-York, to let for the season or year; also, country seats, farms and villa sites to rent and for sale low, by HENRY A. BLACKWELL, No. 60 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 43 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 3 P. M.

TO LET—AN ELEGANT FURNISHED COUNTRY seat, at Newburgh, Orange County, N. Y., for the Summer, delightfully situated, near the Powelton House, with all the grounds and improvements, fine gardens, &c. For further particulars, apply to HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., No. 33 Nassau-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—AT Flushing, one mile from Hunter's Point depot, 10½ acres, large dwelling, barn and outhouses, abundance of shade and fruit trees, grapes and small fruit, all under a high state of cultivation. Price $14,000; terms easy. Map and diagram with C. PINGEL, No. 6 Pine-st.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., HANDSOME RESIDENCE AT A SACRIFICE.—Commodious house, with all the surrounding comforts for a New-York business man; one hour from the City; convenient depot; coach-house, fruit, garden; take part purchase in City property. Address A. B. C., Box No. 146 *Times* Office.

TO RENT CHEAP—A PARTIALLY FURnished country residence, with 11 rooms, at Cornwall, Orange County, N. Y., eight minutes' walk from the steamboat landing; also accessible by Hudson River Railroad. A great variety of fruit and fine water on the premises. Apply to E. BOUTON, at D. Appleton & Co's., No. 443 Broadway.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—At Flushing, Queens County, near Bloomfield, a handsome house and 41 acres, in best state of cultivation; plenty of fruit, &c., on the place; house is 2-story and attic, in perfect order; halls frescoed; has furnace, 2 barns, carriage-house, &c., in good order; price, $20,000. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT NEW-BRIGHTON, STATEN Island, a cottage, on the Front Terrace, not far from the landing; capable of accommodating a large family; in a most eligible situation; will rent readily, for 10 per cent. on the price asked. Apply to LESLIE IRVING, No. 7 Nassau-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—ONE MILE FROM Rye Depot, 30 or more acres of land. House, stable, with extension; frame, 2-story and attic; well built, pleasantly situated, handsomely shaded, with plenty of fine fruit. BULKLEY & FINK, No. 40 Wall-st., Sassafras-court.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT OF SIXTY acres, at Nyack.—Churches and schools are near. It fronts on the Hudson, is healthy, has good buildings, unsurpassed prospect, and fine fruit brook and springs. CHAS. H. HART, No. 132 Broadway, New-York.

$2,000 WILL BUY A NEAT COUNTRY residence with some 10 acres of select land; new house, one cow and utensils included. Terms to suit. One hour from the City, in New-Jersey. P. C. ANTHONY, No. 84½ Pine-st., 11 to 2 o'clock.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FIRST CLASS residence on the banks of the Hudson, at Tubby Hook, with four acres of land; 30 minutes by rail to 31st-st. Apply to THOMPSON, WHITE & CO., No. 39 Broadway, or to JOSEPH THOMPSON on the premises.

FOR SALE, IN PELHAM—SIXTEEN ACRES of highly cultivated land, with mansion house and barn; with plenty of the best of fruits. Price, $5,500; or to let, rent $250. House, barn, fruit-garden, without land, $150. Inquire of JAMES HINMAN, on the premises.

FOR SALE, AT ASTORIA—A FIRST-CLASS modern-built house, with about three-quarters of an acre of land, ornamented with evergreen hedges, fine grass, garden, and a variety of very choice fruit. Inquire of ROBERT BENNER, No. 76 Nassau-st., New-York.

TO LET—A TWO-STORY COTTAGE AT SOUTH Oyster Bay, L. I., principally furnished. Inquire of EDWARD FLOYD JONES, No. 29 Chambers-st., New-York, or of D. R. FLOYD JONES.

TO LET AT SCARSDALE, DEPOT OF HARLEM RAILROAD—A frame house, about 40x30, in good order, containing fourteen rooms, with garden; rent $200. Apply to WM. H. POPHAM, No. 53 Front-st.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE AT Tarrytown, ½ mile from depot; 3 acres, with abundance of fruit of all kinds. Apply to A. G. NEWMAN, corner Pearl and Broadway.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE HEALTHIEST AND most delightful spots in Westchester County, N. Y. Inquire of JOHN CATTANACH, [illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

EXECUTORS' SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNERS, AS EXECUTOR OF W. EMILE FIELD, deceased, will in order to close the estate, sell at public auction, on SATURDAY, the 23th day of May, 1863, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the dwelling-house on the premises, in the village of Peekskill, the real estate of the said Field, usually known as the CAPT. REQUA FARM, situated near the flourishing village of Peekskill, on the Hudson River, the first stopping place of Railroad Express trains North. The place consists of about

TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF FERTILE LAND,

on which is a great variety of fruit and shade-trees, and abounds in

ELIGIBLE BUILDING SITES,

with unsurpassed views of the Bay, Highlands and surrounding country.

It is believed that for the number of its beautiful locations, the excellence of its soil, its proximity to schools and churches, conveniences to the River and Railroad, and the extent, variety and beauty of its prospect, this property presents inducements for purchase which are rarely offered.

The property is well adapted for division, being already intersected by avenues, and will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers on accommodating terms. The executor, before the day of public sale, will sell at private sale any portion that may be desired.

For information as to the property, apply to THOMAS NELSON, Esq., No. 45 Liberty-st.; ISAAC SEYMOUR, President of the Bank of North America, No. 44 Wall-st.; D. F. CLAFF, Cashier of Westchester County Bank, Peekskill, or to the subscriber, at Croton Landing.

CYRUS FROST, Executor.

R. W. WESCOTT, Auctioneer.

$12,000 WORTH OF ELEGANT FURNITURE, AND RARE AND BEAUTIFUL WORKS OF ART, AT PUBLIC AUCTION, POSTPONED FROM SATURDAY, SUPERB ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, ELEGANT PARLOR SUITE, &c.

THIS DAY, (Saturday,) at 10 o'clock, precisely, on the premises No. 163 Wooster-st., near 7th-st., sale positive, comprising the entire valuable parlor, dining-room, chamber and nursery furniture. The house is elegantly furnished, and comprises rosewood, walnut and mahogany furniture; superb rosewood grand piano-forte, in blue and gold; satin damask and satin brocatel; two full suites of walnut, in green and plaid reps; magnificent rosewood etageres, French mirrors, rosewood reception chairs, French secretaries, elegant work-tables, centre pier tables, costly lace curtains and shades, bronze clocks; collection of valuable historical and landscape paintings; elegant marble groups and figures; Dresden and Sevres china vases, jewel cases, bouquet-holders, &c., Turkish lounges, ottomans to match; rich carpets, &c., with a complete assortment of rosewood chamber furniture; marble top bureaus, dressing bureaus in velvet, rich carved and figured ging curtains, French clocks, table cutlery, &c. Catalogues at house. Sale rain or shine.

N. B.—Men will be in attendance to cart, pack and ship goods for purchasers.

PUBLIC SALE

OF THE SCIOTA AND HOCKING VALLEY RAILROAD.

In pursuance of the judgment of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the County of Perry and State of Ohio, and an order thereunder issued from said Court to me, the undersigned, Sheriff of said County, Commissioner in the action therein pending, wherein Harvey Ketchum is plaintiff, and the Scioto and Hocking Valley Railroad Company and others are defendants, I, as Receiver and Special Master Commissioner, do hereby, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of May, A. D. 1863, at 12 o'clock, P. M., at the door of the Court-house, in the town of Newlexington, in said county of Perry, will offer for sale by public auction, and sell to the highest bidder, as in the simple and the absolute ownership thereof, the following property, to wit: The entire road of the said Railroad Company, as the same now is, or as improved in the future of being made, including the right of way, land and owned by said Railroad Company, whether said Road is either completed or in progress of being constructed, and the lands occupied thereby, by whatever right the same may be holden by said Company, together with the superstructure and tracks thereon, and all the depots, stations and depot grounds and buildings thereon, work-shops and tools therein, and all other franchises, rights and privileges of said Railroad Company, except the franchise to be a Corporation; and including, as a part of said property, all the rolling stock, of every description; rolling stock, turn-tables, water-stations, station-houses, fuel-houses and fuel, used and owned in operating said Road, or in connection therewith, and owned and held for that purpose; and all tools, implements, furniture and fixtures, and all other property, now owned and used in operating said Railroad, as an entirety and in one entire parcel; to be sold upon the general mortgage of said Railroad Company. Appraised at $614,000.

Dated this 6th day of April, A. D. 1863.

J. W. WEBB, Receiver and Special Master Commissioner.

BY JOHN H. OSGOOD & SON, Office No. 147 Congress-st., Boston.

Large sale of Military Overcoats, on account of the Government, by order of the United States Quartermaster, at Boston. Will be sold by public auction, in lots to suit purchasers, to the highest bidder, On THURSDAY, May 14, 1863, At 10 o'clock A. M.

22,201 INFANTRY GREAT COATS, (assorted sizes,) viz.:
17,201 Black Frieze, Double, Beaver and Sealed.
1,000 Gray Sealed.
5,000 Dark Blue Frieze and Sealed.

All in perfect order, well packed in cases, and ready for shipment.

The goods can be examined on the day previous to the sale.

Terms cash. WM. W. McKIM, Captain and A. Q. M.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, BOSTON, April 27, 1863.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell at auction on SATURDAY, May 9, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 33 Nassau-st., a general assortment of household furniture, consisting of Brussels, ingrain, carpets, carved rosewood suite, mahogany marble top pier table, enameled marble top cottage suites, mahogany frame chevral glass, mahogany and black walnut dressing bureaus, lace window curtains, gilt framed mirrors, iron frame Sideboard, marble top centre table, large mirror, washstands, iron bedsteads, mahogany do, kitchen furniture, crockery and glass ware, &c.

B. L. CULLYS, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SALE OF HIDES AND TALLOW.

Will be sold, THIS DAY, Saturday, May 9, at 12 o'clock M., in Coffee House-slip, foot of Wall-st.

300 Green Salted Hides.
42 barrels Tallow.

Sale positive. Terms cash. Sale by order of Collector H. B. EATON, A. C. G. of Subsistence.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

ANNUAL CARPET SALE.

THIS DAY, Saturday, May 9, at 9 o'clock A. M., precisely. The balance of the catalogue, reward Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths and matting, about 200 lots.

F. C. BULLEY, Auctioneer.

BY BULKLEY & FINK, OFFICE NO. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey Court, will sell, SATURDAY, May 9, at 12 o'clock, at Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 389 Liberty-st.,

BY ORDER OF JOHN M. WHITING, ESQ., AS SIGNEE.

Parcel No. 1—75 shares in the Trenton Iron Company's stock, and 100 shares in the Novelty Iron Works stock, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $5,000, with interest.

Parcel No. 2—50 shares in Trenton Iron Company's stock, subject to an hypothecation of the same, to secure $3,198 50-100.

Parcel No. 3—30 shares in the American Bank Note Company; 25 shares in the Trenton Iron Company; subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $3,153 60, with interest.

Parcel No. 4—21 shares of the Trenton Iron Company, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $1,260, with interest.

Parcel No. 5—Scrip of the Union Mutual Insurance Company for $500, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $1,200, with interest.

Parcel No. 6—9 shares of the Mercantile Insurance Company for $900, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $1,800, with interest.

Parcel No. 7—40 shares of the American Bank Note Company, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $1,000 and interest.

Parcel No. 8—31 shares of the Greenpoint Gas Company's stock, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $620 and interest.

Parcel No. 9—9 shares of the Greenpoint Gas Company's stock, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $180 and interest.

Parcel No. 10—16 shares of the stock of the Novelty Iron Works, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $207 49 and interest.

Parcel No. 10—Interest in the old New-York and Havre Steam Navigation Company, originally 57 shares of $1,000 each.

Parcel No. 11—Interest in the old Pacific Mail Steamship Company, originally 70 shares, $1,000 each.

Parcel No. 12—23 shares of the New-York and Havre Steamship Company.

Parcel No. 13—Mercantile Insurance Company scrip.

Parcel No. 14—New-York Mutual Insurance Company scrip.

Parcel No. 15—6 shares American Bank Note Company's stock.

Interest in the New-York Brick Manufacturing Company, which belonged to the firm of Stillman, Allen & Co., estimated at about $5,000.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF 82 LOTS OF LAND, being the property known as Union Hill, Hudson County, N. J., 2½ miles from Hoboken and Weehawken, and opposite 42d-st. Ferry at New-York. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, May 12, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 389 Liberty-st., New-York, the property known as Union Hill, and divided into about 82 lots, mostly 25 by 100 feet. This property is opposite the premises of Demming Duer and John Ehlers, on the Hoboken and Weehawken Plank-road and Weehawken Turnpike, and accessible by the omnibus line from Hoboken Ferry, and also on the line of the horse railroad, and in the neighborhood of large improvements. The sale will afford a fine opportunity for profitable investments, as the nearness of the property to New-York, its easy access, its populous locality, and the continued improvements being made, cannot fail to enhance greatly its value. For further particulars and maps, apply to the auctioneers, No. 389 Pine-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on MONDAY, May 11, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 389 Liberty-st.

BERGEN HEIGHTS, NEW-JERSEY—38 valuable lots, situated at Bergen Heights, N. J., on the Jersey City and Newark Plank road, and [illegible]

AUCTION SALES.

DANIEL H. BURNHAM, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE

Of steamer SUNBEAM and her CARGO.

THE UNDERSIGNED, MARSHAL of the United States, in the Southern District of New-York, by virtue of a warrant issued by the Hon. GIDEON WELLES, Secretary of Navy, under the direction of ROBT. MURRAY, Esq., United States Marshal, carried of the above vessel, viz.:

BRANDY, HARDWARE, BOOTS AND SHOES, DRUGS, LEAD, ARMS and AMMUNITION, SALT, FISH, IRON, THREAD, FLOUR, and TURPENTINE.

Steamer SUNBEAM, with her tackle, apparel, and everything on board belonging to the same steamer. Terms cash. Catalogues ready on 12th inst.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction on SATURDAY, May 9, at 12 o'clock, in front of our store, No. 33 Nassau-st., a bay mare, 12½ hands, 6 years old, perfectly sound, kind, long tail; an excellent saddle horse and first-rate trotter; warranted. A valuable dark brown West India pony, perfectly gentle and kind, sound and desirable. A buggy wagon for dog. Also, a valuable second-hand buggy, cost $125. Sale positive, without reserve.

A chestnut sorrell road mare, 16 hands high, warranted sound and kind; is a free and prompt driver, and fast.

Square box top wagon, nearly new; harness, made by London; whip, halter, blanket and robe; sold for want of use. Can be seen on application by the Auctioneer.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF MIRRORS, PIANO-FORTES, velvet, tapestry, ingrain, Brussels, and other carpets, rosewood and mahogany parlor suites, parlor suites, wardrobes, bookcases, extension tables, bedroom and kitchen furniture, &c.

F. COLTON will sell THIS DAY, (Saturday,) May 9, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 386 Broadway, near Bleecker-st., an extra large sale of household furniture of every description, fine and elegant, from several families, comprising large assortment of mahogany furniture, French plate mirrors, together with any quantity of miscellaneous furniture.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL THIS DAY, AT 3 O'CLOCK, at No. 33 Nassau-st., Jewelry, watches, sale-bells, plate-4 spoons, chains, tables, earrings, oil-cloths, gold chains, ladies' hats, cutlery, plated ware, &c.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, No. 4 State-st., New-York, April 28, 1863.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Commissary of this office, until 4 o'clock P. M. on TUESDAY, the 12th of May, for the furnishing of DESICCATED AND COMPRESSED MIXED VEGETABLES, for the use of the United States army for twelve months from the first of June next, at the rate of one hundred and thirty-five thousand pounds per month.

The ingredients of the mixed vegetables furnished under the contracts of the current year are as follows, viz.: To each one hundred pounds of the mixed vegetables shall be added twenty pounds of carrots, ten pounds of turnips, twenty-two pounds of cabbage, ten pounds of onions, five pounds of string beans, five pounds of tomatoes, one pound of celery or parsley, and five pounds of rice. As the mixture can undoubtedly be improved by additions of other vegetables, and omissions of some of the coarser vegetables and increasing some of the others, as well as by introducing some vegetables not mentioned, proposers are invited to send in proposals with accompanying samples, not only of the mixture as above given, but also of other mixtures, varying therefrom, accompanied by a full and explicit statement of the reasons, with a view of adopting an improvement in this article of military supply. Proposers are required to give the exact proportions of the different ingredients of their several samples, with price per pound of each, packed as proposed. When the ingredients of each mixture are in a separate state, and after desiccation, will be submitted for inspection, the whole quantity of each vegetable commonly used as food will be accepted for the mixture.

The mixed vegetables are to be very compactly compressed into cakes of about one pound each, and then taken from packed in a tin case or pine box, made air-tight, with twenty-four pounds of the vegetables, or an equivalent quantity of suitable preserved stuff, not less than five-eighths of an inch thick, with outside one inch thick, strongly secured, and with outside lining, pitched. Boxes to be stamped with the following marks, viz.:

Proposals must, so far as practicable, be accompanied with at least one box as above described, with contents of the proposer's own manufacture of each of the mixtures he may offer to furnish.

Specimens of the articles offered may be inspected at this office.

There being a choice among the different varieties of vegetables, proposers will state with precision the special varieties they use, or propose to use, in their mixtures.

Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guarantee of two responsible names, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby agree that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, we will give our bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars that the contract shall be duly fulfilled."

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Desiccated and Compressed Mixed Vegetables."

A. B. EATON, Colonel and A. C. G. S.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, No. 4 State-st., NEW-YORK, May 4, 1863.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned until 4 o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, the 11th inst., for supplying, for the use of the United States Army, SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York or Brooklyn, as follows, viz.:

4,000 barrels of first quality extra superfine Southern, St. Louis, or other brands of FLOUR, suitable for keeping in a warm climate, and for shipment to Southern ports, to be stated in the bids, and whether in round or flat hoop barrels. The barrels to be full head-lined and bungs sealed.

For delivery by and before the 20th May, 1863.

Small samples must accompany the bids.

Each bid must have a printed copy of this advertisement pasted on its head, and must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guaranty of two responsible parties, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guaranty that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract with bonds to the amount of ten per cent. of the amount of the proposal to be furnished shall be executed if required."

Bidders may propose for the whole or a part of the above.

The seller's name, place of business, with date of purchase, is required on each barrel.

The Flour will be inspected at the date of delivery, and compared with the retained samples, by Henry Shields, President Association Flour Inspectors, whose certificate will be required.

Payments for flour to be made in such funds as may be furnished by the United States.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods, without expense to the United States, until required for shipment.

Proposers whose bids are not accepted are requested to send for their samples, at 204 Middleby, Brooklyn.

Blanks for Proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed to an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."

A. B. EATON, Colonel and A. C. G. S.

PROPOSALS FOR HAY, STRAW AND GRAIN.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, FORAGE, DEPARTMENT, corner of G and 20d-sts., WASHINGTON, D. C., April 18, 1863.

Written proposals will be received at this office, HAY, STRAW, OATS and CORN for the use of this depot, to be delivered at the railroad depot, or at any of the Government wharves in this city.

The proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, and they should state the quantity of each article offered, also the price and the place of delivery.

Proposals will be received for five thousand (5,000) bushels of Corn or Oats, and fifty (50) tons of Hay or Straw, and upward, unless it should be for the interest of the Government to contract for a less amount.

All Corn and Oats to be delivered in sacked two (2) bushels each, which are to be furnished at the cost of the contractor.

The Hay and Straw to be securely baled.

All Grain and Hay offered to be subject to a rigid inspection by the Government inspector.

Contracts will be awarded from time to time to the lowest responsible bidders, as the interests of the service may require. Good security will be required for the faithful fulfillment of any contract made under this advertisement.

Payment to be made at the completion of the contract.

S. L. BROWN, Captain and A. Q. M. U. S. A.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON CITY, March 18, 1863.

OWNERS OF STEAM VESSELS ARE INvited to send in the Quartermaster-General's Office tenders for their charter or sale.

Tenders should contain descriptions of the vessels, their dimensions, enrolled or registered tonnage, actual carrying capacity, sufficient, whether propelled by wheel, side wheel or propellers, whether iron or copper fastened; also

MEDICAL.

CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.

Published for the benefit of young men who suffer from Spermatorrhœa, Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, etc., resulting, at the same time, THE MEANS OF SELF CURE.

by one who had suffered silently and alone for years to great extent and injury through medical treatment and quackery. Sent by mail in a sealed envelope, single copies may be had of the author.

NATHANIEL HAYDAIN, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 11 Laight-st., near Canal, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Philadelphia, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private nature. In 15 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment, than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and expense than any one else can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will cost you nothing for advice. Cures warranted in 1 to 3 days. Medicines sent to any part of the United States and Canada, by addressing as above. Office hours, 9 to 9. Consultation free. Dr. WARD, No. 11 Laight-st., New-York City. Sold by H. RICHARDSON, 48 Ann-st.; (Star House,) and No. 13 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

A NACT OF GRATITUDE.—20,000 COPIES of a medical work for gratuitous circulation, by a celebrated physician, whose fame has been officially earned by nervous debility, loss of memory and disease of digestive and reproductive organs, caused by following the instructions given in a medical work, considers it his duty, in gratitude to the author and for the benefit of compassionate and nervous sufferers, to publish the means used. Sent free of charge for any address, on receipt of two stamps. A copy of the work, containing every information required. Address Box No. 579 Post-office, Albany, N. Y.

DR. WARD'S MAGICAL INVIGORATORS, IN the form of Pills, will in fifteen minutes after being taken, cause the most nervous to vigorous as if nature had never been retarded or debilitated. To the married or single, in cases of physical exhaustion, they unrivaled medicine is earnestly recommended. Sent by mail, free from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases; warranted to cure. Sent free to every customer in the world. Sold by agents everywhere. Price of Pills, $1 per box. Address, DR. WARD, No. 11 Laight-st., near Canal, New-York City.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for married and single ladies, as an easy, safe and sure means of relief, in cases where they will before nature monthly sickness, or relieve from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases; warranted to cure. Sent free to every customer in the world. Sold by agents everywhere. Price of Drops, $1 per bottle. Address, DR. POWERS, No. 11 Laight-st., New-York.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP RESTORES the vigor of youth in four days. Dr. Hunter, one of the most celebrated physicians of the City of New-York, the only genuine, Bureau of Health, Dr. Hunter, The City at all of Eleven, up to every trust to rob him of his great reputation as a skillful and reliable physician. Sold by no other office 304 No. 3 Division-st. Established in 1830. Eight separate rooms and a private entrance.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Remedator or Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and can fill over disappoint the most nervous. Sent free. No. 11 Laight-st., where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially, day and evening.

DR. JOHNSON, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted with confidence on private diseases. Thirty years in one specialty enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures. N. B.—Those who may have been trifled by quack advertisements, nostrums, will do well to call on Dr. J. with the certainty of receiving honorable treatment.

PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—DR. HUNTER for thirty years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated more than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain disease, when regular treatment and all other remedies have proved ineffectual. Sent free of charge. Address, Box No. 3 Division-st. Established in 1830. Eight separate rooms and a private entrance.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND those about to marry.—Just published, the 25th edition, price 25 cents, THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION, a work intended for those whose health will not permit them to bear the responsibility of a family. Sent free, in a sealed envelope, for 25 cents. Address, Box No. 1,228 New-York City. For sale by H. RICHARDSON, 48 Ann-st., (Star House,) and No. 13 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

A NACT OF GRATITUDE.—20,000 COPIES of a medical work for gratuitous circulation, by a celebrated physician, whose fame has been officially earned by nervous debility, loss of memory and disease of digestive and reproductive organs, caused by following the instructions given in a medical work, considers it his duty, in gratitude to the author and for the benefit of compassionate and nervous sufferers, to publish the means used. Sent free of charge for any address, on receipt of two stamps. A copy of the work, containing every information required. Address Box No. 579 Post-office, Albany, N. Y.

DR. WARD'S MAGICAL INVIGORATORS, IN the form of Pills, will in fifteen minutes after being taken, cause the most nervous to vigorous as if nature had never been retarded or debilitated. To the married or single, in cases of physical exhaustion, they unrivaled medicine is earnestly recommended. Sent by mail, free from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases; warranted to cure. Sent free to every customer in the world. Sold by agents everywhere. Price of Pills, $1 per box. Address, DR. WARD, No. 11 Laight-st., near Canal, New-York City.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for married and single ladies, as an easy, safe and sure means of relief, in cases where they will before nature monthly sickness, or relieve from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases; warranted to cure. Sent free to every customer in the world. Sold by agents everywhere. Price of Drops, $1 per bottle. Address, DR. POWERS, No. 11 Laight-st., New-York.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP RESTORES the vigor of youth in four days. Dr. Hunter, one of the most celebrated physicians of the City of New-York, the only genuine, Bureau of Health, Dr. Hunter, The City at all of Eleven, up to every trust to rob him of his great reputation as a skillful and reliable physician. Sold by no other office 304 No. 3 Division-st. Established in 1830. Eight separate rooms and a private entrance.

HOMEOPATHIC MEDICINES.

HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES

have proved, from the most ample experience, as EMINENTLY SUCCESS—Simple, Prompt, Efficient and Reliable. They are the only medicines perfectly adapted to popular use. They have received the highest praise from the Profession, the Press and the People, and will always render satisfaction.

		Price of Single Boxes—Cents.
1	Cures Fever, Congestion and Inflammation	25
2	" Worms, Fevers, Worm Colic	25
3	" Cholic, Teething, Crying of Infants	25
4	" Diarrhea of Children or Adults	25
5	" Dysentery, Bloody Flux, Colic	25
6	" Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Nausea	25
7	" Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis	25
8	" Toothache, Faceache, Neuralgia	25
9	" Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo	25
10	" Dyspepsia, Weak, or Bilious Stomach	25
11	" Suppressed, Scanty, or Painful Periods	25
12	" Leucorrhea or Whites, Profuse Periods	25
13	" Croup, Hoarse Cough, Bad Breathing	25
14	" Salt Rheum, Erupted Humors, Erysipelas	25
15	" Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	25
16	" Fever and Ague, Old Agues	50
17	" Piles, Internal or Blind or Bleeding	50
18	" Ophthalmy, Weak or Inflamed Eyes	50
19	" Catarrh, Acute, Chronic, Dry or Flowing	50
20	" Whooping Cough	50
21	" Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing	50
22	" Ear Discharges and Impaired Hearing	50
23	" Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings	50
24	" General Debility, or Nervous Weakness	50
25	" Dropsy, Fluid Accumulations	50
26	" Sea Sickness, Prostration, Vertigo	50
27	" Urinary Diseases, Gravel, Renal Calculi	50
28	" Seminal Emissions, Involuntary Discharges and Nervous Debility	1 00
29	" Sore Mouth, or Canker of adults or children	1 00
30	" Urinary Incontinence, Wetting the Bed	50
31	" Painful Periods, Pressure or Spasms	50
32	" Suffering at Change of Life, Flushes	50
33	" Kellogg and Sumner, Cholera, Ex. Vis.	50

PRICE.

Case of Thirty-five vials, in morocco case, and Book, complete $5 00
Case of Twenty-eight large vials, in morocco, and Book 7 00
Case of Twenty large vials, in morocco, and Book 5 00
Case of Twenty large vials, plain case, and Book 4 00
Case of Fifteen boxes, (Nos. 1 to 15,) and Book 3 00
Case of any Six boxes, (Nos. 1 to 15,) and Book 1 00
Single boxes, with directions 25 cents, 50 cents, or $1.

CAUTION.—Buy none having F. Humphreys & Co. on them. All such are old and worthless, or counterfeits. All my fresh and genuine medicines have F. Humphrey, M. D., on the bottom of each box.

☞ These REMEDIES, by the case or single box, are sent to any part of the country, by Mail or Express, free of charge, on receipt of the price. Address

DR. F. HUMPHREYS,
Office and Depot, No. 562 Broadway, New-York.

DR. HUMPHREYS is consulted daily at his Infirmary above for all forms of disease.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT, AND BAR AND SUPPER ROOMS—The lease, fixtures and furniture for sale or to let, ready for business, known as the Philadelphia House. Possession 1st and 15th Proxy. Apply to JAMES T. BARKER, No. 148 Front-st.

FOR SALE—A GROUP-BAND SUIT OF FORE [illegible] Apply to GAIL [illegible] No. 18 Beek[illegible]

SHIPPING

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, SAILING BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT COBH, (CORK HARBOR,) AND BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND COBH HARBOR.

PERSIA, JUDKINS, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 4.
EUROPA, MCCOMB, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 12.
AUSTRALASIAN, Comm, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 25.
CANADA, GRACE, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 27.
CHINA, ALLENBURG, leaves New-York, Wednesday, June 8.
ANA, GRETTON, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 18.
PERSIA, LOTT, leaves New-York, Wednesday, June 22.
AFRICA, STONE, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 25.
SCOTIA, JUDKINS, leaves New-York, Wednesday, July 6.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage $120 00
Second Cabin Passage 80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage $110 00
Second Cabin Passage 65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

THE STEAMSHIP
GREAT EASTERN,
WALTER PASCO, Commander,
Will be dispatched

FROM NEW-YORK TO GREAT BRITAIN.

SATURDAY, May 14. SATURDAY, June 4.
TUESDAY, June 28. TUESDAY, July 12.

And regular intervals thereafter.

FIRST CABIN, from ..... $85 to $150
SECOND CABIN $70
EXCURSION TICKETS, out and back, in the First and Second Cabins only, a fare and a half.

Children under twelve years of age, half fare. Infants free.
THIRD CABIN $60
STEERAGE, (with superior accommodations) $40
All fares payable in Gold, or its equivalent in United States Currency.

Each passenger allowed twenty cubic feet of luggage.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
For passage, apply to
CHAS. A. WHITNEY,
At the office, No. 36 Broadway.
For freight, apply to
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents,
No. 64 South-st.

STEAM TO LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.

The National Steamship Company's fast-sailing full-powered Clyde-built steamer

JURA,

Capt. Grace, carrying the Canadian and United States Mails, will sail from Portland for Liverpool

SATURDAY, May 2.

Rates of passage from New-York: First-class, according to accommodations, $61 and $67. Steerage, found with every provisions, $30.50, payable in Gold or its equivalent United States Currency. Children under 12 years, accompanying their parents from all the principal towns in Great Britain and Ireland at very low rates. For passage, apply at No. 22 Broadway, New-York.

ISABEL & SEARLE, General Agents.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S LINE, TO HAVANA AND NEW-ORLEANS, IN MAIL DAY.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 18, AT 3 O'CLOCK P. M.

The new and fast-sailing side-wheel steamship MORNING STAR, A. D. PERRIN, Commander, CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL, will sail as above From Pier No. 5, North River, foot of Beach-st.

The owners do not hold themselves responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading are signed on the day of sailing.

For freight or passage, apply on board, or to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 161 Broadway.

M. O. ROBERTS' LINE.

CALIFORNIA VIA NICARAGUA.
ON SATURDAY, June 13,
AT NOON.

The steamer AMERICA will sail as above, connecting with the steamer MOSES TAYLOR.
For passage, apply to
R. H. CARRINGTON,
No. 177 West, corner of Warren-st.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. [illegible] Commander, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on

SATURDAY, 20th MAY. SATURDAY, 20TH JUNE.

Passage money to Nassau, $40.
Passage money to Havana, $50.
Payable in Gold or its equivalent.
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD,
No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR NICARAGUA, C. A.

The Central American Transit Company will send the next vessel of their freight line to San Juan del Norte with dispatch.

The schooner JOSEPH NICKERSON, Capt. Asa Barnes, will sail on Thursday, May 7.

For freight or passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 13 Broadway.

Letters for Greytown will be received until Thursday noon.
JOHN E. BODY, Vice-President.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and fast-sailing U. S. Mail Steamship GEORGE CROMWELL, Capt. John J. Foye, Will leave Pier No. 3, north River, direct for New-Orleans, on SATURDAY, May 9, at 3 P. M.

Passage, with accommodations unsurpassed, $35.
For passage or freight apply to
R. R. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 96 Wall-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL, touching at QUEENSTOWN, (Cove Harbor.) The well-known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

GLASGOW (Extra Steamer) Saturday ..... May 8
CITY OF MANCHESTER, Saturday ..... May 9
ETNA, Saturday ..... May 16
CITY OF WASHINGTON, Saturday ..... May 23

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
Payable in gold, or its equivalent in currency.

First cabin ..... $80 Steerage $30
First cabin to London ..... 85 Steerage to London 40
First cabin to Paris ..... 95 Steerage to Paris 40
First cabin to Hamburg ..... 90 Steerage to Hamburg 37
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Notes from Liverpool or Queenstown, First Cabin, $74, $85, $100. Steerage from Liverpool, $40; from Queenstown, $36. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

TRAVELERS TO EUROPE SHOULD provide themselves with HARPER'S HAND-BOOK FOR EUROPE AND THE EAST, by Professor Pierson. This is the only complete Guide to Europe published in one volume. Price $1 50. For sale by D. APPLETON & CO., No. 346 Broadway, and JAMES MILLER, No. 522 Broadway; or, HARPER & BROTHERS will send the work by mail, postage free, on receipt of $1 50.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Passports issued through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 102 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce naturalization certificates.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM & ALBANY R. R.

FOR ALBANY, TROY, NORTH AND WEST.

Winter arrangement, commencing Monday, Nov. 17, 1862.

For Albany—10:30 A. M. Express Mail Train, from Hudson, daily, except Saturday, leaving Albany at 10:30 A. M.

For all local trains, see time-table.

JOHN BURCHILL, Sup't.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—CHANGE OF LETTERING.—Passenger Depot at James-slip and foot Jackson, E. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing FRIDAY, Oct. 31, 1862. Leave New-York at 9 A. M., for Greenport, Sag Harbor, Orient and Hampton.

At 4 A. M. and 4 P. M., for Syosset.
At 6 P. M., for Hempstead.
At 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., for Yaphank.

On Sunday, a train leaves Hunter's Point (Newtown Ferry) at 8 A. M., for Yaphank and intermediate stations, at excursion rates. Returning, leaves Yaphank at 3:30 P. M.

On Friday and Saturday nights, the 4 P. M. Yaphank train will run through to Greenport, returning Saturday and Monday mornings, at 6:15 A. M., arriving in New-York at 9:30 A. M.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST. Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTEENTH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M., and 3:27 and 5:36 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with stopping car,) 10:30 P. M.	10:41 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 8:22 P. M., from 30th-st.

Tickets may be procured at any of the offices of Westcott's Express, in New-York and Brooklyn, and baggage checked at the hotels in all points on the road, and to Saratoga Springs.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS.

7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
8:30 A. M.—Mail, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo.
4 P. M.—Way, for Otisville, Newburgh and Weehawken.
8 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Cincinnati and principal stations. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.
9 P. M.—Emigrant.

CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—On and after MONDAY, Feb. 3, the fast and favorite steamer J. D. RIKER, late JESSE HOYT, will leave New-York, foot of Murray-st., at 6 A. M., (freight and accommodation line until further notice,) for Long Branch, Manchester and Atlantic, there connecting with the Camden and Atlantic Railroad, to Camden and other points on that road; at 3:15 P. M., for Long Branch, Red Bank, Manchester and intermediate stations.

NORTHERN R. R. OF N. JERSEY.—TRAINS leave Jersey City for Piermont at 6:00 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 1:15 P. M., 4:30 P. M. and 6:30 P. M. Saturdays only, 11:30 P. M. (for Nyack.)

THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

SEWING MACHINES.

[illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ITALIAN OPERA MATINEE.
THIS SATURDAY, MAY 9, AT ONE.
GRAND MATINEE,
when Verdi's new and magnificently successful opera of
ARODLDO,
With its superb cast and gorgeous mise en scene,
ARGILDO (a Saxon Knight) ..... will be represented by
EMMA (his wife) ..... Mlle. ORTOLANI BRIGNOLI
ROGERO (Guardian of Emma) ..... Signor BELLINI
Godvino ..... Signor Rubio | Enrico ..... Herr Reichardt
Briano ..... Herr Meller | Elena ..... Miss Fisher
Knights, Crusaders, Ladies, Squires, Pages, Heralds, Peasants, &c.
Conductor ..... Signor J. Muzio
Admission to all parts of the house $1. No reservation of seats. Tickets can be obtained at the regular ticket offices and all the principal music stores and hotels.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA.

Director ..... MAX MARETZEK.
ON MONDAY EVENING, MAY 11,
first appearance of the American prima donna,
MISS PARKER,
when will be presented Verdi's popular opera,
IL TROVATORE.
Leonora ..... (her first appearance) ..... Miss PARKER
Azucena ..... Mlle. SULZER
Manrico ..... Signor MAZZOLENI
Count Di Luna ..... Signor BELLINI
Ferrando ..... Signor COLETTI
Inez ..... Mme. Fisher | Ruiz ..... Herr Muller
Conductor ..... MAX MARETZEK
GENERAL ADMISSION, ONE DOLLAR.
Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra; Family Circle, 50 cents; Amphitheatre, 25 cents.
OPEN FOR SALE OF SEATS AND TICKETS commences this morning at the box office of the Academy; at Beer & Gallmeyer's, No. 701 Broadway; Beer & Anthony's, corner of Nassau and Fine sts.
The new and rejuvenating musical opera,
IONE,
will be repeated in the course of the week.
In active preparation for immediate production,
THE NEW GRAND BIBLICAL OPERA,
JUDITH,
by MAESTRO PEEL,
for the first time in America.

IRVING HALL.

GRAND VOCAL AND ORCHESTRAL CONCERT.
MR. THEODORE THOMAS
Begs to announce that he will give his
ANNUAL VOCAL AND ORCHESTRAL CONCERT,
THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, May 9, at 8 o'clock.
The following artists will assist:
MME. ELENA D'ANGRI,
MR. S. P. MILLARD, MR. R. MOLLENHAUER,
MR. A. P. TOURJEE, SIG. ABELLA,
AND A GRAND ORCHESTRA OF 60 PERFORMERS.
The following Orchestral works will be performed:
OVERTURE—LAUBERFLOTE ..... Mozart
HAROLD IN ITALY—Symphony in four parts, (first time in America) ..... Berlioz
SYMPHONY No. 5, IN C MINOR ..... Beethoven
TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR EACH.
may be had in New-York at all the principal music stores; Root & Anthony's, stationery store, corner Nassau and Fine, and at Irving Hall; And, in Brooklyn, at Gulbert's music store, No. 213 Fulton-st., and at Rose's bookstore, No. 143 Atlantic-st.

FALLON'S STEREOPTICON,
OR
WALL PROTOGRAPHER,
at the
BROOKLYN ATHENEUM,
May 7, 8, 9, 11, 12 and 13,
At 8 P. M.
ADMISSION
Adults 25c.; children 15c.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—THE Thirty-sixth Annual Exhibition of the National Academy of Design, consisting of original works by living artists, is now open for the season, at the Gallery, No. 663 Broadway. Season tickets, $1; single admission, 25 cents.

ANNIVERSARIES.

AMERICAN ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY.

Anniversary at the CHURCH OF THE PURITANS, on Thursday, May 14, at 10 A. M. Wm. LLOYD GARRISON, Esq., will preside. Addresses by Rev. A. D. L. Hillard, of Boston, Rev. Theodore Parker, of the Twenty-first Congregational Society, New-York, Rev. Dr. Furness, of Philadelphia, Theodore D. Weld, Esq., and Wendell Phillips, Esq. Admission free. A collection will be taken up to defray expenses.

On TUESDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock, the Society will meet in the COOPER INSTITUTE, when addresses will be delivered by Rev. Samuel Ward and Wendell Phillips, and the HUTCHINSON FAMILY will sing. Admission free to all. The parquette reserved for officers and invited guests. The gallery reserved for those who purchase tickets; the balance will be admitted at the 24-st. door. No tickets sold at that door. Tickets sold by Tuesday, May 12, at Mason & Hamlin's, 596 Broadway; O. S. Fowler, No. 308 Broadway; Jas. Miller, No. 522 Broadway; Wm. A. Pond & Co., No. 547 Broadway; Dyer & Sons, No. 13 Cooper Institute, and at the door. Doors open at 7 o'clock.

ANNIVERSARY NOTICE.

Strangers, ladies and gentlemen are cordially invited to call at FOUNTAIN'S India rooms (Star Institute,) No. 585 Broadway, between 13th and 14th sts., preserve a card or a catalogue, and inspect the only complete stock of India goods in this country, containing elegant Fine Shawls, Silks, Satins and Velvets, Embroideries, Lace Pockets, Fanpoes, Grasses, Necklaces, China, Tea Sets, a fine assortment of Ancient Indian goods, and curiosities in great variety, etc.

Ladies will find that they will be full remunerated by giving themselves the trouble of visiting the above establishment before making their Spring purchases in the line of goods.

AMERICAN CONGREGATIONAL UNION.—The annual Address will be delivered on TUESDAY EVENING, May 12, in the Broadway Tabernacle, New-York, by Rev. Hamar R. Bennett, of Cincinnati, at 7½ o'clock.

The annual business meeting will be held in the Brooklyn Academy of Music, on THURSDAY, May 14, at 8 P. M.

The Annual Social Reunion will take place in the Brooklyn Academy of Music, on THURSDAY, May 14, at 7 P. M.

President Stearns of Amherst College will preside. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, Rev. Mr. Williams, Rev. E. N. Hallock, Rev. J. T. Burrows and others.

Tickets 25 cents. For sale in New-York at the office of the *Independent*, No. 5 Beekman-st.; Room of the Congregational Union, No. 138 Grand-st. And in Brooklyn, from W. W. Babcock, No. 164 Fulton-st. A. B. Chadwick, No. 290 Court-st.; J. Hoppin, No. 13 Court-st.

ELEVENTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE New-York Young Men's Christian Association will be held in the Brooklyn Tabernacle, Clinton-st., on SUNDAY EVENING, May 10, at 7½ o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. Dr. Adams, Rev. Dr. Gause, Rev. Dr. Gillette, Rev. Dr. Durbin and Rev. J. Cotton Smith, D.D. The annual report will be read by the President, T. W. Stebbins, Esq. A cordial invitation is extended.
J. L. HASTIE, Recording Secretary.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE AMERICAN FEMALE GUARDIAN SOCIETY.—The annual sermon in behalf of the American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless will be delivered (D. V.) by Rev. T. DUBOIS, in the Collegiate Church, 5th-st., corner of 29th-st., on SABBATH EVENING, May 10. The children of the Home and a class from several of its industrial schools will be present.

STEAMBOATS.

STEAMERS FOR SALE.

FOUR STEAMBOATS, ranging from 200 to 500 tons measurement. Apply to
C. W. COVELAND, No. 120 Broadway.

FOR SHREWSBURY, SANDY HOOK, HIGHlands, Fort Washington, Monmouth Beach, Long Branch, Fair Haven and Red Bank. The new steamer HELEN, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave Red Bank EVERY MORNING at 7 o'clock; returning, will leave the pier foot of Robert-st. every afternoon at 3:45 o'clock, touching at the above-named places both ways.

The LAURA will connect with the HELEN at the mouth of the river, and take passengers and freight to and from Pleasure Bay and Branchport.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, MERIDEN AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamboat and Railroad Connection. The CONTINENTAL leaves Peck-slip, East River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 5:30 P. M. The Steamboat Train leaves the wharf at New-Haven on the arrival of the boat for all way stations. NIGHT LINE.—The TRAVELER leaves for New-Haven at 11 o'clock.

DAY LINE FOR ALBANY.—THE NEW steamer CITY OF ALBANY, Capt. D. H. Sivercock, will leave the foot of Barrow-st. on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, on and after May 6. Landing at 30th-st.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY.—STEAMER CHEROKEE will leave pier of Harrison-st. MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 7 o'clock A. M., making usual landings.

MORNING BOAT FOR PEEKSKILL.—The AURORA leaves Jay-st. Pier EVERY MORNING, without exception, at 8 o'clock, touching at 30th-st. and all the intermediate landings.

FOR NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, ROMBOUT AND KINGSTON.—Steamer MARY POWELL leaves foot of Jay-st. EVERY AFTERNOON at 3½ o'clock.

EXCURSIONS.

DUDLEY'S GROVE.—THIS BEAUTIFUL AND well-known Grove, having since the last season, been improved and put in good order, is now open for engagements to Sunday School and other excursion parties for any day in advance for the season. Apply to O. D. DUDLEY, at the office of W. & E. Myers & Co., on board barge at bulkhead, between Vesey and Leightons, North River.

MACHINERY.

TODD & RAFFERTY, MACHINERY MERchants, No. 12 Dey-st., works at Paterson, N. J. Manufacture stationary and portable engines and boilers, flax, hemp, tow, oakum, and rope machinery, &c.

HAMMER'S CHAMPAGNE ALE.

The attention of the public is called to the superior quality of HAMMER'S FRESH-BREWED CHAMPAGNE ALE. This ale is brewed fresh at all seasons of the year, and its KEEPING QUALITY, especially of that brewed DURING THE MOST EXCESSIVE HOT WEATHER, is guaranteed for any length of time.

For sale in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels, at the depot, No. 138 Beekman-st., New-York.
HAMMER & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.

OVER BEFORE 11 O'CLOCK.
THIS EVENING, (SATURDAY,)
MAY 9, AT 8 O'CLOCK,
BENEFIT
Where will be presented the popular play of
THE STRANGER.
With beautiful and appropriate scenery, correct costumes (all new,) and an unprecedented cast.
The Stranger, (first time) ..... Mr. Lester Wallack
Baron Steinfort ..... Mr. Charles Fisher
Tobias ..... Mr. John Gilbert
Solomon ..... Mr. Mark Smith
Francis ..... Mr. Floyd
Peter ..... Mr. Young
Count Wintersen ..... Mr. Reynolds
Mrs. Haller ..... Mrs. Hoey
Charlotte ..... Miss Mary Gannon
Countess of Wintersen ..... Miss Madeline Henriques
Amelia (with the original song) ..... Mrs. Reeves
Claudine ..... Miss Gannon
Monday—MASKS AND FACES.
Tuesday—A POPULAR PLAY,
in which the entire strength of the company will appear.
Wednesday—"THE BUSY BODY."
Will be repeated in sound condition,
MONEY,
THE FINE OLD ENGLISH GENTLEMAN,
AMERICANS IN PARIS,
WILD OATS,
SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER,
THE IRISH HEIRESS,
LOVE AND MONEY,
BOLD STROKE FOR A HUSBAND,
and the
SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.

BURTON'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager ..... Wm. Wheatley
FAREWELL ENGAGEMENT
OF THE
GREAT TRAGIC ARTISTE,
MISS BATEMAN,
whose matchless impersonations
MADE MEMORABLE
by the
MOST BRILLIANT AUDIENCES
and
OVERWHELMING APPLAUSE,
combining to render this engagement
A POPULAR OVATION
of respectful admiration
WORTHY THE GENIUS
of the
YOUNG TRAGEDIENNE,
who has gained so conspicuously the
GOLDEN OPINIONS
of the public, as well as the
HIGH ARTISTIC JUDGMENT
of the great
METROPOLIS OF THE COUNTRY.
THIS, and every evening during the week, the delightfully effective play of
LEAH,
THE FORSAKEN,
will be presented, in which Miss Bateman will sustain her impressive and pathetic role of the
JEWISH MAIDEN.
She will be supported by a most powerful company, among which are the eminent artistes, Mr. McCullough, Mr. J. W. Ira, Mr. Wm. Davidge, Mr. J. G. Burnett, Mr. Harry Pearson, Mr. Lamb, Mr. G. H. Wilson, Mr. Geo. Andrews, Mrs. J. W. Lanergan, Mrs. E. F. Gratton and Mrs. Skerrett.
Original and beautiful scenery, by Mr. J. H. Smyth; original music, composed expressly for this piece, by Mr. Robert Stoepel; original and characteristic costumes, by Mons. Phillipe. The music and full chorus under the direction of Harry Sanderson.
Box book open "THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE."
Doors open at ⅞; performance commences at 8 o'clock.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE.
EIGHTH COLLECTION DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK,
XVIIth, XIXth and XXIst Wards of the City of New-York.
ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

The tax-payers of this District are hereby notified that, by the provisions of the act of Congress, passed July 1, 1862, entitled "An act to provide Internal Revenue to support the Government, and to pay interest on the public debt," and the act of Congress, passed March 3, 1863, the second annual assessment will be made on and after the first Monday (fourth day) of May instant. The assessment will embrace the following items:

1. INCOMES.—All incomes for the year ending Dec. 31, last, must be returned to the Assistant Assessors of Internal Revenue, upon the blank forms provided for the purpose. The Assistant Assessors will furnish to tax-payers the blank forms for the returns, which are not for publication at this office. All information that may be desired can be obtained at this office.

2. ENUMERATED ARTICLES.—All articles named in Section 70 of the law (Schedule A), will be assessed for the year in which they are liable, for the year ending May 1, 1863, viz:

Carriages, kept for use, for hire, or for pleasure.
Yachts.
Billiard Tables, kept for use.
Silver Plate, kept for use.
Gold Plate, kept for use.

These articles will be made by the same form as heretofore.

3. LICENSES.—Section 15 of the amendments of March 3, 1863, provides

That on the second Monday (this year, on the first Monday of May next, (1863,) and on the first Monday of May in each succeeding year, direct and cause the several Assessors and Assistants to proceed through every part of their respective districts, and inquire after and concerning all persons living within the districts, who have and ought to have, and are liable to a license duty under the provisions of this Act, or of the Act to which this is an amendatory, and cause such persons so in said Acts is required, and all licenses so granted shall continue in force until the first of May next succeeding.

And all licenses granted after the first day of May in any year, shall expire on the first day of May following, and shall be issued upon the payment of a ratable proportion of the yearly tax, according to the number of months and each month so granted shall be dated on the first day of the month in which it is issued: Provided, That any person who shall be in operation, that on the first day of May next shall hold a license, shall be entitled to a ratable proportion for the time between the expiration of the license and the first day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-four.

All persons doing business within this district, will govern by the above that they need apply for a new license to run from the date their present license expires, (which, in most cases, is September 1, 1863,) to the first of May, 1864. Whenever, by the amendments, new rates of Licenses are established, the new license will be assessed at the new rates, ratably, in all cases where the license expires September 1, 1863, the new license will cover a period of eight months, and must be assessed to pay two-thirds of the yearly tax.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER,
Assessor 17th Ward, New-York.
No. 257 BROADWAY, New-York, April, 1863.

LIQUOR LICENSES.

OFFICES OF THE BOARD OF EXCISE,
No. 15 CHEVER-ST. AND No. 7 CHAMBERS-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 8, 1863.

The Inn, Tavern and Hotel Keepers and Liquor Dealers of this City will be notified that the Boards of Excise, Brooklyn and Williamsburgh, will open the Commission on the 19th of May, 1863, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, in the Common Pleas Court-room, Fort No. 1, for the purpose of Granting Licenses for the ensuing excise year, and will close the same after a session of fifty days.

Blank forms of Petition can be had at the offices of the undersigned, Commissioners.

WM. JAY HASKETT, No. 15 Centre-st.
ROBERT D. HOLMES, No. 7 Chambers-st.
NOAH A. CHILDS, No. 217 West 26th-st.

N. B.—Notice is hereby given that the penalties prescribed by the law will be rigidly enforced.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS will meet every day, until further notice, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee, are respectfully invited to attend.

Aldermen

IMPORTANT FROM HAVANA.

LATEST NEWS FROM MEXICO.

Advices from Puebla to the 12th of April.

The French in Possession of All but a Small Part of the City.

Excitement in Havana Regarding the Proceedings of Our Cruisers.

Movements of the Blockade-Runners.

From Our Own Correspondent.

HAVANA, Sunday, May 3, 1862.

A French man-of-war steamer, the *Mersian*, arrived here a few days ago, bringing dispatches from Admiral Penny, which have been forwarded to the Emperor.

According to the news brought, the last mail from Puebla, which arrived at Vera Cruz before the departure of the steamer, left the French headquarters on the 12th. At that date, according to the French accounts, they continued pressing on the Mexican garrison; the latter only occupied the part of the city the least able to be defended, and found themselves, as it were, cooped up in the space comprised between the first fortifications (the District of San José) and the forts of Guadalupe and Loreto.

"Gen. Forey," says the *Diario de la Marina* in its correspondence, "writes that he is quite satisfied; the operations were going on prudently and slowly, but of the final result there could be no doubt." It was believed in Vera Cruz, according to the last news received, that the English steamer which leaves there on the 24 inst., would carry news to Havana that Puebla was in the hands of the French.

It is also said that quite a large force of cavalry sallied out of the city a little before the departure of the mail, in order to join Gen. Comonfort; but they did not succeed, and were obliged to enter the city again with a rather large loss of killed, wounded and prisoners. It is also said that Comonfort had been flanked, and was in a very critical position. However, this last piece of news is not official like the former. The official accounts also state that the fort of Guadalupe, the most important of the city, was surrounded on the outside with intrenchments and parapets, constructed by the French, and that by this means Zaragoza's soldiers were prevented from getting out, while provisions and ammunition were prevented from being got in. These latter were alarmingly scarce, according to the deserters, and the want of water, which threatened to be shortly complete, kept up in a state of alarm.

The French chief of the counter guerrillas, Col. Dupin, was about to remove, if he had not already done so, with all his force, to Coatzacoalcos, where some Mexican guerrillas had shown themselves. Harassing the rear of that same was protected by these gunboats.

The news that Merida had pronounced in favor of the intervention is confirmed, the pronunciamiento involving the whole country as far as Carmen. The Governor of Tuxtan, Don Lucas Ibarra, had fled, and it was thought that Senor Rosa had been appointed in his place, although two other candidates, one of whom was Don Thomas Marin, aspired to the same office.

A force from Campeachy that attempted a second time to attack the city of Carmen, was completely routed, and retired in a very demoralized condition.

The French Admiral, M. Jurien de la Gravière, is expected in France. He arrived in the port of Vera-Cruz on board of the French frigate *Dryade*, which, we signaled some days back at the Moro Castle, on her way or New-York.

Admiral Dozo, who has taken Admiral Jurien de la Gravière's place, arrived on the 20th ult. at Vera Cruz on board of the *Bellone*.

Some excitement has been occasioned by the report that a suspicious vessel, armed with a cannon and manned by twelve persons, had boarded and searched a merchant-armed vessel, English, that left this port another day, and also a coasting schooner that departed a few days ago; inside of the marine limits of the island. The aggressive vessel carried no flag to show to what nation it belonged. The Spanish war-steamer *Leon* has been dispatched to find out the stranger.

Since the above-mentioned occurrence took place the English schooner *Dream*, which left here on the 26th ult. for Matamoras, last Thursday, came back on the following morning, having been chased a few leagues from the shore by another schooner which carried the United States flag, it is said. The *Siglo*, from which this latter paragraph is taken, considers this to be the same vessel alluded to above, and in consequence of which the Spanish war vessel has been sent.

Since then the Spanish steamer *Leon* met, about seven miles from the coast, the American vessel in question, and sent a boat with an officer to examine its papers. The vessel proved to be the *Anata*, Commander J. S. Williams, fitted out apparently by the United States Government for war purposes, and, as was stated by its Commander, to be commissioned to cruise from Tortugulla to Cape San Antonio, at the western extremity of Cuba. Its commander confessed to having chased an English schooner, but maintained that it was outside of the territorial limits of Cuba. The *Anata* was overhauled by another Spanish war steamer, the *Neptune*. The Captain of the *Dream*, whose name is Stanton, stated to the captain of the *Leon* that in the chase by the American vessel several balls and other projectiles were fired at the vessel, one of which latter burst over the schooner, making a hole in the sail and injuring the deck. The English Captain and his crew have signed a protest, affirming that the above occurrence took place within four, three, two, and even a mile and a half of the coast. The commander of the *Anata* affirmed the contrary.

Another English schooner had also sought refuge in the harbor of Banes, which, like the *Dream*, was on her voyage to Matamoras, and was afraid to continue it lest she should be taken. Two war steamers had been seen in the vicinity of that port, carrying a French flag and the American pennant.

Three Spanish war steamers, the *Leon*, *Neptune* and *Lealtad*, which, on receiving information of the above-named events, had proceeded toward the coast, and on the lookout all along the seashore, and in constant communication.

The Spanish screw corvette steamer *Santa Lucia* has been sent to Santo Domingo on an important hydrographical consultation—namely, to rectify the charts of the eastern coast of that island, on account of the many maritime accidents which occur in that part at Cabo Engaño and Saona.

The United States steamer *Huntsville*, Rogers, Commander, and the *Somers*, Seavers, Commander, left here yesterday; the latter came in the same day, the 2d, from Key West.

The *Service*, which has taken the place of the *Rebecca Clarke*, arrived here safely on the 1st inst., having made the voyage between New-York, Nassau and Havana in six days. She brought set freight and 40 passengers for here. This is her first voyage out. The day of departure for her return voyage for Nassau and New-York will be on the 6th.

The English steamer *Lone* arrived here on the 30th ult. The Confederate steamers *Gulpee* and *Antonico* had arrived there, with cargoes of cotton, from Charleston. Both arrived so close together, that it was thought, as they entered the harbor, that one was pursuing the other. The steamer *Ella and Annie* had left the same place for St. John, N. B., with an assorted cargo.

The English war steamer *Lee-ail* anchored in the port of Trinidad, on the 29th ult., and two other English vessels of the West India fleet were seen at no great distance from shore—the *Arbuter* and the *Resario*.

MOVEMENTS OF GEN. MCCLELLAN.—Last week the Commander of the Army of the Potomac visited Newburgh, where he was received by the leading Copperheads with great favor, and afterward went to Cornwall, where he remained for two or three days the guest of the notorious Dr. Beasley, who was put into Fort Lafayette last Summer for disloyal practices.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, May 8.

Arrived, ship *Gasper*, from New-York.

Ships *Derby*, *George Sand*, *Mirrator* and *Black Week* are advertised for Hong Kong. Sales of American pig iron at $45. Sales of 1,300 bbls. crushed sugar, California, 19½c.; pie fruits, $6; 600 dozen oysters at $4 25; alcohol, in tins, and pure spirits, 45c.; coal oil, 47½c.; 200 cases Eastern hard, 22½c.; 200 tons hard coal, $12; 2,000 bbls. cement at $2 75. Drills are scarce at 2c. Mahogany wood, fine per foot. Stock of rice in the market very small. 200 bags.

NEWS FROM FRIENDLY MEXICO.

Gen. Ord and Staff Cross up the North River—All Quiet in Gen. Banks's Department—Issue of Gunboats paper.

FORT MONROE, Thursday, May 1.

Major-Gen. Ord and Staff left Fortress Monroe this forenoon, for York River.

The propeller Dudley Buck, Capt. Bates, arrived this morning from Newbern, N. C. The Captain reports that he left Newbern day before yesterday. All was quiet in that department. Gen. Foster was at Newbern. One of his aids came on the Dudley Buck, with dispatches for Washington. When outside the blockade they spoke the propeller General Banks, from Hilton Head, bound to Newbern. The G. B. reported no news.

Late Southern papers announce the death of the rebel Gen. D. H. Donelson.

Gov. Brown, of Georgia, has vetoed the State Guard or new Militia bill.

The Shreveport (La.) Gazette recently published a card, signed by 100 citizens, who, fearing the direct, took this course to notify the public that they were French subjects, and owe no allegiance to the State of Louisiana. A Mr. Coussard, one of the signers of the card, was taken out of his bed and tarred and feathered the same night, and the "Rogue's March" was played before the business houses of the Intendant.

A line of couriers has been established by the Government for the transmission of official documents and late dispatches from Shreveport to Sarpaticu, there to connect with the railroad to Houston, Texas. The telegraph line is being rapidly built from Camden, Ark., to Shreveport, for military purposes.

WELCOME TO THE DURYEE ZOUAVES.

Splendid Military Turn Out—The Zouaves Everywhere Cordially Received.

A MUNICIPAL BANQUET, &c.

The Fifth Regiment New-York State Volunteers, known as Duryee's Zouaves—First Regiment—were welcomed on their return to the Metropolis, yesterday, with a splendid military turn-out, and one of the most enthusiastic popular demonstrations that could be imagined. The corps has been in nearly all the battles for the Union in Virginia and Maryland, from Big Bethel to Chancellorsville, and has always distinguished itself for the *esprit de corps*, its splendid discipline, and its brave fighting whenever opportunity offered. As is well known, it has been honored by being brigaded with the regulars under Gen. Syzes, and has received from him due meed of praise. No wonder, then, that New-York should be proud of it, and that the city should take to show the regiment how patriotism and valor is appreciated in the Metropolis of the Empire State. Two of our best regiments of militia, the Seventy-first and Thirty-seventh, paraded to do them honor, while their late comrades in arms, the Tenth New-York, Col. Bendix, temporarily supplied with arms, likewise turned out to receive them. It was arranged that the Fifth should leave Jersey City at 3 o'clock P. M., and *ad interim* the attractive red breeches could be seen scattered throughout the City—somewhere the centre of attraction, the focus of ten thousand queries, the cynosure of all eyes, the envy of the men, the delight of the women. Probably no other regiment in the army is so well known—certainly none from the City of New-York has more friends. They are the same dashing, daring, free and easy, glorious fellows that they were when they left. It seems but a brief period since they electrified the City by their appearance on a week for the seat of war, and their three unexcelled marching drill. But how stagnant has been that brief period with memorable events. The eleven hundred men have dwindled to about two hundred and fifty, by the ravages of the bullet and camp disease, together with the natural depreciation of the force from the various disablements which have occurred. They are all still staunch in their love for the Union. The medium of fire and sword has consolidated the cause in them, and those of them who survive, have left their friends and enjoyed a brief season, then went off to camp and field again to do or die for the good old flag. They bring back their colors—worn, torn, pierced with many bullet holes, but not dishonored; not stained with the memory of one retreat or one ignoble act. Everywhere, where they appeared bearing these glorious Stars and Stripes, the cheering was loud, long and hearty.

The line of march was through Cortlandt-street, Broadway, the Park, Broadway, Union-square, Seventeenth-street, Fifth-avenue, Fourteenth-street, and Broadway to the City Assembly Rooms. They seemed to march through a deep ravine of human beings, ecstatic with acclamations of welcome. The very heart of New-York seemed touched, and many an eye dimmed with sympathetic tears, and impressive eloquently were many tones exhibited for the brave braves. Their march was something which it rarely seen, and elicited universal comment. It was the march of veterans. The head of the line reached the City Hall about 4½ o'clock, and, after much difficulty, owing to the small force of Police and the large force of the crowd, a space was cleared, and the distinguished guests, the Mayor and Common Council, and others entitled to be in the front rank, reviewed the passing pageant. Of course, all admired the excellent appearance of the Fifth Volunteers, the Seventy-first and Thirty-seventh Militia, and the corps of citizens generally, marshalled by the late Colonel of the regiment and its founder, Gen. Duryee. But the wild wave of welcome wailed for the well-worn warriors, and, many as have been the glorious scenes of enthusiasm in front of our old City Hall, none ever surpassed that of this occasion. Alderman Boots said it eclipsed the Japanese and the Turk, as well it might, for here the great heart of our impulsive people throbbed with unrivented emotion. The wounded, in carriages, were specially honored.

But the best of the reception was the fact that the entire regiment was entertained at a municipal banquet, given at the City Assembly Rooms, where feasting, mirth song and sentiment, gladdened the brave fellows who have dared and done so much for their country.

THE BANQUET.

The Common Council Committee, Messrs. Farley, Mitchell, Hebat, Boole, Orthwell, Jacob, Brandon, McConnell, Haviland and Webster, determined to give the boys a good time irrespective of the formality usual on such occasions. They, therefore, provided plenty of substantial eating, with a profusion of mild punch to wash it down, and a small allowance of talking. The Zou Zous entered into the affair with spirit, and enjoyed it all the more because it was conducted with becoming freedom and easiness. Having satisfied the inner man, and indulged in smoking—and pipes of peace, but much other figure—and heard and cheered to the echo toasts to "The Red Devils," "The National Guard," "The Governor of the State," "The Zouaves—God bless 'em," "The Ladies," "The Union as it was, and the Constitution as it is," &c. Strong Union speeches were made by Gen. Duryee, Col. Warren, Col. Bendix, Gen. Walbridge, Col. Buckingham and others. Alderman Farley, who presided, kept the feast of reason and flow of soul in lively exercise, and wound up at an early hour, leaving the guests to the enjoyment of the festivities, and to a grateful appreciation of their reception by the municipal authorities. Gen. Duryee's speech recites so tersely the achievements of the Zouaves that we give it in full:

SPEECH OF GEN. DURYEE.

SOLDIERS OF THE FIFTH ZOUAVES: Two years ago you entered the service of your country, solemnly obligating yourselves to fight for the restoration and integrity of the Union. With laudable fidelity and zeal, you have fulfilled the obligation, ever presenting the most undaunted front to the foes of our country. On the 23d of May, after one month's instruction, you embarked for the seat of war. Thirteen days subsequent to your arrival, you distinguished yourselves in the first battle for the Republic. The threatening aspect of affairs at Baltimore immediately after the disaster at Bull Run called you to that city, where you constructed one of the most formidable and extensive forts in the country. Your moral bearing as soldiers and gentlemen, pending your stay, won the respect, admiration and esteem of its inhabitants. In the seven days' battle on the Peninsula, under Gen. McClellan, you won imperishable renown by your deeds of daring, displaying, under all circumstances, the fortitude that becomes the soldier of the North. On the sanguinary field of Gaines' Mills you drove the enemy at the point of the bayonet, nearly annihilating two regiments of the enemy. With characteristic bravery you fought at Bull Run, losing one-half of your number in killed and wounded. At Chantilly, South Mountain, Antietam, and at the recent battles Fredericksburg, closing your military career with distinguished honor, winning the admiration of your fellow-citizens by your noble conduct, and cheerfully submitting to the privations and sufferings incident to the calamities of war. What, then, can be the feelings of the officers, around whose names you have twined the wreaths of honor? We now greet you with thanks, and extend to you a fraternal and hearty welcome back to your native State, your relatives and friends, wishing you prosperity as bright as has been your glowing deeds of fortitude and courage.

The following is the list of officers returning with the regiment:

Colonel—Cleveland Winslow.
Lieutenant-Colonel—George Duryee.
Major—Carlisle Boyd.
Chaplain—Rev. Gordon Winslow.
Surgeon—Frank W. Boardman.
Assistant Surgeon—F. E. Grimes.
Adjutant—Thomas J. Taylor.
Quartermaster—S. H. Earle.
Captains—Co. A, J. H. Whitney; Co. B, Wm. Hoffman; Co. C, A. Sidney Chase; Co. D, Thomas Martin; Co. E, George Chambers; Co. F, Stephen W. Wheeler; Co. G, John H. Raymond; Co. I, Charles Montgomery; Co. K, James Lounsbury.

First Lieutenants—Achate, commanding Co. H; Gordon Winslow, Jr.; Albert Meldrum, Thomas E. Finn, George L. Griffin, Geo. A. Vail.

Second Lieutenants—Wales, Gilligan, Burnett, Pile, Carr, Kennedy.

THE WAR IN WESTERN VIRGINIA.

An Order of Interest to the Loyal—Suspected Movements of Rebel Cavalry.

MARTINSBURGH, Friday, May 2.

The following order is important to ladies proposing to visit this department, and Gen. Banks desires it thoroughly ventilated in the Northern papers:

HEADQUARTERS OF THE COMMANDER,
OFFICE PROVOST-MARSHAL,
MARTINSBURGH, May 1, 1862.

This being the season for active military operations, the presence of ladies, however desirable under certain circumstances, is not so now. The General Commanding directs that no passes be issued to ladies to pass from Louisville to Nashville, Murfreesboro, or within the lines of this Department until further order. Those residing in the North are warned to avoid the trouble and expense of traveling to Louisville, as they will not be admitted within the lines of the department, except in the most urgent cases, and then under passes issued from the department headquarters.

R. WILES,
Major and Provost-Marshal.

LOUISVILLE, Friday, May 2.

It is reported that the rebel cavalry under Morgan and Wheeler, are at Lexington, Tenn., and moving toward Kentucky.

Mustering Out the Two Years' Regiments.

ALBANY, Friday, May 2.

The following regiments will be mustered out at the dates and places named:

New-York—Fourth and Fifth, May 9; Sixth, May 23; Seventeenth, May 23; Thirty-first, May 27; Thirty-second, May 31; Fifteenth, June 17; Twenty-fifth, June 28; Twenty-sixth, June 6; Thirty-seventh, June 7; Thirty-eighth, June 8; Thirty-sixth, July 4.

Elmira—Twenty-first, May 9; Twenty-third, May 16; Twenty-fourth, May 17; Twenty-seventh, May 31; Twenty-second, May 23; Thirty-fifth, June 11.

Albany—Second and Third, May 14; Fourteenth and Eighteenth, May 17; Sixteenth, May 15; Twenty-eighth, May 23; Thirtieth, June 1; Twenty-second, June 6; Thirty-fourth, June 14.

Arrival of the Body of Major-Gen. Henry at Portland.

PORTLAND, Me., Friday, May 2.

The remains of Gen. Henry were escorted to the Rockland steamer *Harvest Moon*, by a detachment of soldiers from the Seventh regiment, the Grand Lodge of Maine, (Gen. Henry being a member of the Order,) and a large concourse of citizens. A deputation of citizens from Rockland, headed by Hon. James Farwell, arrived this afternoon to take charge of the body.

A Threatened Disturbance in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, May 2.

A disturbance was threatened at the office of the *Age* this afternoon, caused by a soldier tearing down its bulletin placard, which contained the following head lines:

"Illegal arrests by the Government."

This act was resented, when a crowd gathered around and cried "Tear it down," and some demonstrations were made to carry out the threat, when Mayor Henry appeared upon the scene, addressed the assemblage, and called upon good citizens to disperse.

Mayor Henry was greeted with great enthusiasm, and three cheers were given for him and Gen. Hooker, when the crowd moved slowly off.

State Convention in Western Virginia.

WHEELING, Va., Friday, May 2.

A convention met at Parkersburgh on the 5th to nominate officers for the new State of West Virginia, and adjourned yesterday, having made the following nominations:

For Governor, A. J. Boreman, of Parkersburg; Secretary of State, J. E. Boyd, of Middletown; Treasurer, Campbell Tarr, of Brooke county; Auditor, Samuel Crane, of Wheeling; Judges, R. L. Berkshire, of Morgantown; Wm. A. Harrison, of Clarksburgh; and James H. Brown, of Kanawha; Attorney-General, A. B. Caldwell, of Wheeling.

Defeat of the Canadian Ministry.

MONTREAL, Friday, May 2.

The Ministry were defeated last night on a vote of want of confidence, by a majority of five. The House adjourned till Monday. The dissolution of Parliament and a general election, it is expected, will be ordered.

Affairs in Utah.

SALT LAKE, Friday, May 2.

On the 4th of May, Capt. Smith, of the Second California Volunteers, found the Indians fifty miles south of Shell Creek, killed 29 and followed them. On the 6th they killed 21, capturing more stock. One soldier was wounded. Gen. Conner, with fifty men, went north on the 6th to establish a post at Soda Springs.

The Trial of Hon. Clement L. Vallandigham Concluded.

CINCINNATI, Friday, May 2.

The trial of Hon. Clement L. Vallandigham was concluded yesterday.

The decision of the Court will probably be announced some time during the day.

Our English Relations.

Secretary Seward, on the 7th ult., sent the following dispatch by Continental telegraph to Gov. Stanford, of California:

WASHINGTON, April 7—3 P. M.

There is no threat or apprehension of foreign aggression. The correspondence of maritime Powers is friendly as heretofore. W. H. SEWARD.

Arrivals in the City.

Gen. A. J. Hamilton, Texas; Hon. H. R. Low, Albany; Capt. J. K. Herbert and Geo. Pomeroy, U. S. A.; Lorenzo H. De Alba, Cuba, and J. Lee Finney, St. Louis, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Lieut.-Gen. J. Wheeler, South Carolina, and W. W. Horton, U. S. A.; Lieut. Fred. E. Smith, U. S. N.; T. Montgomery, Vicksburgh, Miss., and C. H. Beckwith, Chicago, are at the Astor House.

John F. Seymour and Horatio Seymour, Jr., Utica, W. H. Carryl and H. Sanford, Philadelphia; O. A. Arnold, Troy; and W. W. Johnston, Indianapolis, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Dr. D. Du Pre and Bruce Buckner, Nashville, Tenn.; J. H. Root, Memphis; Samuel Hepburn, Carlisle, Penn.; and E. H. Hunt, Philadelphia, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

M. Fernandez and M. Valdes, Havana; D. V. Benedict, New-Orleans; and Dr. J. L. McCormick, Louisiana, are at the New-York Hotel.

Capt. J. G. Grafton, Twenty-third regiment Massachusetts Infantry; H. C. White, Hartford; and David Moore, Newburgh, are at the Albemarle Hotel.

Rev. H. C. Trumbull, Chaplain of the Tenth Connecticut Volunteers, Hilton Head, and Gov. Wood, Washington City, are at the Everett House.

(Advertisement.)

WHAT SHALL WE DO WITH HIM?—There are children quite too smart for parents or teachers, and it is difficult to manage them. They are high tempered, secretive, greedy, and inclined to take that which does not belong to them. There is a way by which they may be brought into subjection, and Phrenology explains it. Examinations daily, with written charts, by Fowler & Wells, 308 Broadway.

(Advertisement.)

SPRING IS NOW UPON US, and with it the season for every gentleman to be thinking where to purchase his fashionable and substantial Hat. Having worn Knox's Hats for the last twenty years, we speak knowingly, when we recommend our friends to his store to purchase one. Knox can be found at No. 212 Broadway, northeast corner of Fulton-street.

(Advertisement.)

Last day of Minnie Warren and Commodore Nutt at Barnum's Museum. They open in Philadelphia next Monday. Don't fail seeing them to-day. Splendid dramatic performances afternoon and evening. The great stereoscopic exhibition also comes of at each performance. This is truly a gala day at Barnum's, and the crowd of visitors will be enormous.

(Advertisement.)

Herring's Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, and Herring's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with Herring & Flory's Patent Crystallized Iron—the only metal, which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

(Advertisement.)

The best Soap, Saleratus and Cream Tartar, for family use, are those manufactured by James Pyle, No. 350 Washington-street, corner of Franklin, New-York, and sold by grocers everywhere.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises	4 46	Sun sets	7 32
Moon rises	9 47	High Water	2 45

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises	4 46	Sun sets	7 32
Moon rises	9 47	High Water	2 45
Sandy Hook	12 32	Gov. Island	1 32
Hell Gate	3 45		

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK, Sunday, May 4.

Steamships Quaker City, Clark, New-Orleans, Dravo & Co.; Star, Kelly, Charleston, Crook, Sonner, Ludlam & Co.

Ship Tennessee, (Prus.) Voss, Palermo, Livermore, Wilde & Co.

Barks Mary Stanley, Clark, Matanzas, J. W. Elwell & Co.

Brigs Stella, Elliott, Monticello, Dwee & Dumont; Marth, Philips, Elizabethport, Frost, Son & Co.; Lady Washington, Morrison, St. John, N. B., F. J. Morrison; Resolt, (Swed.) Gunery, Cork, Punch, Simonds & Wendt.

Schooners Olive Hayward, Hutchinson, Elizabethport, Miller & Houghton; E. Willis, Corwin, Elizabethport, O. S. & S. J. Peters; Village Belle, Kelly, Key West, Benson & Burgess; Gilbert Rose, Howard, Mobile, H. D. D. De Wolf; E. Warren, Chapman, New-Haven; E. C. Rocket, Cox; Ellen Rodman, Seymour, New-Bedford, Ferriman & Wood; T. Hopkins, Joy, Portland, W. H. Brown & Co.

Sloop Island, Crocker, Norwich, H. S. Beckett & Son.

Arrived.

Steamship City of Bath, Sears, Newburn, N. C., 5th inst., with passenger to H. A. Cheesebrough, 104 men, with steamer Neptune, for New-York. Off Hatteras, passed steamers Wyoming and Thomas Spratle, for Philadelphia.

Steamer J. B. Thomas, Chance, Baltimore, with mdse. to West Dalnell.

Steamer David Utley, Phillips, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & H. Bridge.

Steamer Gladiator, Hallet, Augusta, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & H. Bridge.

Steamer Consolidated, Drake, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Leper & Kirkpatrick.

Steamer Kingfisher, Hyd Providence, with mdse. to E. Dennis.

Steamer Anthracite, Jones, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Leper & Kirkpatrick.

Steamer Keystone State, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. Read.

Ship Gen. McClellan, Trask, Liverpool March 21, with mdse. and 112 passengers to Trask & Dearborn. In lat. 43, lon. 40, saw ice.

Ship Klawitter, (Prus.) Nelson, Cardiff 27 ds., with coal to Wm. Sellers & Co. From lat. 45 to 42, to lon. 44 to 42, saw a large number of icebergs.

Ship Cultivator, Russell, Liverpool 29 ds., with mdse. and passengers, Williams & Guion. Had one birth and six deaths on the passage. Experienced strong westerly winds most of the passage. From lat. 40, lon. 32, to lat. 43 30 and lon. 69 30 saw the most considerable of field ice and a great number of large icebergs.

Ship Excelsior, Kent, Liverpool March 29, with mdse. and passengers to Samuel Thompson's Nephews.

Bark Robert Lockard, (Br.) of Yarmouth, N. S., J. Perry, Liverpool 24 ds., with salt to Kingston Bros. Lat. 38, lon. 69, saw a large quantity of ice.

Bark Frey, (Russ.) Somerall, Sligo 38 ds., in ballast to order.

WIND—Sunset, N. E., very light.

Sailed.

Steamships St. Andrews and Crescent, Br. steamship Shelbrake, for Havana.

Bark Geesternunde.

Below.

Bark Columbia, (Russ.) Gordes, for Bremen March 18. Also 4 ships and 3 barks unknown.

Spoken, &c.

Nordamerica-Galle—Missionary bark, from Glasgow for New-Haven, 8 ds. out, St. Helena, 1 ds. 42 22, lon. 75 25.

Richard Alsop—ship, hence for Antwerp, May 2, lat. 47, lon. 57.

Universe—ship, hence for Liverpool, May 5, lat. 41 40, lon. 62.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S Hair Restorer.

AND

ZYLOBALSAMUM,

The great unequalled Preparations for Restoring, Invigorating, Beautifying and Dressing the Hair.

Restoring it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position; quickly cleansing the scalp, arresting the fall and imparting a healthy and natural color to the Hair.

IT NEVER FAILS

To Restore Grey Hair

TO

Its Original Youthful Color

It is not a Dye,

But acts directly upon the roots of the Hair, giving them the natural nourishment required, producing the same vitality and luxurious quantity as in youth.

For Ladies and Children,

Whose Hair requires frequent dressing the Zylobalsamum has no equal. No lady's toilet is complete without it.

Sold by Druggists throughout the World.

PRINCIPAL SALES OFFICE

193 Greenwich Street, New-York City.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's ZYLOBALSAMUM.

UNION.

LOYAL LEAGUE OF UNION CITIZENS.

NEW-YORK, May 6, 1862.

To the People of the State of New-York:

The undersigned, a Committee of members of the Loyal League, appointed at a mass meeting of the loyal people of the City of New-York, held at Madison-square, in said City, on the 20th day of April, 1862, do hereby, in pursuance of authority then vested in them, call a Mass Assemblage of the loyal citizens of the State of New-York, to be held at Utica, in the county of Oneida, on the 27th day of May instant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

They invite all the Loyal Leagues organized in any part of the State, to send to said assemblage delegates as many in number as they may find convenient; and they also invite all loyal citizens, without regard to past political divisions, or to present differences of opinion upon party questions, to attend this assemblage of the People of the State, for the purpose of manifesting to our country and the world, their fixed determination to sustain the Government in prosecuting the war which it is compelled to wage in its own defence, against a groundless and wicked rebellion, and to put forth any efforts, and submit to any sacrifices, which may be necessary to destroy the military power arrayed against the Government of the United States, to release the people of the South from the armed tyranny under which they are held, and to preserve the territorial integrity of the American Union, the full authority of the Constitution, and the unquestioned supremacy of the National Flag.

The undersigned will announce hereafter the names of distinguished speakers whose attendance they may be able to secure, and such other arrangements as may be made for the complete attainment of the patriotic objects for which this assemblage is to be held.

JOHN A. DIX,	JACOB A. WESTERVELT,
GEORGE OPDYKE,	LEONARD W. JEROME,
JAMES WADSWORTH,	BENJ. R. WINTHROP,
HENRY J. RAYMOND,	FRANCIS B. CUTTING,
JAMES T. BRADY,	CHARLES GOULD,
BENJ. W. BONNEY,	BENJ. F. MANIERRE,
MOSES TAYLOR,	WALDO HUTCHINS,
ROBERT H. McCURDY,	ANDREAS WILLMANN,
ALEX. T. STEWART,	JOHN COCHRANE,
JAMES W. WHITE,	JOHN T. HODGEDON,
NEHEMIAH KNIGHT,	HENRY MICOLL,
PROSPER M. WETMORE,	JOHN H. WHITE.

WENDELL PHILLIPS, OF BOSTON, will speak, by invitation,

ON THE STATE OF THE COUNTRY,

At the Cooper Institute,

On MONDAY EVENING, May 12.

The proceeds of the Lecture, above expenses, will be for the benefit of the Anti-Slavery Cause.

Tickets 25c; reserved seats 50c.

To avoid a crowd those purchasing tickets beforehand will be admitted at the 3d-av. door. No tickets sold at that door.

Tickets sold by Tenney, No. 232 Nassau-st.; Fowler & Wells, No. 308 Broadway; C. T. Evans, No. 448 Broadway; James Miller, No. 522 Broadway; Miller & Mathews, No. 767 Broadway; Devoe & Sons, No. 23 Cooper Institute, and at 5th-st. door.

Doors open at 7; Lecture at 8 o'clock.

E. G. PARKE, Chairman Lecture Committee.

EVIN WARD, Recording Secretary.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

INCIDENTS IN MY LIFE.

Just published from the sixteen English editions, by special arrangement with the author,

A REMARKABLE BOOK,

The Personal Narrative of

D. D. HOME,

The celebrated Spirit-Medium.

INCIDENTS IN MY LIFE.

With an Introduction by Judge Edmonds, of New-York.

Elegantly Printed and Cloth Bound, Blue, $1 25.

The extraordinary Life and History of Daniel Home, (or Hume, as he is sometimes called,) the Spirit-Medium, from his humble birth through a series of circumstances with personages distinguished in scientific and literary circles throughout Europe, to even a familiarity with crowned heads, has surrounded him with an interest of the most powerful character. As a Spirit-Medium his superiority is supreme, and the publication of these memoirs will probably excite as much comment in this country as they have in Europe, and will be eagerly hailed by every one interested in Spiritualism.

*** Sold by all booksellers, and sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price, by GARLETON, Publisher, New-York, No. 413 Broadway, corner of Lispenard-st.

A NEW VOLUME OF POEMS
READY TO-DAY,
HARKED FOR LIFE,
AND OTHER POEMS.
Edited by HARLEY.

One elegant volume, printed on tinted paper and bound in cloth. Price $1.

CARLETON, Publisher,
New-York.

PUBLISHED THIS DAY,
BY C. SCHIENES, NO. 124 GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK,
THE TRIUMPHS OF THE BIBLE;

With the Testimony of Science to its Truth. By Rev. Hiram Fairchild, D. D. Price, $1 50.

"A work of Christian evidence which stands in the ranks of the present time. The writer has undertaken to show some the triumphs of the Bible—the wonderful achievements it has wrought in the world—demonstrate it to be from God. In the following past two special objects are proposed. First, from a careful examination of the relations of Science and Revelation, to show that there is no collision, but entire harmony as soon as the latter are properly understood. Second, to bring forward a new class of evidences which have been preserved for discovery, until the present age, as material for vindicating the historic reality of the Bible.

ALSO, JUST READY:
THE NEW TESTAMENT:

With Brief Explanatory Notes (or Scholia.) By Prof. Howard Crosby, D. D. 1 vol., 12mo., pp. 546. Price $1 25.

This book is intended to assist the wants of the little reader, by serving in a brief manner to remove the difficulties of the English text. There is no commentary or discussion of doctrine, but simply an explanation of text and context. It gives the result of Biblical scholarship. Its brevity and price will commend it to those days of prolix commentary and dear books.

Copies sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of price.

WILLIAM A. POND & CO.'S

BULLETIN OF NEW MUSIC.

JUST ISSUED, FOR PIANO-FORTE.

DRUMS AND CANNON.—"Military Polka." By Oscar Lutz, as played with great effect by Gottschalk's late concerts.

SOLITUDE.—Fugitive poetic composition of rare beauty and originality. By Richard Hoffman.

LA PARADE.—Military Pas, suggestive of the times. By Albert W. Ewer.

MARCHE HONGROISE.—A brilliant characteristic effect. By Hermann A. Wolfsohn.

REMINISCENCES OF LEAH.—A very attractive arrangement of the music from the played "Leah," in which Miss Kate Bateman has created a furore. By Robert Stoepel.

SONGS, WITH ACCOMPANIMENT FOR PIANO-FORTE.

KISS ME GOOD-NIGHT, MOTHER.—(Issued to-day.) Pathetic Ballad. By Stephen Collins.

FISHES IN THE SEA.—Song of the Fairy, very pretty. By J. R. Thomas.

HOW ARE YOU GREENBACKS? and HIGH DADDY.—The two most popular and humorous songs of the day. The latter is by Dan D. Emmett, author of "Dixie's Land," &c.

WILLIAM A. POND & CO.,
No. 547 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

THE METROPOLITAN BANK NOTE REPORTER.

Corrected by
THE METROPOLITAN BANK and by
GWYNNE & DAY, Bankers.

This publication is the most complete Manual of Banks and Bank Notes published in the United States. It contains the signatures of the officers of the banks in New-York of the bank notes issued in the United States and Canada, with a correct and careful description of all frauds, counterfeits, and altered notes. It is published at the following rates:

BY MAIL.		CITY—BY CARRIER.	
Weekly	$2 00	Weekly	$2 00
Semi-monthly	1 25	Semi-monthly	1 00
Monthly	1 25	Monthly	1 25

The DESCRIPTIVE REGISTER OF GENUINE BANK NOTES is a quarter volume of 184 pages, and contains a correct description of every genuine Bank Note issued in the country. This volume, together with the METROPOLITAN COIN BOOK, will be given GRATIS to each subscriber to the Reporter who pays one year in advance.

No Bank will be quoted in this Reporter unless worthy of public confidence.

Address
METROPOLITAN BANK NOTE REPORTER,
Or GWYNNE & DAY,
No. 31 Wall-st., New-York.

AT ODDS.
(UNEINS, ODER KRIEG IM KRIEG.)

By the authoress of "Quits," "The Initials," &c.

Messrs. J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO. beg to announce that they will publish on

TUESDAY, May 13,

by special arrangement with the distinguished authoress, a new novel, entitled

AT ODDS.
(UNEINS, ODER KRIEG IM KRIEG.)

By the Baroness Tautphoeus.
Authoress of "Quits," "The Initials," &c.
1 vol., 12mo.

The work will be published in both the English and German languages.

Orders from the trade respectfully solicited.

J. B. LIPPINCOTT, & CO., Publishers,
Nos. 715 and 717 Market-st.

INTERNATIONAL LAW.

ELEMENTS OF INTERNATIONAL LAW. By Henry Wheaton, LL.D. Second Annotated Edition. Revised and brought down to the present time, with a Biographical Notice of Mr. Wheaton, and an account of the diplomatic transactions of the United States connected, by Hon. William Beach Lawrence, author of "Visitation and Search," &c. In one large octavo volume. Price $7 50.

This day published, and for sale by

D. VAN NOSTRAND,
No. 192 Broadway, New-York.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW

how funny people act under the influence of chloroform, read

MEDICAL COMMON SENSE,

a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Contents free, or the price, in postage stamps, gets it by return mail. Address, Dr. E. S. FOOTE, No. 1,128 Broadway, New-York.

WATERS' CHORAL HARP—A NEW SUNDAY School Book, of 160 pages of beautiful Hymns and Tunes